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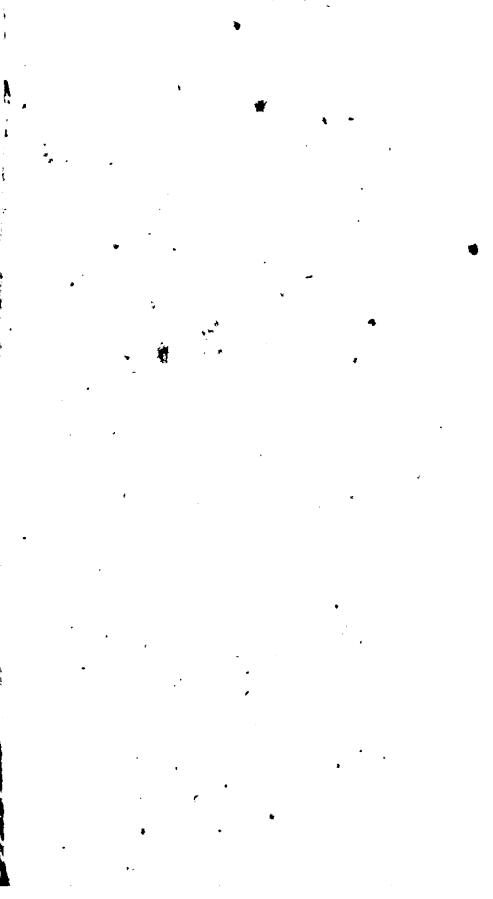
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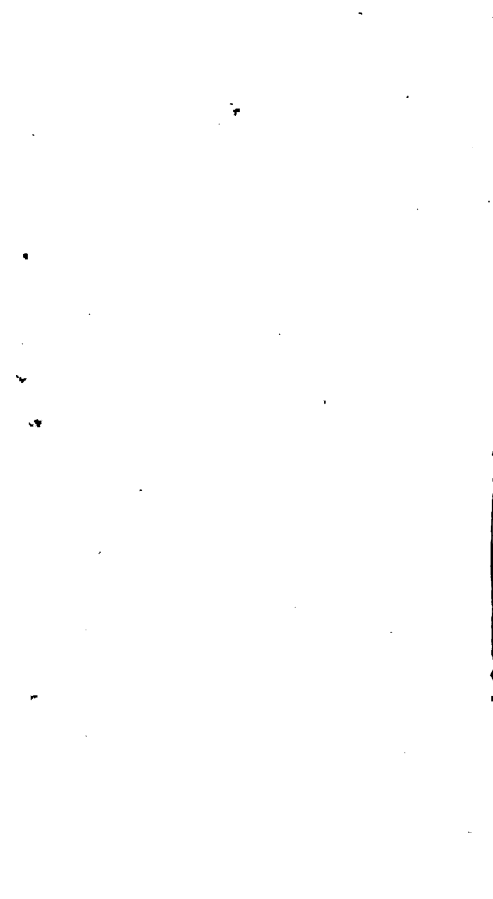
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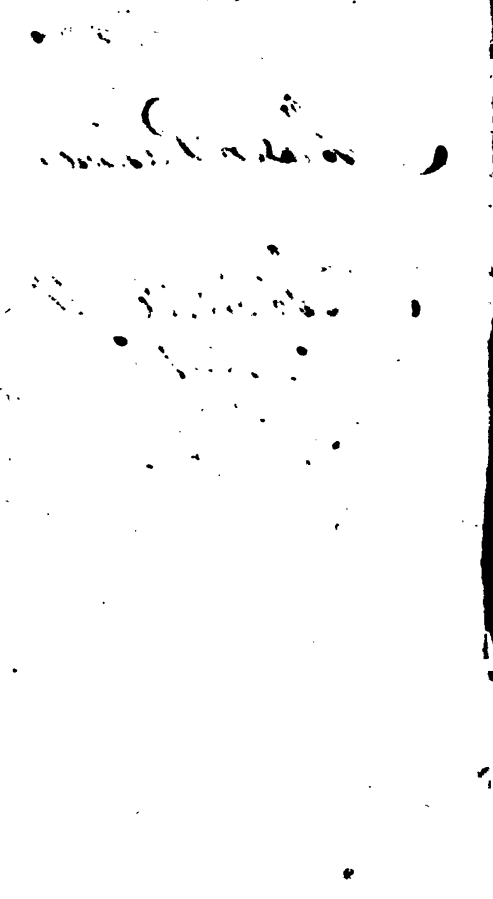
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Dec. 26, 1903



**THE**  
**SEASONS,**  
**BY**  
**JAMES THOMSON.**

**TO WHICH IS PREFIXED,**  
**A LIFE OF THE AUTHOR,**

**BY**  
**SAMUEL JOHNSON.**

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**NEW-YORK:**  
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# THE LIFE

OF

## JAMES THOMSON.

BY

SAMUEL JOHNSON.

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JAMES THOMPSON, the son of a minister well esteemed for his piety and diligence, was born September 7, 1700, at Ednam, in the shire of Roxburgh, of which his father was pastor. His mother, whose name was Hume, inherited, as co-heiress, a portion of a small estate. The revenue of a parish in Scotland is seldom large, and it was probably in commiseration of the difficulty with which Mr. Thomson supported his family, having nine children, that Mr. Riccarton, a neighbouring minister, discovering in James uncommon promises of future excellence, undertook to superintend his education, and provide him books.

He was taught the common rudiments of learning at the school of Judburgh, a place which he delights to recollect in his poem of *Autumn*: but was not considered by his master as superior to common boys, though in those early days he amused his patron and his friends with poetical compositions; with which, however, he so little pleased himself, that on every

new-year's day he threw into the fire all the productions of the foregoing year.

From the school he was removed to Edinburgh, where he had not resided two years when his father died,\* and left all his children to the care of their mother, who raised upon her little estate what money a mortgage could afford, and, removing with her family to Edinburgh, lived to see her son rising into eminence.

The design of Thomson's friends was to breed him a minister. He lived at Edinburgh, as at school, without distinction or expectation, till, at the usual time, he performed a probationary exercise by explaining a psalm. His diction was so poetically splendid, that Mr. Hamilton, the professor of divinity, reproved him for speaking language unintelligible to a popular audience, and he censured one of his expressions as indecent, if not profane.

This rebuke is reported to have repressed his thoughts of an ecclesiastical character, and he probably cultivated with new diligence his blossoms of poetry, which however were in some danger of a blast; for, submitting his productions to some who thought themselves qualified to criticise, he heard of nothing but faults, but, finding other judges more favourable, he did not suffer himself to sink into despondence.

He easily discovered that the only stage on which a poet could appear, with any hope of advantage, was London; a place too wide for the operation of petty competition and private malignity, where merit might soon become conspicuous, and would find friends as soon as it became reputable to befriend it. A lady, who was acquainted with his mother, advised him to

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\* His father was carried off so suddenly, that it was not possible for Mr. Thomson, with all the diligence he could use, to receive his last blessing. This affected him to an uncommon degree; and his relations still remember some extraordinary instances of his grief and filial duty on that occasion.....(MURDOCH).

the journey, and promised some countenance or assistance, which at last he never received; however, he justified his adventure by her encouragement, and came to seek in London patronage and fame.

At his arrival he found his way to Mr. Mallet, then tutor to the sons of the Duke of Montrose. He had recommendations to several persons of consequence, which he had tied carefully up in his handkerchief; but as he passed along the street, with the gaping curiosity of a new-comer, his attention was upon every thing rather than his pocket, and his magazine of credentials was stolen from him.

His first want was of a pair of shoes. For the supply of all his necessities, his whole fund was his *Winter*, which for a time could find no purchaser; till, at last, Mr. Millan was persuaded to buy it at a low price; and this low price he had for some time reason to regret; but, by accident, Mr. Whatley, a man not wholly unknown among authors, happening to turn his eye upon it, was so delighted, that he ran from place to place celebrating its excellence. Thomson obtained likewise the notice of Aaron Hill; whom, being friendless and indigent, and glad of kindness, he courted with every expression of servile adulation.

*Winter* was dedicated to Sir Spencer Compton, but attracted no regard from him to the author; till Aaron Hill awakened his attention by some verses addressed to Thomson, and published in one of the newspapers, which censured the great for their neglect of ingenious men. Thomson then received a present of twenty guineas, of which he gives this account to Mr. Hill:

"I hinted to you in my last, that on Saturday morning I was with Sir Spencer Compton. A certain gentleman, without my desire, spoke to him concerning me; his answer was, that I had never come near him. Then the gentleman put the question, if he desired that I should wait on him? he returned, he did. On this, the gentleman gave me an introductory letter to him. He received me in what they commonly call a

civil manner; asked me some common-place questions, and made me a present of twenty guineas. I am very ready to own that the present was larger than my performance deserved; and that I ascribe it to his generosity, or any other cause, rather than the merit of the address."

The poem, which, being of a new kind, few would venture at first to like, by degrees gained upon the public; and one edition was very speedily succeeded by another.

Thomson's credit was now high, and every day brought him new friends; among others Dr. Rundle,\* a man afterwards unfortunately famous, sought his acquaintance, and found his qualities such, that he recommended him to the Lord Chancellor Talbot.

*Winter* was accompanied, in many editions, not only with a preface and a dedication, but with poetical praises by Mr. Hill, Mr. Mallet, (then *Malloch*) and *Mira*, the fictitious name of a lady, once too well known. Why the dedications are to *Winter*, and the other seasons, contrarily to custom, left out in the collected works, the reader may inquire.

The next year (1727) he distinguished himself by three publications; of *Summer*, in pursuance of his plan; of a *Poem on the Death of Sir Isaac Newton*, which he was enabled to perform as an exact philosopher by the instruction of Mr. Grey; and of *Britania*, a kind of poetical invective against the ministry, whom

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\* *Mr. Thomson's affection and gratitude to Dr. Rundle, and his indignation at the treatment that worthy prelate had met with, are finely expressed in his poem to the memory of Lord Talbot. The true cause of that undeserved treatment has been secreted from the public, as well as the dark manœuvres that were employed: but Mr. Thomson, who had access to the best information, places it to the account of*

" —Sland'rous zeal, and politics infern  
Jealous of worth. —

MURDOCH.

the nation then thought not forward enough in resenting the depredations of the Spaniards. By this piece he declared himself an adherent to the opposition, and had therefore no favour to expect from the court.

Thomson, having been some time entertained in the family of the Lord Binning, was desirous of testifying his gratitude by making him the patron of his *Summer*; but the same kindness which had first disposed Lord Binning to encourage him, determined him to refuse the dedication, which was by his advice addressed to Mr. Doddington; a man who had more power to advance the reputation and fortune of a poet.

*Spring* was published next year, with a dedication to the Countess of Hertford; whose practice it was to invite every summer some poet into the country, to hear her verses, and assist her studies. This honour was one summer conferred on Thomson, who took more delight in carousing with Lord Hertford and his friends than assisting her ladyship's poetical operations, and therefore never received another summons.

*Autumn*, the season to which the *Spring* and *Summer* are preparatory, still remained unsung, and was delayed till he published (1730) his works collected.

He produced in 1727 the tragedy of *Sophonisba*, which raised such expectation, that every rehearsal was dignified with a splendid audience, collected to anticipate the delight that was preparing for the public. It was observed however that nobody was much affected, and that the company rose as from a moral lecture.

It had upon the stage no unusual degree of success. Slight accidents will operate upon the taste of pleasure. There was a feeble line in the play;

O, Sophonisba, Sophonisba, O!

This gave occasion to a waggish parody;

O, Jemmy Thomson, Jemmy Thomson, O!

which for a while was echoed through the town.

I have been told by Savage, that of the Prologue to *Sophonisba* the first part was written by Pope, who could not be persuaded to finish it, and that the concluding lines were added by Mallet.

Thomson was not long afterwards, by the influence of Dr. Rundle, sent to travel with Mr. Charles Talbot, the eldest son of the Chancellor. He was yet young enough to receive new impressions, to have his opinions rectified, and his views enlarged; nor can he be supposed to have wanted that curiosity which is inseparable from an active and comprehensive mind. He may therefore now be supposed to have revelled in all the joys of intellectual luxury; he was every day feasted with instructive novelties; he lived splendidly without expense, and might expect when he returned home a certain establishment.

At this time a long course of opposition to Sir Robert Walpole had filled the nation with clamours for liberty, of which no man felt the want, and with care for liberty, which was not in danger. Thomson, in his travels on the continent, found or fancied so many evils arising from the tyranny of other governments, that he resolved to write a very long poem, in five parts, upon Liberty.

While he was busy on the first book, Mr. Talbot died; and Thomson, who had been rewarded for his attendance by the place of secretary of the Briefs, pays in the initial lines a decent tribute to his memory.

Upon this great poem two years were spent, and the author congratulated himself upon it as his noblest work; but an author and his reader are not always of a mind. *Liberty* called in vain upon her votaries to read her praises and reward her encomiast: her praises were condemned to harbour spiders, and to gather dust: none of Thomson's performances were so little regarded.

The judgment of the public was not erroneous; the recurrence of the same images must tire in time; an enumeration of examples to prove a position which no-

body denied, as it was from the beginning superfluous, must quickly grow disgusting.

The poem of *Liberty* does not now appear in its original state ; but when the author's works were collected, after his death, was shortened by Sir George Lyttleton, with a liberty which, as it has a manifest tendency to lessen the confidence of society, and to confound the characters of authors, by making one man write by the judgment of another, cannot be justified by any supposed propriety of the alteration, or kindness of the friend. I wish to see it exhibited as its author left it.

Thomson now lived in ease and plenty, and seems for a while to have suspended his poetry ; but he was soon called back to labour by the death of the Chancellor, for his place then became vacant ; and though the Lord Hardwicke delayed for some time to give it away, Thomson's bashfulness, or pride, or some other motive perhaps not more laudable, withheld him from soliciting ; and the new chancellor would not give him what he would not ask.

He now relapsed to his former indigence ; but the Prince of Wales was at that time struggling for popularity, and by the influence of Mr. Lyttleton professed himself the patron of wit : to him Thomson was introduced, and being gayly interrogated about the state of his affairs, said, *that they were in a more poetical posture than formerly* ; and had a pension allowed him of one hundred pounds a year.

Being now obliged to write, he produced (1738) the tragedy of *Agamemnon*, which was much shortened in the representation. It had the fate which most commonly attends mythological stories, and was only endured, but not favoured. It struggled with such difficulty through the first night, that Thomson, coming late to his friends with whom he was to sup, excused his delay by telling them how the sweat of his distress had so disordered his wig, that he could not come till he had been refitted by a barber.



He so interested himself in his own drama, that, if I remember right, as he sat in the upper gallery he accompanied the players by audible recitation, till a friendly hint frightened him to silence. Pope countenanced *Agamemnon*, by coming to it the first night, and was welcomed to the theatre by a general clap; he had much regard for Thomson, and once expressed it in a poetical epistle sent to Italy, of which however he abated the value, by transplanting some of the lines into his *Epistle to Arbuthnot*.

About this time the act was passed for licensing plays, of which the first operation was the prohibition of *Gustavus Vasa*, a tragedy of Mr. Brooke, whom the public recompensed by a very liberal subscription; the next was the refusal of *Edward and Elenora*, offered by Thomson.\* It is hard to discover why either play should have been obstructed. Thomson likewise endeavoured to repair his loss by a subscription, of which I cannot now tell the success.

When the public murmured at the unkind treatment of Thomson, one of the ministerial writers remarked, that *he had taken a Liberty which was not agreeable to Britania in any season*.

He was soon after employed, in conjunction with Mr. Mallet, to write the *Masque of Alfred*, which was acted before the Prince at Cliefden-house.

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\* This refusal drew after it another; and in a way which, as it is related, was rather ludicrous. Mr. Paterson, a companion of Mr. Thomson, afterwards his deputy, and then his successor in the general-surveyorship, used to write out fair copies for his friend, when such were wanted for the press or for the stage. This gentleman likewise courted the tragic muse; and had taken for his subject the story of *Arminius the German hero*. But his play, guiltless as it was, being presented for a license, no sooner had the censor cast his eyes on the hand-writing in which he had seen *Edward and Elenora*, than he cried out, "*Away with it!*" and the author's profits were reduced to what his bookseller could afford for a tragedy in distress.....MURDOCH.

His next work (1745) was *Tancred and Sigismunda*, the most successful of all his tragedies; for it still keeps its turn upon the stage. It may be doubted whether he was, either by the bent of nature or habits of study, much qualified for tragedy. It does not appear that he had much sense of the pathetic, and his diffusive and descriptive style produced declamation rather than dialogue.

His friend, Mr. Lyttleton, was now in power, and conferred upon him the office of surveyor-general of the Leeward Islands; from which, when his deputy was paid, he received about three hundred pounds a year.

The last piece that he lived to publish was the *Castle of Indolence*, which was many years under his hand, but was at last finished with great accuracy. The first canto opens a scene of lazy luxury, that fills the imagination.

He was now at ease, but was not long to enjoy it; for, by taking cold on the water between London and Kew, he caught a disorder, which, with some careless exasperation, ended in a fever that put an end to his life, August 27, 1748. He was buried in the church of Richmond, without an inscription; but a monument has been erected to his memory in Westminster-abbey.

Thomson was of stature above the middle size, and more fat than *bard* be seems, of a dull countenance, and a gross, unanimated, uninviting appearance; silent in mingled company, but cheerful among select friends, and by his friends very tenderly and warmly beloved.

He left behind him the tragedy of *Coriolanus*, which was, by the zeal of his patron Sir George Lyttleton, brought upon the stage for the benefit of his family, and recommended by a Prologue, which Quin, who had long lived with Thomson in fond intimacy, spoke in such a manner as showed him to be, on that occasion, *no actor*. The commencement of this benevolence is very honourable to Quin; who is reported to have delivered Thomson, then known to him only for

his genius, from an arrest, by a very considerable present; and its continuance is honourable to both; for friendship is not always the sequel of obligation. By this tragedy a considerable sum was raised, of which part discharged his debts, and the rest was remitted to his sisters, whom, however removed from them by place or condition, he regarded with great tenderness, as will appear by the following Letter, which I communicate with much pleasure, as it gives me at once an opportunity of recording the fraternal kindness of Thomson, and reflecting on the friendly assistance of Mr. Boswell, from whom I received it.

*" Hagley, in Worcestershire, October 4, 1747.*

● " MY DEAR SISTER,

" I thought you had known me better than to interpret my silence into a decay of affection, especially as your behaviour has always been such as: rather to increase than diminish it. Don't imagine, because I am a bad correspondent, that I can ever prove an unkind friend and brother. I must do myself the justice to tell you, that my affections are naturally very fixed and constant; and if I had ever reason of complaint against you (of which by the bye I have not the least shadow,) I am conscious of so many defects in myself, as to dispose me to be not a little charitable and forgiving.

" It gives me the truest heart-felt satisfaction to hear you have a good kind husband, and are in easy contented circumstances; but were they otherwise, that would only awaken and heighten my tenderness toward you. As our good and tender-hearted parents did not live to receive any material testimonies of that highest human gratitude I owed them (than which nothing could have given me equal pleasure,) the only return I can make them now is by kindness to those they leave behind them: would to God poor Lizzy had lived longer, to have been a farther witness of the truth of what I say; and that I might have had the pleasure of seeing once more a sister, who so truly de-

served my esteem and love. But she is happy, while we must toil a little longer here below : let us however do it cheerfully and gratefully, supported by the pleasing hope of meeting yet again on a safer shore, where to recollect the storm and difficulties of life will not perhaps be inconsistent with that blissful state. You did right to call your daughter by her name ; for you must needs have had a particular tender friendship for one another, endeared as you were by nature, by having passed the affectionate years of your youth together ; and by that great softener and engager of hearts, mutual hardship. That it was in my power to ease it a little, I account one of the most exquisite pleasures of my life. But enough of this melancholy though not unpleasing strain.

“ I esteem you for your sensible and disinterested advice to Mr. Bell, as you will see by my letter to him : as I approve entirely of his marrying again, you may readily ask me why I don't marry at all. My circumstances have hitherto been so variable and uncertain in this fluctuating world, as induce to keep me from engaging in such a state : and now, though they are more settled, and of late (which you will be glad to hear) considerably improved, I begin to think myself too far advanced in life for such youthful undertakings, not to mention some other petty reasons that are apt to startle the delicacy of difficult old bachelors. I am, however, not a little suspicious that was I to pay a visit to Scotland (which I have some thoughts of doing soon) I might possibly be tempted to think of a thing not easily repaired if done amiss. I have always been of opinion that none make better wives than the ladies of Scotland ; and yet, who more forsaken than they, while the gentlemen are continually running abroad all the world over ? Some of them, it is true, are wise enough to return for a wife. You see I am beginning to make interest already with the Scots ladies. But no more of this infectious subject. Pray let me hear from you now and then ; and though I am not a regular correspondent, yet perhaps I may mend in that re-

pect. Remember me kindly to your husband, and believe me to be,

"Your most affectionate brother,

" "JAMES THOMSON."

(Addressed) "To Mrs. Thomson in Lanark."

The benevolence of Thomson was fervid, but not active; he would give, on all occasions, what assistance his purse would supply; but the offices of intervention or solicitation he could not conquer his sluggishness sufficiently to perform. The affairs of others, however, were not more neglected than his own. He had often felt the inconveniences of idleness, but he never cured it; and was so conscious of his own character that he talked of writing an Eastern Tale of the *Man who loved to be in Distress*.

Among his peculiarities was a very unskilful and inarticulate manner of pronouncing any lofty or solemn composition. He was once reading to Doddington, who, being himself a reader eminently elegant, was so much provoked by his odd utterance, that he snatched the paper from his hand, and told him that he did not understand his own verses.

The biographer of Thomson has remarked, that an author's life is best read in his works; his observation was not well-timed. Savage, who lived much with Thomson, once told me, how he heard a lady remarking that she could gather from his works three parts of his character, that he was a *great Lover, a great Swimmer, and rigorously abstinent*; but, said Savage, he knows not any love but that of the sex; he was perhaps never in cold water in his life; and he indulges himself in all the luxury that comes within his reach. Yet Savage always spoke with the most eager praise of his social qualities, his warmth and constancy of friendship, and his adherence to his first acquaintance when the advancement of his reputation had left them behind him.

As a writer, he is entitled to one praise of the highest kind: his mode of thinking, and of expressing his thoughts, is original. His blank verse is no more the blank verse of Milton, or of any other poet, than the rhymes of Prior are the rhymes of Cowley. His numbers, his pauses, his diction, are of his own growth, without transcription, without imitation. He thinks in a peculiar train, and he thinks always as a man of genius; he looks round on nature and on life, with the eye which nature bestows only on a poet; the eye that distinguishes, in every thing presented to its view, whatever there is on which imagination can delight to be detained, and with a mind that at once comprehends the vast, and attends to the minute. The reader of the *Seasons* wonders that he never saw before what Thomson shows him, and that he never yet has felt what Thomson impresses.\*

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\* Thomson's *Seasons* is as eminently a religious, as it is a descriptive poem. Thoroughly impressed with sentiments of veneration for the author of that assemblage of order and beauty which it was his province to paint, he takes every proper occasion to excite similar emotions in the breasts of his readers. Entirely free from the gloom of superstition and the narrowness of bigotry, he every where represents the Deity as the kind and beneficent parent of all his works, always watchful over their best interests, and from seeming evil still educing the greatest possible good to all his creatures: In every appearance of nature he beholds the operation of a divine hand; and regards, according to his own emphatical phrase, each change throughout the revolving year as but the "varied God." This spirit, which breaks forth at intervals in each division of his poem, shines full and concentrated in that noble Hymn which crowns the work. This piece, the sublimest production of its kind since the days of Milton, should be considered as the winding up of all the variety of matter and design contained in the preceding parts; and thus is not only admirable as a separate composition, but is

His is one of the works in which blank verse seems properly used; Thomson's wide expansion of general views, and his enumeration of circumstantial varieties, would have been obstructed and embarrassed by the frequent intersection of the sense, which are the necessary effects of rhyme.

His descriptions of extended scenes and general effects bring before us the whole magnificence of Nature, whether pleasing or dreadful. The gayety of *Spring*, the splendour of *Summer*, the tranquillity of *Autumn*, and the horror of *Winter*, take in their turns possession of the mind. The poet leads us through the appearances of things as they are successively varied by the vicissitudes of the year, and imparts to us so much of his own enthusiasm, that our thoughts expand with his imagery, and kindle with his sentiments. Nor is the naturalist without his part in the entertainment; for he is assisted to recollect and to combine, to arrange his discoveries, and to amplify the sphere of his contemplation.

The great defect of the *Seasons* is want of method; but for this I know not that there was any remedy. Of many appearances subsisting all at once, no rule can be given why one should be mentioned before another; yet the memory wants the help of order, and the curiosity is not excited by suspense or expectation.

His diction is in the highest degree florid and luxuriant, such as may be said to be to his images and thoughts *both their lustre and their shade*; such as invest them with splendour, through which perhaps they are not always easily discerned. It is too exuberant, and

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*contrived with masterly skill to strengthen the unity and connexion of the great whole.*

*Thus is planned and constructed a poem, which, founded as it is upon the unfading beauties of nature, will live as long as the language in which it is written shall be read.*  
AIKIN.

sometimes may be charged with filling the ear more than the mind.

These Poems, with which I was acquainted at their first appearance, I have since found altered and enlarged by subsequent revisals, as the author supposed his judgment to grow more exact, and as books or conversation extended his knowledge and opened his prospects. They are, I think, improved in general; yet I know not whether they have not lost part of what Temple calls their *race*: a word which, applied to wines, in its primitive sense, means the flavour of the soil.

*Liberty*, when it first appeared, I tried to read, and soon desisted. I have never tried again, and therefore will not hazard either praise or censure.

The highest praise which he has received ought not to be suppressed; it is said by Lord Lyttleton, in the Prologue to his posthumous play, that his works contained

No line which, dying, he could wish to blot





**SPRING.**

### **▲ ARGUMENT.**

**The subject proposed.—Inscribed to the Countess of Hertford.—The Season is described as it affects the various parts of Nature, ascending from the lower to the higher; with digressions arising from the subject.—Its influence on inanimate Matter, on Vegetables, on brute Animals, and last on Man; concluding with a dissuasive from the wild and irregular passion of Love, opposed to that of a pure and happy kind.**

# SPRING.

---

Come, gentle Spring! ethereal Mildness come,  
And from the bosom of yon dropping cloud,  
While music wakes around, veil'd in a shower  
Of shadowing roses, on our plains descend.

O Hertford, fitted or to shine in courts  
With unaffected grace, or walk the plain  
With innocence and meditation join'd  
In soft assemblage, listen to my song,  
Which thy own Season paints; when Nature all  
Is blooming and benevolent, like thee.

And see where surly Winter passes off,  
Far to the north, and calls his ruffian blasts:  
His blasts obey, and quit the howling hill,  
The shatter'd forest, and the ravag'd vale;  
While softer gales succeed, at whose kind touch,  
Dissolving snows in livid torrents lost,  
The mountains lift their green heads to the sky.

As yet the trembling year is unconfirm'd,  
And Winter oft at eve resumes the breeze,  
Chills the pale morn, and bids his driving sleets  
Deform the day delightless; so that scarce  
The bittern knows his time, with bill ingulf'd  
To shake the sounding marsh; or, from the shore  
The plovers when to scatter o'er the heath,  
And sing their wild notes to the listening waste.

At last from Aries rolls the bounteous Sun,  
And the bright Bull receives him. Then no more  
Th' expansive atmosphere is cramp'd with cold;  
But, full of life and vivifying soul,  
Lifts the light clouds sublime, and spreads them thin,  
Fleecy and white o'er all surrounding heaven.

Forth fly the tepid airs : and unconfined,  
 Unbinding earth, the moving softness strays.  
 Joyous th' impatient husbandman perceives  
 Relenting nature, and his lusty steers,  
 Drives from their stalls, to where the well-used plough  
 Lies in the furrow, loosened from the frost.  
 'There, unrefusing, to the harness'd yoke  
 They lend their shoulder, and begin their toil,  
 Cheer'd by the simple song and soaring lark.  
 Meanwhile incumbent o'er the shining share  
 The master leans, removes th' obstructing clay,  
 Winds the whole work, and side-long lays the glebe.

While through the neigh'ring fields the sower stalks,  
 With measured step ; and liberal throws the grain  
 Into the faithful bosom of the ground :  
 The harrow follows harsh, and shuts the scene.

Be gracious, Heaven ! for now laborious man  
 Has done his part. Ye fostering breezes, blow !  
 Ye softening dews, ye tender showers, descend !  
 And temper all, thou world-reviving sun,  
 Into the perfect year ! Nor ye who live  
 In luxury and ease, in pomp and pride,  
 Think these lost themes unworthy of your ear :  
 Such themes as these the rural Maro sung  
 To wide imperial Rome, in the full height  
 Of elegance and taste, by Greece refined,

In ancient times, the sacred plough employ'd  
 The kings and awful fathers of mankind :  
 And some (with whom compared your insect tribes  
 Are but the beings of a summer's day)  
 Have held the scale of empire, rul'd the storm  
 Of mighty war ; then, with unwearied hand,  
 Disdaining little delicacies, seized  
 The plough, and greatly independent lived.

Ye generous Britons, venerate the plough ;  
 And o'er your hills, and long withdrawing vales,  
 Let Autumn spread his treasures to the sun,  
 Luxuriant and unbounded : as the sea,  
 Far through his azure turbulent domain,  
 Your empire owns, and from a thousand shores

Wafts all the pomp of life into your ports,  
So with superior boon may your rich soil,  
Exuberant, Nature's better blessings pour  
O'er every land, the naked nations clothe,  
And be th' exhaustless granary of a world !

Nor only through the lenient air this change,  
Delicious, breathes ; the penetrative sun,  
His force deep-darting to the dark retreat  
Of vegetation, sets the steaming Power  
At large to wander o'er the verdant earth,  
In various hues : but chiefly thee, gay Green !  
Thou smiling Nature's universal robe !

United light and shade ! where the sight dwells  
With growing strength, and ever-new delight,

From the moist meadow to the wither'd hill,  
Led by the breeze, the vivid verdure runs,  
And swells and deepens, to the cherish'd eye.  
The hawthorn whiteas ; and the juicy groves  
Put forth their buds, unfolding by degrees,  
Till the whole leafy forest stands display'd  
In full luxuriance to the sighing gales ;

Where the deer rustle through the twining brake,  
And the birds sing conceal'd. At once, array'd

In all the colours of the flushing year,  
By Nature's swift and secret-working hand,

The garden glows, and fills the liberal air  
With lavish'd fragrance ; while the promised fruit

Lies yet a little embryo, unperceived,  
Within its crimson folds. Now from the town,

Buried in smoke, and sleep, and noisome damps,  
Oft let me wander o'er the dewy fields,

Where freshness breathes, and dash the trembling drops  
From the bent bush, as through the verdant maze

Of sweet briar hedges I pursue my walk ;  
Or taste the smell of dairy ; or ascend

Some eminence, Augusta, in thy plains,  
And see the country far diffused around,

One boundless blush, one white-empurpled shower  
Of mingled blossoms ; where the raptured eye

Hurries from joy to joy, and hid beneath  
The fair profusion, yellow Autumn spies.

If brush'd from Russian wilds, a cutting gale  
 Rise not, and scatter from his humid wings  
 The clammy mildew; or, dry-blowing, breathe  
 Untimely frost; before whose baleful blast  
 The full-blown Spring through all her foliage shrinks,  
 Joyless and dead, a wide-dejected waste.  
 For oft, engendered by the hazy north,  
 Myriads on myriads, insect armies warp  
 Keen in the poison'd breeze; and wasteful eat,  
 Through buds and bark, into the blacken'd core,  
 Their eager way. A feeble race! yet oft  
 The sacred sons of vengeance; on whose course  
 Corrosive Famine waits, and kills the year.  
 To check this plague, the skilful farmer chaff  
 And blazing straw before his orchard burns;  
 Till, all involved in smoke, the latent foe  
 From every cranny suffocated falls:  
 Or scatters o'er the blooms the pungent dust  
 Of pepper fatal to the frosty tribe:  
 Or when the envenom'd leaf begins to curl,  
 With sprinkled water drowns them in their nest;  
 Nor, while they pick them up with busy bill,  
 The little trooping birds unwisely scares.

Be patient swains! these cruel-seeming winds  
 Blow not in vain. Far hence they keep repress'd  
 Those deep'ning clouds on clouds, surcharged with rain,  
 That o'er the vast Atlantic hither borne,  
 In endless train, would quench the summer blaze,  
 And, cheerless, drown the crude unripen'd year.

The north-east spends his rage; he now shut up  
 Within his iron cave, th' effusive south,  
 Warms the wide air, and o'er the void of heaven  
 Breathes the big clouds with vernal showers distent.  
 At first a dusky wreath they seem to rise,  
 Scarce staining ether; but by swift degrees,  
 In heaps on heaps, the doubling vapour sails  
 Along the loaded sky, and, mingling deep,  
 Sits on th' horizon round a settled gloom:  
 Not such as wintry storms on mortals shed,  
 Oppressing life; but lovely, gentle, kind.

And full of every hope and every joy;  
The wish of Nature. Gradual sinks the breeze  
Into a perfect calm; that not a breath  
Is heard to quiver thro' the closing woods,  
Or rustling turn the many-twinkling leaves  
Of aspin tall. Th' uncurling floods, diffused  
In glassy breadth, seem, through delusive lapse,  
Forgetful of their course 'Tis silence all,  
And pleasing expectation. Herds and flocks  
Drop the dry sprig, and, mute imploring, eye  
The falling verdure. Hush'd in short suspense,  
The plummy people streak their wings with oil,  
To throw the lucid moisture trickling off;  
And wait the approaching sign to strike at once,  
Into the general choir. Even mountains, vales,  
And forests seem impatient to demand  
The promised sweetness. Man superior walks  
Amid the glad creation, musing praise,  
And looking lively gratitude. At last,  
The clouds consign their treasures to the fields;  
And, softly shaking on the dimpled pool  
Prelusive drops, let all their moisture flow,  
In large effusions o'er the freshen'd world.

The stealing shower is scarce to patter heard,  
By such as wander through the forest-walks,  
Beneath the umbrageous multitude of leaves.  
But who can hold the shade, while heaven descends  
In universal bounty, shedding herbs,  
And fruits, and flowers, on Nature's ample lap?  
Swift fancy, fired, anticipates their growth;  
And, while the milky nutriment distils,  
Beholds the kindling country colour round.

Thus all day long the full-distended clouds  
Indulge their genial stores, and well-shower'd earth  
Is deep enrich'd with vegetable life;  
Till in the western sky, the downward sun  
Looks out, effulgent, from amid the flush  
Of broken clouds, gay shifting to his beam.  
The rapid radiance instantaneous strikes  
Th' illumined mountain, through the forest streams,



Shakes on the floods ; and in a yellow mist,  
 Far smoking o'er th' interminable plain,  
 In twinkling myriads lights the dewy gems.  
 Moist, bright, and green, the landscape laughs around  
 Full swell the woods ; their every music wakes,  
 Mix'd in wild concert with the warbling brooks  
 Increased, the distant bleatings of the hills,  
 And hollow lows responsive from the vales,  
 Whence blending all the sweeten'd zephyr springs,  
 Meantime refracted from yon eastern cloud,  
 Bestriding earth, the grand ethereal bow  
 Shoots up immense ; and every hue unfolds,  
 In fair proportion running from the red,  
 To where the violet fades into the sky.  
 Here, awful Newton, the dissolving clouds  
 Form, fronting on the sun, thy showery prism ;  
 And to the sage-instructed eye unfold  
 The various twine of light, by thee disclosed  
 From the white mingling maze. Not so the boy :  
 He, wondering, views the bright enchantment bend,  
 Delightful, o'er the radiant fields, and runs  
 To catch the falling glory ; but, amazed,  
 Beholds th' amusive arch before him fly,  
 Then vanish quite away. Still night succeeds,  
 A soften'd shade, and saturated earth  
 Awaits the morning beam, to give to light,  
 Raised through ten thousand different plastic tubes,  
 The balmy treasures of the former day.

Then spring the living herbs profusely wild,  
 O'er all the deep green earth, beyond the power  
 Of botanist to number up their tribes :  
 Whether he steals along the lonely dale,  
 In silent search ; or through the forest, rank  
 With what the dull incurious weeds account,  
 Bursts his blind way, or climbs the mountain-rock,  
 Fired by the nodding verdure of its brow.  
 With such a liberal hand has nature flung  
 Their seeds abroad, blown them about in winds,  
 Innumerable mix'd them with the nursing mould,  
 The moistening current, and prolific rain

But who their virtues can declare ? Who pierce  
 With vision pure, into these secret stores  
 Of health, and life, and joy ? the food of Man,  
 While yet he lived in innocence, and told  
 A length of golden years ; unflesh'd in blood,  
 A stranger to the savage arts of life,  
 Death, rapine, carnage, surfeit and disease ;  
 The lord, and not the tyrant, of the world.

The first fresh dawn then wak'd the gladden'd race  
 Of uncorrupted man, nor blush'd to see  
 The sluggard sleep beneath its sacred beam :  
 For their light slumbers gently fumed away ;  
 And up they rose as vigorous as the sun,  
 Or to the culture of the willing glebe,  
 Or to the cheerful tendance of the flock.  
 Meantime the song went round ; and dance and sport,  
 Wisdom and friendly talk, successive, stole  
 Their hours away : while in the rosy vale  
 Love breath'd his infant sighs, from anguish free,  
 And full replete with bliss ; save the sweet pain,  
 That, inly thrilling, but exalts it more.

Nor yet injurious act, nor surly deed,  
 Was known among these happy sons of heaven ;  
 For reason and benevolence were law.  
 Harmonious Nature too look'd smiling on.  
 Clear shone the skies, cool'd with eternal gales,  
 And balmy spirit all. The youthful sun  
 Shot his best rays, and still the gracious clouds  
 Dropp'd fatness down ; as o'er the swelling mead,  
 The herds and flocks, commixing, play'd secure.  
 This when, emergent from the gloomy wood,  
 The glaring lion saw, his horrid heart  
 Was meeken'd, and he join'd his sullen joy.  
 For music held the whole in perfect peace :  
 Soft sigh'd the flute ; the tender voice was heard ;  
 Warbling the varied heart ; the woodlands round  
 Applied their quire ; and winds and waters flow'd  
 In consonance. Such were those prime of days.

But now those white unblemish'd manners, when  
 The fabled poets took their golden age,

Are found no more amid these iron times,  
These dregs of life ! Now the distemper'd mind  
Has lost that concord of harmonious powers,  
Which forms the soul of happiness ; and all  
Is off the poise within : the passions all  
Have burst their bounds : and reason, half extinct,  
Or impotent, or else approving, sees  
The foul disorder. Senseless, and deform'd,  
Convulsive anger storms at large ; or pale,  
And silent, settles into fell revenge.  
Base envy withers at another's joy,  
And hates that excellence it cannot reach.  
Desponding fear, of feeble fancies full,  
Weak and unmanly, loosens every power.

E'en love itself is bitterness of soul,  
A pensive anguish pining at the heart ;  
Or, sunk to sordid interest, feels no more  
That noble wish, that never-cloy'd desire,  
Which, selfish joy disdaining, seeks alone  
To bless the dearer object of its flame.  
Hope sickens with extravagance ; and grief,  
Of life impatient, into madness swells ;  
Or in dead silence wastes the weeping hours.

These, and a thousand mix'd emotions more,  
From ever-changing views of good and ill,  
Form'd infinitely various, vex the mind  
With endless storm : whence, deeply rankling, grows  
The partial thought, a listless unconcern,  
Cold, and averting from our neighbours' good ;  
Then dark Disgust, and Hatred, winding wiles,  
Coward Deceit, and ruffian Violence :  
At last, extinct each social feeling, fell  
And joyless Inhumanity pervades  
And petrifies the heart. Nature, disturb'd,  
Is deem'd vindictive, to have changed her course.

Hence, in old dusky time, a deluge came :  
When the deep-cleft disparting orb, that arch'd  
The central waters round, impetuous rush'd,  
With universal burst, into the gulph,  
And o'er the high-piled hills of fractured earth

Wide dash'd the waves in undulation vast :  
Till, from the centre to the streaming clouds,  
A shoreless ocean tumbled round the globe.

The Seasons since have, with severer sway,  
Oppress'd a broken world : the Winter keen  
Shook forth his waste of snows ; and Summer shot  
His pestilential heats. Great Spring, before,  
Green'd all the year ; and fruits and blossoms blush'd ;  
In social sweetness, on the self-same bough.  
Pure was the temperate air ; an even calm  
Perpetual reign'd, save what the zephyrs bland  
Breath'd o'er the blue expanse ; for then nor storms  
Were taught to blow, nor hurricanes to rage ;  
Sound slept the waters ; no sulphureous glooms  
Swell'd in the sky, and sent the lightning forth ;  
While sickly damps, and cold autumnal fogs,  
Hung not, relaxing, on the springs of life.  
But now, of turbid elements the sport,  
From clear to cloudy tost, from hot to cold,  
And dry to moist, with inward-eating change,  
Our drooping days are dwindled down to nought,  
Their period finish'd ere 'tis well begun.

And yet the wholesome herb neglected dies ;  
Though with the pure exhilarating soul  
Of nutriment and health, and vital powers,  
Beyond the search of art, 'tis copious blest.  
For, with hot ravine fired, ensanguined Man  
Is now become the lion of the plain,  
And worse. The wolf, who from the nightly fold  
Fierce-drags the bleating prey, ne'er drunk her milk,  
Nor wore her warming fleece : nor has the steer,  
At whose strong chest the deadly tiger hangs,  
E'er plow'd for him. They too are temper'd high,  
With hunger stung and wild necessity,  
Nor lodges pity in their shaggy breast.  
But Man, whom nature form'd of milder clay,  
With every kind emotion in his heart,  
And taught alone to weep ; while from her lap  
She pours ten thousand delicacies, herbs,  
And fruits, as numerous as the drops of rain.

Or beams that gave them birth : shall he, fair form !  
Who wears sweet smiles, and looks erect on Heaven,  
E'er stoop to mingle with the prowling herd,  
And dip his tongue in gore ? The beast of prey,  
Blood-stain'd, deserves to bleed : but you, ye flocks,  
What have ye done ; ye peaceful people, what,  
To merit death ? you, who have given us milk  
In luscious streams, and lent us your own coat  
Against the winter's cold ? And the plain ox,  
That harmless, honest, guileless animal,  
In what has he offended ? he, whose toil,  
Patient and ever ready, clothes the land  
With all the pomp of harvest ; shall he bleed,  
And struggling groan beneath the cruel hands  
Even of the clowns he feeds ? and that, perhaps,  
To swell the riot of the autumnal feast,  
Won by his labour ? Thus the feeling heart  
Would tenderly suggest : but 'tis enough,  
In this late age, adventurous to have touch'd  
Light on the numbers of the Samian sage.  
High Heaven forbids the bold presumptuous strain,  
Whose wisest will has fixed us in a state  
That must not yet to pure perfection rise.

Now, when the first foul torrent of the brooks,  
Swell'd with the vernal rains, is ebb'd away,  
And, whitening, down their mossy tintured stream  
Descends the billowy foam ; now is the time,  
While yet the dark-brown water aids the guile,  
To tempt the trout. The well-dissembled fly,  
The rod fine-tapering with elastic spring  
Snatch'd from the hoary steed the floating line,  
And all thy slender watery stores prepare.  
But let not on thy hook the tortured worm,  
Convulsive twist in agonizing folds ;  
Which, by rapacious hunger swallow'd deep,  
Gives, as you tear it from the bleeding breast  
Of the weak helpless uncomplaining wretch,  
Harsh pain and horror to the tender hand.

When with his lively ray the potent sun  
Has pierced the streams, and roused the finny race,

Then, issuing cheerful, to thy sport repair;  
Chief should the western breezes curling play,  
And light o'er ether bear the shadowy clouds.  
High to their fount, this day amid the hills,  
And woodlands warbling round, trace up the brooks;  
The next, pursue their rocky channel'd maze,  
Down to the river, in whose ample wave  
Their little Naiads love to sport at large.

Just in the dubious point, where with the pool  
Is mix'd the trembling stream, or where it boils  
Around the stone, or from the hollow'd bank  
Reverted plays in undulating flow;  
There throw, nice-judging, the delusive fly;  
And, as you lead it round in artful curve,  
With eye attentive mark the springing game.  
Strait as above the surface of the flood  
They wanton rise, or urged by hunger, leap,  
Then fix, with gentle twitch, the barbed hook:  
Some lightly tossing to the grassy bank,  
And to the shelving shore slow dragging some,  
With various hand proportion'd to their force.

If yet too young and easily deceived,  
A worthless prey scarce bends your pliant rod,  
Him, piteous of his youth, and the short space  
He has enjoy'd the vital light of Heaven,  
Soft disengage, and back into the stream  
The speckled captive throw. But should you lure  
From his dark haunt, beneath the tangled roots  
Of pendant trees, the monarch of the brook,  
Behoves you then to ply your finest art.  
Long time he, following cautious, scans the fly:  
And oft attempts to seize it, but as oft  
The dimpled water speaks his jealous fear.  
At last, while haply o'er the shaded sun  
Passes a cloud, he desperate takes the death,  
With sullen plunge. At once he darts along,  
Deep-struck, and runs out all the lengthened line;  
Then seeks the farthest ooze, the sheltering weed,  
The cavern'd bank, his old secure abode;  
And flies aloft, and bounces round the pool,

Indignant of the guile. With yielding hand;  
That feels him still, yet to his furious course  
Gives way, you, now retiring, following now  
Across the stream, exhaust his idle rage,  
Till floating broad upon his breathless side,  
And to his fate abandon'd, to the shore  
You gaily drag your unresisting prize.

Thus pass the temperate hours; but when the sun  
Shakes from his noon-day throne the scattering clouds,  
Even shooting listless languor through the deeps;  
Then seek the bank where flowering elders crowd,  
Where scatter'd wild the lily of the vale  
Its balmy essence breathes, where cowslips hang  
The dewy head, where purple violets lurk,  
With all the lowly children of the shade :  
Or lie reclined beneath yon spreading ash,  
Hung o'er the steep; whence, borne on liquid wing  
The sounding culver shoots; or where the hawk,  
High, in the beetling cliff, his airy nest he builds,  
There let the classic page thy fancy lead  
Through rural scenes; such as the Mantuan swain  
Paints in the matchless harmony of song.  
Or catch thyself the landscape, gliding swift  
Athwart Imagination's vivid eye :  
Or by the vocal woods and waters lull'd,  
And lost in lonely musing in the dream,  
Confused, of careless solitude, where mix  
Ten thousand wandering images of things,  
Soothe every gust of passion into peace;  
All but the swellings of the soften'd heart,  
That waken, not disturb, the tranquil mind.

Behold yon breathing prospect bids the muse  
Throw all her beauty forth. But who can paint  
Like Nature? Can Imagination boast,  
Amid its gay creation, hues like her's?  
Or can it mix them with that matchless skill,  
And lose them in each other, as appears  
In every bud that blows? If Fancy then  
Unequal fails beneath the pleasing task,  
Ah! what shall Language do? ah! where find words

Tinged with so many colours; and whose power,  
To life approaching, may perfume my lays  
With that fine oil, those aromatic gales,  
That inexhaustive flow continual round!

Yet, though successful, will the toil delight.  
Come then, ye virgins and ye youths, whose hearts  
Have felt the raptures of refining love;  
And thou Amanda, come, pride of my song!  
Form'd by the Graces, loveliness itself!  
Come with those downcast eyes, sedate and sweet,  
Those looks demure, that deeply pierce the soul;  
Where, with the light of thoughtful reason mix'd,  
Shines lively fancy and the feeling heart:  
O come! and while the rosy-footed May  
Steals blushing on, together let us tread  
The morning dews, and gather in their prime  
Fresh blooming flowers, to grace thy braided hair,  
And thy lov'd bosom that improves their sweets.

See, where the winding vale its lavish stores,  
Irriguous, spreads. See, how the lily drinks  
The latent rill, scarce oozing through the grass,  
Of growth luxuriant; or the humid bank,  
In fair profusion, decks. Long let us walk,  
Where the breeze blows from yon extended field  
Of blossom'd beans. Arabia cannot boast  
A fuller gale of joy, than, liberal, thence  
Breathes through the sense, and takes the ravish'd soul.  
Nor is the meed unworthy of thy foot,  
Full of fresh verdure, and unnumber'd flowers,  
The negligence of Nature, wide and wild;  
Where, undisguised by mimic art, she spreads  
Unbounded beauty to the roving eye.  
Here their delicious task the fervent bees,  
In swarming millions, tend: around, athwart,  
Through the soft air, the busy nations fly,  
Cling to the bud, and with inserted tube  
Suck its pure essence, its ethereal soul;  
And oft with bolder wing they soaring dare  
The purple heath, or where the wild thyme grows,  
And yellow load them with the luscious spoil.



At length the finish'd garden to the view  
Its vistas opens, and its alleys green,  
Snatch'd through the verdant maze, the hurried eye  
Distracted wanders; now the bowery walk  
Of covert close, where scarce a speck of day  
Falls on the lengthen'd gloom, protracted sweeps;  
Now meets the bending sky; the river now  
Dimpling along, the breezy-ruffled lake,  
The forest darkening round the glitt'ring spire,  
Th' ethereal mountain, and the distant main.  
But why so far excursive? when at hand,  
Along these blushing borders bright with dew,  
And in yon mingled wilderness of flowers,  
Fair handed Spring unbosoms every grace;  
Throws out the snow-drop and the crocus first;  
The daisy, primrose, violet darkly blue,  
And polyanthus of unnumber'd dyes;  
The yellow wall-flower stain'd with iron brown;  
And lavish stock that scents the garden round;  
From the soft wing of vernal breezes shed,  
Anemonies; auriculas, enrich'd  
With shining meal o'er all their velvet leaves;  
And full ranunculas, of glowing red.  
Then comes the tulip race, where beauty plays  
Her idle freaks; from family diffused  
To family, as flies the father dust,  
The varied colours run; and, while they break  
On the charm'd eye, the exulting florist marks,  
With secret pride, the wonders of his hand.  
No gradual bloom is wanting; from the bud,  
First-born of Spring, to Summer's musky tribes;  
Nor hyacinths, of purest virgin white,  
Low bent, and blushing inward; nor jonquils,  
Of potent fragrance; nor Narcissus fair,  
As o'er the fabled fountain hanging still;  
Nor broad carnations, nor gay-spotted pinks;  
Nor shower'd from every bush, the damask rose,  
Infinite numbers, delicacies, smells,  
With hues on hues expression cannot paint,  
The breath of Nature, and her endless bloom.

Hail, Source of Being ! Universal Soul  
Of heaven and earth ; Essential Presence, hail ?  
To Thee I bend the knee ; to Thee my thoughts,  
Continual, climb ; who, with a master-hand,  
Hast the great whole into perfection touch'd.  
By Thee the various vegetative tribes,  
Wrapt in a filmy net, and clad with leaves,  
Draw the live ether, and imbibe the dew :  
By Thee disposed into congenial soils,  
Stands each attractive plant, and sucks, and swells  
The juicy tide ; a twining mass of tubes.  
At Thy command the vernal sun awakes  
The torpid sap, detruded to the root  
By wintry winds ; that now in fluent dance,  
And lively fermentation, mounting, spreads  
All this innumerable-colour'd scene of things.

As rising from the vegetable world  
My theme ascends, with equal wing ascend,  
My panting Muse ; and hark, how loud the woods  
Invite you forth in all your gayest trim.  
Lend me your song, ye nightingales ! Oh pour  
The mazy-running soul of melody  
Into my varied verse ! while I deduce,  
From the first note the hollow cuckoo sings,  
The symphony of Spring, and touch a theme  
Unknown to fame, the Passion of the Groves.

When first the soul of love is sent abroad,  
Warm through the vital air, and on the heart  
Harmonious seizes, the gay troops begin,  
In gallant thought, to plume the painted wing ;  
And try again the long-forgotten strain,  
At first faint-warbled. But no sooner grows  
The soft infusion prevalent, and wide,  
Than, all alive, at once their joy o'erflows  
In music unconfined. Up springs the lark,  
Shrill-voiced, and loud, the messenger of morn ;  
Ere yet the shadows fly, he mounted sings  
Amid the dawning clouds, and from their haunts  
Calls up the tuneful nations. Every copse  
Deep-tangled, tree irregular, and bush

Bending with dewy moisture, o'er the heads  
Of the coy quiristers that lodge within,  
Are prodigal of harmony. The thrush  
And wood-lark, o'er the kind-contending throng  
Superior heard, run through the sweetest length  
Of notes; when listening Philomela deigns  
To let them joy, and purposes, in thought  
Elate, to make her night excel their day.  
The black-bird whistles from the thorny brake;  
The mellow bullfinch answers from the grove:  
Nor are the linnets, o'er the flowering furze  
Pour'd out profusely, silent. Join'd to these  
Innumerable songsters, in the freshening shade  
Of new-sprung leaves, their modulations mix  
Mellifluous. The jay, the rook, the daw,  
And each harsh pipe, discordant heard alone,  
Aid the full concert; while the stock-dove breathes  
A melancholy murmur through the whole.

'Tis love creates their melody, and all  
This waste of music is the voice of love;  
That even to birds, and beasts, the tender arts  
Of pleasing teaches. Hence the glossy kind  
Try every winning way inventive love  
Can dictate, and in courtship to their mates  
Pour forth their little souls. First, wide around,  
With distant awe, in airy rings they rove,  
Endeavouring by a thousand tricks to catch  
The cunning, conscious, half-averted glance  
Of their regardless charmer. Should she seem  
Softening the least approbance to bestow,  
Their colours burnish, and by hope inspired,  
They brisk advance; then on a sudden struck,  
Retire disorder'd; then again approach;  
In fond rotation spread the spotted wing,  
And shiver every feather with desire.

Connubial leagues agreed, to the deep woods  
They haste away, all as their fancy leads,  
Pleasure, or food, or secret safety prompts;  
That Nature's great command may be obey'd;  
Nor all the sweet sensations they perceive

Indulged in vain. Some to the holly-hedge,  
Nestling repair, and to the thicket some;  
Some to the rude protection of the thorn  
Commit their feeble offspring: The cleft tree  
Offers its kind concealment to a few,  
Their food its insects, and its moss their nests.  
Others apart far in the grassy dale,  
Or roughening waste, their humble texture weave.  
But most in woodland solitudes delight,  
In unfrequented glooms, or shaggy banks,  
Steep, and divided by a babbling brook,  
Whose murmurs soothe them all the live-long day;  
When by kind duty fix'd, among the roots  
Of hazel, pendant o'er the plaintive stream,  
They frame the first foundation of their domes;  
Dry sprigs of trees, in artful fabric laid,  
And bound with clay together. Now 'tis nought  
But restless hurry through the busy air,  
Beet by unnumber'd wings. The swallow sweeps  
The slimy pool, to build his hanging house  
Intent. And often, from the careless back  
Of herds and flocks, a thousand tugging bills  
Pluck hair and wool; and oft, when unobserved,  
Steal from the barn a straw: till soft and warm,  
Clean, and complete, their habitation grows.

As thus the patient dam assiduous sits,  
Not to be tempted from her tender task,  
Or by sharp hunger, or by smooth delight,  
Though the whole loosen'd Spring around her blows;  
Her sympathizing lover takes his stand  
High on th' opponent bank, and ceaseless sings  
The tedious time away; or else supplies  
Her place a moment, while she sudden flits  
To pick the scanty meal. Th' appointed time  
With pious toil fulfill'd, the callow young,  
Warm'd and expanded into perfect life,  
Their brittle bondage break, and come to light,  
A helpless family, demanding food  
With constant clamour: O what passions then,  
What melting sentiments of kindly care,

On the new parents seize: Away they fly  
 Affectionate, and undesiring bear  
 The most delicious morsel to their young;  
 Which equally distributed, again  
 The search begins. Even so a gentle pair,  
 By fortune sunk, but form'd of generous mould,  
 And charm'd with cares beyond the vulgar breast,  
 In some lone cot, amid the distant woods,  
 Sustain'd alone by providential Heaven,  
 Oft as they weeping eye their infant train,  
 Check their own appetites, and give them all.

Nor toil alone they scorn: exalting love,  
 By the great Father of the Spring inspired,  
 Gives instant courage to the fearful race,  
 And to the simple, art. With stealthy wing,  
 Should some rude foot their woody haunts molest,  
 Amid a neighbouring bush they silent drop,  
 And whirring thence, as if alarm'd, deceive  
 Th' unfeeling school-boy. Hence, around the head  
 Of wandering swain, the white-wing'd plover wheels  
 Her sounding flight, and then directly on  
 In long excursion skims the level lawn,  
 To tempt him from her nest. The wild duck, hence,  
 O'er the rough moss, and o'er the trackless waste  
 The heath-hen flutters, pious fraud! to lead  
 The hot-pursuing spaniel far astray

Be not the Muse ashamed, here to bemoan  
 Her brothers of the grove, by tyrant Man  
 Inhuman caught, and in the narrow cage  
 From liberty confined, and boundless air.  
 Dull are the pretty slaves, their plumage dull,  
 Ragged, and all its brightening lustre lost;  
 Nor is that sprightly wildness in their notes,  
 Which, clear and vigorous, warbles from the beach.  
 O then, ye friends of love, and love-taught song,  
 Spare the soft tribes, this barbarous art forbear;  
 If on your bosom innocence can win,  
 Music engage, or piety persuade.

But let not chief the nightingale lament  
 Her ruin'd care, too delicately fram'd,

To brook the harsh confinement of the cage.  
 Oft when, returning with her loaded bill,  
 Th' astonish'd mother finds a vacant nest,  
 By the hard hand of unrelenting clowns  
 Robb'd, to the ground the vain provision falls;  
 Her pinions ruffle, and, low-drooping, scarce  
 Can bear the mourner to the poplar shade;  
 Where, all abandon'd to despair, she sings  
 Her sorrows through the night; and on the bough,  
 Sole sitting, still at every dying fall  
 Takes up again her lamentable strain  
 Of winding woe; till, wide around, the woods  
 Sigh to her song, and with her wail resound.

But now the feather'd youth their former bounds,  
 Ardent, disdain; and, weighing oft their wings,  
 Demand the free possession of the sky:  
 This one glad office more, and then dissolves  
 Parental love at once, now needless grown.  
 Unlavish Wisdom never works in vain.  
 'Tis on some evening, sunny, grateful, mild,  
 When nought but balm is breathing through the woods,  
 With yellow lustre bright, that the new tribes  
 Visit the spacious heavens, and look abroad  
 On Nature's common, far as they can see,  
 Or wing, their range and pasture. O'er the boughs  
 Dancing about, still at the giddy verge  
 Their resolution fails; their pinions still,  
 In loose libration stretch'd, to trust the void  
 Trembling refuse: till down before them fly  
 The parent-guides, and chide, exhort, command,  
 Or push them off. The surging air receives  
 Its plummy burden; and their self-taught wings  
 Winnow the waving element. On ground  
 Alighted, bolder up again they lead,  
 Farther and farther on, the lengthening flight;  
 Till, vanish'd every fear, and every power  
 Rous'd into life and action, light in air  
 Th' acquitted parents see their soaring race,  
 And, once rejoicing, never know them more.

High from the summit of a craggy cliff,  
 Hung o'er the deep, such as amazing frowns

On utmost Kilda's\* shore, whose lonely race  
Resign the setting sun to Indian worlds,  
The royal eagle draws his vigorous young,  
Strong pounced, and ardent with paternal fire.  
Now fit to raise a kingdom of their own,  
He drives them from his fort, the tow'ring seat,  
For ages, of his empire ; which, in peace,  
Unstain'd he holds, while many a league to sea  
He wings his course, and preys in distant isles.

Should I my steps turn to the rural seat,  
Whose lofty elms, and venerable oaks,  
Invite the rook, who high amid the boughs  
In early Spring, his airy city builds,  
And ceaseless caws amusive ; there, well-pleased,  
I might the various polity survey  
Of the mix'd household kind. The careful hen  
Calls all her chirping family around,  
Fed and defended by the fearless cock ;  
Whose breast with ardour flames, as on he walks  
Graceful, and crows defiance. In the pond,  
The finely-chequer'd duck before her train  
Rows garrulous. The stately-sailing swan  
Gives out his snowy plumage to the gale ;  
And, arching proud his neck, with oary feet,  
Bears forward fierce, and guards his osier-isle,  
Protective of his young. The turkey nigh,  
Loud threat'ning, reddens ; while the peacock spreads  
His every colour'd glory to the sun,  
And swims in radiant majesty along.  
O'er the whole homely scene, the cooing dove  
Flies thick in amorous chace, and wanton rolls  
The glancing eye, and turns the changeful neck.

While thus the gentle tenants of the shade  
Indulge their purer loves, the rougher world  
Of brutes, below, rush furious into flame  
And fierce desire. Through all his lusty veins  
The bull deep scorch'd, the raging passion feels.  
Of pasture sick, and negligent of food,

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\* The farthest of the western islands of Scotland.

Searce seen, he wades among the yellow broom,  
While o'er his ample sides the rambling sprays  
Luxuriant shoot; or through the mazy wood  
Dejected wanders, nor th' enticing bud  
Crops, though it presses on his careless sense.  
And oft, in jealous madd'ning fancy wrapt,  
He seeks the fight; and idly butting, feigns  
His rival gored in every knotty trunk.  
Him should he meet, the bellowing war begins:  
Their eyes flash fury; to the hollow'd earth,  
Whence the sand flies, they mutter bloody deeds,  
And, groaning deep, th' impetuous battle mix:  
While the fair heifer, balmy breathing, near,  
Stands kindling up their rage. The trembling steed,  
With this hot impulse seized in every nerve,  
Nor heeds the rein, nor hears the sounding thong:  
Blows are not felt: but tossing high his head,  
And by the well-known joy to distant plains  
Attracted strong, all wild he bursts away:  
O'er rocks, and woods, and craggy mountains flies,  
And, neighing, on the aerial summit takes  
Th' exciting gale; then steep-descending, cleaves  
The headlong torrents foaming down the hills,  
Even where the madness of the straiten'd stream  
Turns in black eddies round; such is the force  
With which his frantic heart and sinews swell.

Nor undelighted by the boundless Spring  
Are the broad monsters of the foaming deep:  
From the deep ooze and gelid cavern roused,  
They flounce and tumble in unwieldy joy.  
Dire were the strain, and dissonant, to sing  
The cruel raptures of the savage kind:  
How by this flame their native wrath sublimed,  
They roam, amid the fury of their heart,  
The far-resounding waste in fiercer bands,  
And growl their horrid loves. But this the theme  
I sing, enraptured, to the British Fair,  
Forbids, and leads me to the mountain-brow,  
Where sits the shepherd on the grassy turf,  
Inhaling, healthful, the descending sun.



Around him feeds his many-bleating flock,  
 Of various cadence ; and his sportive lambs,  
 This way and that convolved, in friskful glee,  
 Their frolics play. And now the sprightly race  
 Invites them forth ; when swift, the signal given,  
 They start away, and sweep the massy mound  
 That runs around the hill ; the rampart once  
 Of iron war, in ancient barbarous times,  
 When disunited Britain ever bled,  
 Lost in eternal broil : ere yet she grew  
 To this deep-laid indissoluble state,  
 Where Wealth and Commerce lift their golden heads,  
 And o'er our labours, Liberty and Law,  
 Impartial, watch ; the wonder of a world !

What is this mighty Breath, ye sages, say,  
 That in a powerful language, felt, not heard,  
 Instructs the fowls of heaven ; and through their breast  
 These arts of love diffuses ! What, but God !  
 Inspiring God ! who, boundless Spirit all,  
 And unremitting Energy, pervades,  
 Adjusts, sustains, and agitates the whole.  
 He ceaseless works alone ; and yet alone  
 Seems not to work : with such perfection framed  
 Is this complex stupendous scheme of things.

But, though conceal'd, to every purer eye  
 Th' informing Author in his works appears ;  
 Chief, lovely Spring, in thee, and thy soft scenes,  
 The smiling God is seen ; while water, earth,  
 And air attest his bounty ; which exalts  
 The brute creation to this finer thought,  
 And annual melts their undesigning hearts  
 Profusely thus in tenderness and joy.

Still let my song a nobler note assume,  
 And sing th' infusive force of Spring on Man ;  
 When heaven and earth, as if contending, vie  
 To raise his being, and serene his soul.  
 Can he forbear to join the general smile  
 Of Nature ! Can fierce passions vex his breast,  
 While every gale is peace, and every grove  
 Is melody ! Hence ! from the bounteous walks

Of sowing Spring, ye sordid sons of earth,  
 Hard, and unfeeling of another's wo;  
 Or only lavish to yourselves; away!  
 But come, ye generous minds, in whose wide thought,  
 Of all his works, creative Bounty burns  
 With warmest beam; and on your open front  
 And liberal eye sits, from his dark retreat  
 Inviting modest Want. Nor, till invoked,  
 Can restless goodness wait; your active search  
 Leaves no cold wintry corner unexplored;  
 Like silent-working Heaven, surprising oft  
 The lonely heart with unexpected good.

For you the roving spirit of the wind  
 Blows Spring abroad; for you the teeming clouds  
 Descend in gladsome plenty o'er the world;  
 And the sun sheds his kindest rays for you,  
 Ye flower of human race! In these green days,  
 Reviving Sickness lifts her languid head;  
 Life flows afresh: and young-eyed Health exalts  
 The whole creation round. Contentment walks  
 The sunny glade, and feels an inward bliss  
 Spring o'er his mind, beyond the power of kings  
 To purchase Pure serenity apace  
 Induces thought, and contemplation still.  
 By swift degrees the love of Nature works,  
 And warms the bosom; till at last sublimed  
 To rapture, and enthusiastic heat,  
 We feel the present Deity, and taste  
 The joy of God to see a happy world!

These are the sacred feelings of thy heart,  
 Thy heart inform'd by reason's purer ray,  
 O Lyttleton, the friend ' thy passions thus  
 And meditations vary, as at large  
 Courting the Muse, through Hagley Park thou strayest;  
 The British Tempe! There along the dale,  
 With woods o'erhung, and shagg'd with mossy rocks,  
 Whence on each hand the gushing waters play,  
 And down the rough cascade white dashing fall,  
 Or gleam in lengthen'd vista through the trees,  
 You silent stand; or sit beneath the shade

Of solemn oaks, that tuft the swelling mounts  
Thrown graceful round by Nature's careless hand,  
And pensive listen to the various voice  
Of rural peace : the herds, the flocks, the birds,  
The hollow-whispering breeze, the plaint of rills,  
That, purling down amid the twisted roots  
Which creep around, their dewy murmurs shake  
On the soothed ear. From these abstracted oft,  
You wander through the philosophic world ;  
Where in bright train continual wonders rise,  
Or to the curious or the pious eye.  
And oft, conducted by historic truth,  
You tread the long extent of backward time :  
Planning, with warm benevolence of mind,  
And honest zeal unwarp'd by party-rage,  
Brittannia's weal ; how from the venal gulph  
To raise her virtue, and her arts revive.  
Or, turning thence thy view, these graver thoughts  
The Muses charm : while, with sure taste refined,  
You draw the inspiring breath of ancient song ;  
Till nobly rises, emulous, thy own.

Perhaps thy loved Lucinda shares thy walk,  
With soul to thine attuned. Then Nature all  
Wears to the lover's eye a look of love ;  
And all the tumult of a guilty world,  
Toss'd by ungenerous passions, sinks away.  
The tender heart is animated peace ;  
And as it pours its copious treasures forth,  
In varied converse, softening every theme,  
You, frequent pausing, turn, and from her eyes,  
Where meekened sense, and amiable grace,  
And lively sweetness dwell, enraptured, drink  
That nameless spirit of ethereal joy,  
Unutterable happiness ! which love  
Alone bestows, and on a favour'd few.  
Meantime you gain the height, from whose fair brow  
The bursting prospect spreads immense around :  
And snatch'd o'er hill and dale, and wood and lawn,  
And verdant field, and darkening heath between,  
And villages emboss'd soft in trees,

And spiry towns by surging columns mark'd  
Of household smoke, your eye excursive roams :  
Wide stretching from the Hall, in whose kind haunt  
The Hospitable Genius lingers still,  
To where the broken landscape, by degrees,  
Ascending, roughens into rigid hills ;  
O'er which the Cambrian mountains, like far clouds  
That skirt the blue horizon, dusky rise,

Flush'd by the spirit of the genial year,  
Now from the virgin's cheek a fresher bloom  
Shoots less and less, the live carnation round ;  
Her lips blush deeper sweets ; she breathes of youth ;  
The shining moisture swells into her eyes,  
In brighter flow ; her wishing bosom heaves,  
With palpitations wild ; kind tumults seize  
Her veins ; and all her yielding soul is love.  
From the keen gaze her lover turns away,  
Full of the dear ecstatic power, and sick  
With sighing languishment. Ah then, ye fair !  
Be greatly cautious of your sliding hearts :  
Dare not the infectious sigh ; the pleading look,  
Downcast and low, in meek submission drest,  
But full of guile. Let not the fervent tongue,  
Prompt to deceive with adulation smooth,  
Gain on your purposed will. Nor in the bower,  
Where woodbines flaunt, and roses shed a couch,  
While Evening draws her crimson curtains round,  
Trust your soft minutes with betraying Man.

And let th' aspiring youth beware of love ;  
Of the smooth glance beware, for 'tis too late,  
When on his heart the torrent softness pours.  
Then wisdom prostrate lies, and fading fame  
Dissolves in air away ; while the fond soul,  
Wrapt in gay visions of unreal bliss,  
Still paints th' illusive form ; the kindling grace ;  
Th' enticing smile ; the modest-seeming eye,  
Beneath whose beauteous beams, belying heaven,  
Lurk searchless cunning, cruelty, and death :  
And still false-warbling in his cheated ear,

Her syren voice, enchanting, draws him on  
To guileful shores, and meeds of fatal joy.

Even present in the very lap of love.  
Inglorious laid; while music flows around,  
Perfumes, and oils, and wine, and wanton hours;  
Amid the roses fierce Repentance rears  
Her snaky crest; a quick returning pang  
Shoots through the conscious heart; where honour still,  
And great design, against the oppressive load  
Of luxury, by fits impatient heave.

But absent, what fantastic woes aroused,  
Rage in each thought, by restless musing fed,  
Chill the warm cheek, and blast the bloom of life?  
Neglected fortune flies; and sliding swift,  
Prone into ruin, fall his scorn'd affairs.  
'Tis nought but gloom around; the darken'd sun  
Loses his light. The rosy-bosom'd Spring  
To weeping Fancy pines; and yon bright arch,  
Contracted, bends into a dusky vault.  
All Nature fades extinct; and she alone  
Heard, felt, and seen, possesses every thought,  
Fills every sense, and pants in every vein.

Books are but formal dulness, tedious friends;  
And sad amid the social band he sits,  
Lonely and unattentive. From his tongue  
'Th' unfinish'd period falls; while borne away  
On swelling thought, his wafted spirit flies  
To the vain bosom of his distant fair;  
And leaves the semblance of a lover, fix'd  
In melancholy site, with head declined  
And love-dejected eyes. Sudden he starts,  
Shook from his tender trance, and restless runs  
To glimmering shades and sympathetic glooms;  
Where the dun umbrage o'er the falling stream,  
Romantic, hangs; there, through the pensive dusk,  
Strays in heart-thrilling meditation lost,  
Indulging all to love: or on the bank  
Thrown amid drooping lilies, swells the breeze  
With sighs unceasing, and the brook with tears.

Thus in soft anguish he consumes the day,

Nor quits his deep retirement till the Moon  
 Peeps through the chambers of the fleecy east,  
 Enlightened by degrees, and in her train  
 Leads on the gentle hours ; then forth he walks,  
 Beneath the trembling languish of her beam,  
 With soften'd soul ; and woos the bird of eve  
 To mingle woes with his : or, while the world,  
 And all the sons of Care lie hush'd in sleep,  
 Associates with the midnight shadows drear ;  
 And sighing to the lonely taper, pours  
 His idly-tortured heart into the page,  
 Meant for the moving messenger of love :  
 Where rapture burns on rapture, every line  
 With rising phrenzy fired. But, if on bed  
 Delirious flung, sleep from his pillow flies :  
 All night he tosses, nor the balmy power  
 In any posture finds ; till the gray morn  
 Lifts her pale lustre on the paler wretch,  
 Exanimate by love : and then perhaps  
 Exhausted Nature sinks awhile to rest,  
 Still interrupted by distracted dreams,  
 That o'er the sick imagination rise,  
 And in black colours paint the mimic scene.

Oft with the enchantress of his soul he talks ;  
 Sometimes in crowds distress'd ; or if retired  
 To secret winding flower-enwoven bowers,  
 Far from the dull impertinence of man,  
 Just as he, credulous, his endless cares  
 Begins to lose in blind oblivious love,  
 Snatch'd from her yielded hand he knows not how,  
 Through forests huge, and long untravel'd heaths  
 With desolation brown he wanders waste,  
 In night and tempest wrapt ; or shrinks aghast,  
 Back from the bending precipice ; or wades  
 The turbid stream below, and strives to reach  
 The farther shore ; where, succourless and sad,  
 She with extended arms his aid implores ;  
 But strives in vain ; borne by the outrageous flood  
 To distance down, he rides the ridgy wave,  
 Or whelm'd beneath the boiling eddy sinks.

These are the charming agonies of love,  
Whose misery delights. But, through the heart  
Should jealousy its venom once diffuse,  
'Tis then delightful misery no more,  
But agony unmix'd, incessant gall,  
Corroding every thought, and blasting all  
Love's paradise. Ye fairy prospects, then,  
Ye beds of roses, and ye bowers of joy,  
Farewell ! Ye gleamings of departed peace,  
Shine out your last ! the yellow-tinging plague  
Internal vision taints, and in a night  
Of livid gloom imagination wraps.  
Ah then ! instead of love-enliven'd cheeks,  
Of sunny features, and of ardent eyes  
With flowing rapture bright, dark looks succeed,  
Suffused, and glaring with untender fire ;  
A clouded aspect, and a burning cheek,  
Where the whole poison'd soul, malignant, sits,  
And frightens Love away. Ten thousand fears  
Invented wild, ten thousand frantic views  
Of horrid rivals, hanging on the charms  
For which he melts in fondness, eat him up  
With fervent anguish, and consuming rage.  
In vain reproaches lend their idle aid,  
Deceitful pride, and resolution frail,  
Giving false peace a moment. Fancy pours,  
Afresh, her beauties on his busy thought,  
Her first endearments twining round the soul,  
With all the witchcraft of ensnaring love.  
Straight the fierce storm involves his mind anew,  
Flames through the nerves, and boils along the veins ;  
While anxious doubt distracts the tortured heart :  
Nor even the sad assurance of his fears  
Were ease to what he feels. Thus the warm youth,  
Whom love deludes into his thorny wilds,  
Through flowery-tempting paths, or leads a life  
Of fever'd rapture, or of cruel care ;  
His brightest flames extinguish'd all, and all  
His lively moments running down to waste.

## SPRING.

45

But happy they ! the happiest of their kind !  
Whom gentler stars unite, and in one fate  
Their hearts, their fortunes, and their beings blend.  
'Tis not the coarser tie of human laws,  
Unnatural oft, and foreign to the mind,  
That binds their peace, but harmony itself,  
Attuning all their passions into love ;  
Where friendship full exerts her softest power,  
Perfect esteem enliven'd by desire  
Ineffable, and sympathy of soul ;  
Thought meeting thought, and will preventing will,  
With boundless confidence : for nought but love  
Can answer love, and render bliss secure.

Let him, ungenerous, who, alone intent  
To bless himself, from sordid parents buys  
The loathing virgin, in eternal care,  
Well-merited, consume his nights and days .  
Let barbarous nations, whose inhuman love  
Is wild desire, fierce as the suns they feel ;  
Let eastern tyrants, from the light of Heaven  
Seclude their bosom-slaves, meanly possess'd  
Of a mere lifeless, violated form :  
While those whom love cements in holy faith,  
And equal transport, free as Nature live,  
Disdaining fear. What is the world to them,  
Its pomp, its pleasure, and its nonsense all !  
Who in each other clasp whatever fair  
High Fancy forms, and lavish hearts can wish !  
Something than beauty dearer, should they look  
Or on the mind, or mind illumined face ;  
Truth, goodness, honour, harmony, and love,  
The richest bounty of indulgent Heaven.  
Meantime a smiling offspring rises round,  
And mingles both their graces. By degrees,  
The human blossom blows ; and every day,  
Soft as it rolls along, shows some new charm,  
The father's lustre, and the mother's bloom.  
Then infant reason grows apace, and calls  
For the kind hand of an assiduous care.



Delightful task ! to rear the tender thought,  
To teach the young idea how to shoot,  
To pour the fresh instruction o'er the mind,  
To breathe th' enlivening spirit, and to fix  
The generous purpose in the glowing breast.  
Oh speak the joy ! ye, whom the sudden tear  
Surprises often, while you look around,  
And nothing strikes your eye but sights of bliss,  
All various nature pressing on the heart :  
An elegant sufficiency, content,  
Retirement, rural quiet, friendship, books,  
Ease and alternate labour, useful life,  
Progressive virtue, and approving Heaven.

These are the matchless joys of virtuous love ;  
And thus their moments fly. The Seasons thus,  
As ceaseless round a jarring world they roll,  
Still find them happy ; and consenting Spring  
Sheds her own rosy garland on their heads :  
Till evening comes at last, serene and mild ;  
When, after the long vernal day of life,  
Enamour'd more, as more remembrance swells  
With many a proof of recollected love,  
Together down they sink in social sleep ;  
Together freed, their gentle spirits fly  
To scenes where love and bliss immortal reign.

**S U M M E R.**

## ARGUMENT.

•The subject proposed.—Invocation.—Address to Mr. Doddington.—An introductory reflection on the motion of the heavenly bodies; whence the succession of the Seasons.—As the face of Nature in this season is almost uniform, the progress of the Poem is a description of a Summer's day.—The dawn.—Sun-rising.—Hymn to the sun.—Forenoon.—Summer insects described.—Hay-making.—Sheep-shearing.—Noon-day.—A woodland retreat.—Group of herds and flocks.—A solemn grove; how it affects a contemplative mind.—A cataract, and rude scene.—View of Summer in the torrid zone.—Storm of thunder and lightning.—A tale.—The storm over, a serene afternoon.—Bathing.—Hour of walking.—Transition to the prospect of a rich, well cultivated country; which introduces a panegyric on Great-Britain.—Sun-set.—Evening.—Night.—Summer meteors.—A comet.—The whole concluding with the praise of philosophy.

# SUMMER.

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From brightening fields of ether fair disclosed,  
Child of the Sun, refulgent Summer comes,  
In pride of youth, and felt through Nature's depth:  
He comes attended by the sultry hours,  
And ever-fanning breezes, on his way ;  
While, from his ardent look, the turning Spring  
Averts her blushful face ; and earth and skies,  
All-smiling, to his hot dominion leaves.

Hence, let me haste into the mid-wood shade,  
Where scarce a sun-beam wanders through the gloom  
And on the dark-green grass, beside the brink  
Of haunted stream, that by the roots of oak  
Rolls o'er the rocky channel, lie at large,  
And sing the glories of the circling year.

Come, Inspiration ! from thy hermit-seat,  
By mortal seldom found : may Fancy dare,  
From thy fix'd serious eye, and raptured glance  
Shot on surrounding Heaven, to steal one look  
Creative of the Poet, every power  
Exalting to an ecstasy of soul.

And thou, my youthful Muse's early friend,  
In whom the human graces all unite :  
Pure light of mind, and tenderness of heart ;  
Genius, and wisdom ; the gay social sense,  
By decency chastised ; goodness and wit,  
In seldom-meeting harmony combined ;  
Unblemish'd honour, and an active zeal  
For Britain's glory, Liberty, and Man :  
O Doddington ! attend my rural song,  
Stoop to my theme, inspirit every line,  
And teach me to deserve thy just applause.

With what an awful world-revolving power  
 Were first th' unwieldy planets launch'd along  
 Th' illimitable void ! Thus to remain,  
 Amid the flux of many thousand years,  
 That oft has swept the toiling race of Men,  
 And all their labour'd monuments away,  
 Firm, unremitting, matchless, in their course ;  
 To the kind-temper'd change of night and day,  
 And of the seasons ever stealing round,  
 Minutely faithful : Such th' all-perfect Hand !  
 That poised, impels, and rules the steady whole.

When now no more th' alternate Twins are fired,  
 And Cancer reddens with the solar blaze,  
 Short is the doubtful empire of the night ;  
 And soon observant of approaching day,  
 The meek-eyed Morn appears, mother of dew,  
 At first faint-gleaming in the dappled east :  
 Till far o'er ether spreads the widening glow ;  
 And, from before the lustre of her face,  
 White break the clouds away. With quicken'd step,  
 Brown night retires : young Day pours in apace,  
 And opens all the lawny prospect wide.  
 The dripping rock, the mountain's misty top,  
 Swell on the sight, and brighten with the dawn.  
 Blue through the dusk, the stoking currents shine ;  
 And from the bladed field the fearful hare  
 Limpers awkward : while along the forest-glade  
 The wild deer trip, and often turning, gaze  
 At early passenger. Music awakes  
 The native voice of undissembled joy ;  
 And thick around the woodland hymns arise.  
 Roused by the cock, the soon-clad shepherd leaves  
 His mossy cottage, where with Peace he dwells ;  
 And from the crowded fold, in order, drives  
 His flock, to taste the verdure of the morn.

Falsely luxurious will not man awake ;  
 And, springing from the bed of sloth, enjoy  
 The cool, the fragrant, and the silent hour,  
 To meditation due, and sacred song ?  
 For is there aught in sleep can charm the wise ?

To lie in dead oblivion, losing half  
The fleeting moments of too short a life;  
Total extinction of th' enlightened soul;  
Or else to feverish vanity alive,  
Wildered, and tossing through distemper'd dreams?  
Who would in such a gloomy state remain  
Longer than Nature craves; when every Muse  
And every blooming pleasure wait without,  
To bless the wildly devious morning walk?

But yonder comes the powerful King of Day,  
Rejoicing in the east. The lessening cloud,  
The kindling azure, and the mountain's brow  
Illumed with fluid gold, his near approach  
Betoken glad. Lo! now, apparent all,  
Aslant the dew-bright earth, and colour'd air,  
He looks in boundless majesty abroad;  
And sheds the shining day, that burnish'd plays  
On rocks, and hills, and towers, and wandering streams;  
High-gleaming from afar. Prime cheerer Light!  
Of all material beings first, and best!  
Efflux divine! Nature's resplendent robe!  
Without whose vesting beauty all were wrapt  
In unessential gloom; and thou, O Sun!  
Soul of surrounding worlds! in whom best seen  
Shines out thy Maker! may I sing of thee?

'Tis by thy secret, strong, attractive force,  
As with a chain indissoluble bound,  
Thy system rolls entire: from the far bourne  
Of utmost Saturn, wheeling wide his round  
Of thirty years; to Mercury, whose disk  
Can scarce be caught by philosophic eye,  
Lost in the near effulgence of thy blaze.

Informer of the planetary train!  
Without whose quickening glance their cumbrous orbs  
Were brute unlovely mass, inert and dead,  
And not, as now, the green abodes of life!  
How many forms of being wait on thee!  
Inhaling spirit; from th' unfettered mind,  
By thee sublimed, down to the daily race,  
The mixing myriads of thy setting beam.

The vegetable world is also thine,  
 Parent of Seasons ! who the pomp precede  
 That waits thy throne, as through thy vast domain,  
 Annual, along the bright ecliptic road,  
 In world-rejoicing state, it moves sublime.  
 Meantime, th' expecting nations, circled gay  
 With all the various tribes of foodful earth,  
 Implore thy bounty, or send grateful up  
 A common hymn : while, round thy beaming ear,  
 High-seen, the Seasons lead, in sprightly dance  
 Harmonious knit, the rosy finger'd Hours,  
 The Zephyrs floating loose, the timely Rains,  
 Of bloom ethereal the light-footed Dews,  
 And softened into joy the surly Storms.  
 These, in successive turn, with lavish hand,  
 Shower every beauty, every fragrance shower,  
 Herbs, flowers, and fruits ; till, kindling at thy touch,  
 From land to land is flush'd the vernal year.

Nor to the surface of enliven'd earth,  
 Graceful with hills and dales, and leafy woods,  
 Her liberal tresses, is thy force confined :  
 But, to the bowel'd cavern darting deep,  
 The mineral kinds confess thy mighty power.  
 Effulgent, hence the veiny marble shines ;  
 Hence labour draws his tools ; hence burnish'd War  
 Gleams on the day ; the nobler works of Peace  
 Hence bless mankind, and generous Commerce binds  
 The round of nations in a golden chain.

Th' unfruitful rock itself, impregn'd by thee,  
 In dark retirement forms the lucid stone.  
 The lively Diamond drinks thy purest rays,  
 Collected light, compact : that, polish'd bright,  
 And all its native lustre let abroad,  
 Dares, as it sparkles on the fair one's breast,  
 With vain ambition emulate her eyes.  
 At thee the Ruby lights its deepening glow,  
 And with a waving radiance inward flames.  
 From thee the Sapphire, solid ether, takes  
 Its hue cerulean ; and of evening tinct,  
 The purple-streaming Amethyst is thine,

With thy own smile the yellow Topaz burns.  
Nor deeper verdure dyes the robe of Spring,  
When first she gives it to the southern gale,  
Than the green Emerald shows. But, all combined,  
Thick through the whitening Opal play thy beams ;  
Or flying several from its surface, form  
A trembling variance of revolving hues,  
As the site varies in the gazer's hand.

The very dead creation, from thy touch,  
Assumes a mimic life. By thee refined,  
In brighter mazes, the relucient stream  
Plays o'er the mead. The precipice abrupt,  
Projecting horror on the blacken'd flood,  
Softens at thy return. The desert joys  
Wildly through all his melancholy bounds.  
Rude ridges glitter ; and the briny deep,  
Seen from some pointed promontory's top,  
Far to the blue horizon's utmost verge,  
Restless, reflects a floating gleam. But this,  
And all the much transported Muse can sing,  
Are to thy beauty, dignity, and use,  
Unequal far ; great delegated source  
Of light, and life, and grace, and joy below !

How shall I then attempt to sing of Him !  
Who, Light Himself, in uncreated light  
Invested deep, dwells awfully retired  
From mortal eye, or angel's purer ken ;  
Whose single smile has, from the first of time,  
Fill'd, overflowing, all those lamps of Heaven,  
That beam for ever through the boundless sky :  
But should he hide his face, th' astonish'd sun,  
And all th' extinguish'd stars, would loosening reel  
Wide from their spheres, and Chaos come again.

And yet was every faltering tongue of Man,  
Almighty Father ! silent in thy praise ;  
Thy works themselves would raise a general voice,  
Even in the depth of solitary woods,  
By human foot untrod ; proclaim thy power,  
And to the quire celestial Thee resound,  
Th' eternal cause, support, and end of all !



To me be Nature's volume broad-display'd;  
And to peruse its all-instructing page,  
Or haply catching inspiration thence,  
Some easy passage, raptured, to translate,  
My sole delight; as through the falling glooms  
Pensive I stray, or with the rising dawn  
On Fancy's eagle-wing excursive soar.

Now, flaming up the heavens, the potent sun  
Melts into limpid air the high raised clouds,  
And morning fogs, that hover'd round the hills  
In party-colour'd bands; till wide unveil'd  
The face of nature shines, from where earth seems,  
Far stretch'd around, to meet the bending sphere.

Half in a blush of clustering roses lost,  
Dew-dropping Coolness to the shade retires;  
There on the verdant turf, or flowery bed,  
By gelid founts and careless rills to muse;  
While tyrant Heat, disspreading through the sky,  
With rapid sway, his burning influence darts  
On Man, and beast, and herb, and tepid stream.

Who can un pitying see the flowery race,  
Shed by the morn, their new-flush'd bloom resign,  
Before the parching beam? So fade the fair,  
When fevers revel through their azure veins.  
But one, the lofty follower of the sun,  
Sad when he sets, shuts up her yellow leaves,  
Drooping all night; and, when he warm returns,  
Points her enamour'd bosom to his ray.

Home, from his morning task, the swain retreats;  
His flock before him stepping to the fold:  
While the full-udder'd mother lows around  
The cheerful cottage then expecting food,  
The food of innocence and health! The daw,  
The rook, and magpie, to the grey-grown oaks  
That the calm village in their verdant arms  
Sheltering embrace, direct their lazy flight;  
Where on the mingling boughs they sit embower'd,  
All the hot noon, till cooler hours arise.  
Faint, underneath, the household fowls convene;  
And, in a corner of the buzzing shade,

The house-dog, with the vacant greyhound, lies,  
Out-stretch'd, and sleepy. In his slumbers one  
Attacks the nightly thief, and one exults  
O'er hill and dale ; till, wakened by the wasp,  
They starting snap. Nor shall the Muse disdain  
To let the little noisy summer-race  
Live in her lay, and flutter through her song ;  
Not mean though simple ; to the sun alli'd,  
From him they draw their animating fire.

Waked by his warmer ray, the reptile young  
Come wing'd abroad ; by the light air upborne,  
Lighter, and full of soul. From every chink,  
And secret corner, where they slept away  
The wint'ry storms ; or rising from their tombs,  
To higher life ; by myriads, forth at once,  
Swarming they pour ; of all the varied hues  
Their beauty-beaming parent can disclose.

Ten thousand forms ! ten thousand different tribes !  
People the blaze. To sunny waters some  
By fatal instinct fly ; where on the pool  
They, sportive, wheel ; or, sailing down the stream,  
Are snatch'd immediate by the quick-eyed trout,  
Or darting salmon. Through the green-wood glade  
Some love to stray ; there lodged, amused and fed,  
In the fresh leaf. Luxurious, others make  
The meads their choice, and visit every flower,  
And every latent herb : for the sweet task,  
To propagate their kinds, and where to wrap,  
In what soft beds, their young yet undisclosed,  
Employs their tender care. Some to the house,  
The fold, and dairy, hungry, bend their flight ;  
Sip round the pail, or taste the curdling cheese :  
Oft, inadvertent, from the milky stream  
They meet their fate ; or, weltering in the bowl,  
With powerless wings around them wrapt, expire.

But chief to heedless flies the window proves  
A constant death ; where, gloomily retired ;  
The villain spider lives, cunning, and fierce,  
Mixture abhorr'd ! Amid a mangled heap  
Of carcasses, in eager watch he sits,

O'erlooking all his waving snares around.  
Near the dire cell the dreadless wanderer oft  
Passes, as oft the ruffian shows his front ;  
The prey at last ensnared, he dreadful darts,  
With rapid glide, along the leaning line ;  
And, fixing in the wretch his cruel fangs,  
Strikes backward grimly pleased : the fluttering wing,  
And shriller sound, declare extreme distress,  
And ask the helping hospitable hand.

Resounds the living surface of the ground :  
Nor undelightful is the ceaseless hum,  
To him who muses through the woods at noon ;  
Or drowsy shepherd, as he lies reclined,  
With half-shut eyes, beneath the floating shade  
Of willows grey, close-crowding o'er the brook.

Gradual, from these what numerous kinds descend,  
Evading even the microscopic eye !  
Full Nature swarms with life ; one wond'rous mass  
Of animals, or atoms organized,  
Waiting the vital breath, when Parent Heaven  
Shall bid his spirit blow. The hoary sen,  
In putrid steams, emits the living cloud  
Of pestilence. Through subterranean cells,  
Where searching sun-beams scarce can find a way,  
Earth animated heaves. The flowery leaf  
Wants not its soft inhabitants. Secure,  
Within its winding citadel, the stone  
Holds multitudes. But chief the forest boughs,  
That dance unnumber'd to the playful breeze ;  
The downy orchard, and the melting pulp  
Of mellow fruit, the nameless nations feed  
Of evanescent insects. Where the pool  
Stands mantled o'er with green, invisible,  
Amid the floating verdure millions stray.  
Each liquid too, whether it pierces, soothes,  
Inflames, refreshes, or exalts the taste,  
With various forms abounds. Nor is the stream  
Of purest crystal, nor the lucid air,  
Though one transparent vacancy it seems,  
Void of their unseen people. These, conceal'd

By the kind art of forming Heaven, escape  
The grosser eye of man : for, if the worlds  
In worlds enclosed should on his senses burst,  
From cates ambrosial, and the nectar'd bowl,  
He would abhorrent turn ; and in dead night,  
When silence sleeps o'er all, be stunn'd with noise.

Let no presuming implous railer tax  
Creative Wisdom, as if aught was form'd  
In vain, or not for admirable ends.  
Shall little haughty Ignorance pronounce  
His works unwise, of which the smallest part  
Exceeds the narrow vision of her mind ?  
As if upon a full proportion'd dome,  
On swelling columns heaved, the pride of art ?  
A critic-fly, whose feeble ray scarce spreads  
An inch around, with blind presumption bold,  
Should dare to tax the structure of the whole.  
And lives the Man, whose universal eye  
Has swept at once th' unbounded scheme of things ;  
Mark'd their dependence so, and firm accord,  
As with unfaltering accent to conclude  
That this availeth nought ? Has any seen  
The mighty-chain of beings, lessening down  
From infinite Perfection to the brink  
Of dreary Nothing, desolate abyss !  
From which astonish'd thought, recoiling, turns ?  
Till then, alone let zealous praise ascend,  
And hymns of holy wonder, to that Power,  
Whose wisdom shines as lovely on our minds,  
As on our smiling eyes his servant-sun.

Thick in yon stream of light, a thousand ways,  
Upward, and downward, thwarting, and convolved,  
The quivering nations sport ; till, tempest-wing'd,  
Fierce Winter sweeps them from the face of day.  
Even so luxurious Men, unheeding, pass  
An idle summer-life in fortune's shine,  
A season's glitter ! Thus they flutter on  
From toy to toy, from vanity to vice ;  
Till, blown away by death, oblivion comes  
Behind, and strikes them from the book of life.

Now swarms the village o'er the joyful mead:  
The rustic youth, brown with meridian toil,  
Healthful and strong; full as the summer-rose  
Blown by prevailing suns, the ruddy maid,  
Half naked, swelling on the sight, and all  
Her kindled graces burning o'er her cheek.  
Even stooping age is here; and infant-hands,  
Trail the long rake, or with the fragrant load  
O'ercharged, amid the kind oppression roll.  
Wide flies the tedded grain; all in a row  
Advancing broad, or wheeling round the field,  
They spread the breathing harvest to the sun,  
That throws refreshful round a rural smell:  
Or, as they rake the green-appearing ground,  
And drive the dusky wave along the mead,  
'The russet hay-cock rises thick behind,  
In order gay. While heard from dale to dale,  
Waking the breeze, resounds the blended voice  
Of happy labour, love, and social glee.

Or, rushing thence, in one diffusive band,  
'They drive the troubled flocks, by many a dog  
Compell'd, to where the mazy-running brook  
Forms a deep pool; this bank abrupt and high,  
And that fair spreading in a pebbled shore.  
Urged to the giddy brink, much is the toil,  
The clamour much, of men, and boys, and dogs,  
Ere the soft fearful people to the flood  
Commit their woolly sides. And oft the swain,  
On some impatient seizing, hurls them in:  
Embolden'd then, nor hesitating more,  
Fast, fast, they plunge amid the flashing wave,  
And panting labour to the farthest shore.  
Repeated this, till deep the well-wash'd fleece  
Has drunk the flood, and from his lively haunt  
The trout is banish'd by the sordid stream;  
Heavy, and dripping, to the breezy brow  
Slow move the harmless race; where, as they spread  
Their swelling treasures to the sunny ray,  
Inly disturb'd, and wond'ring what this wild  
Outrageous tumult means, their loud complaints

The country fill; and, toss'd from rock to rock,  
Incessant bleatings run around the hills.

At last, of snowy white, the gather'd flocks  
Are in the wattled pen innumeros press'd,  
Head above head: and, ranged in lusty rows  
The shepherds sit, and whet the sounding shears.  
The house-wife waits to roll her fleecy stores,  
With all her gay-drest maids attending round.  
One, chief, in gracious dignity enthroned,  
Shines o'er the rest, the pastoral queen, and rays  
Her smiles, sweet-beaming, on her shepherd-king;  
While the glad circle round them yield their souls  
To festive mirth, and wit that knows no gall.  
Meantime, their joyous task goes on apace:  
Some, mingling, stir the melted tar, and some,  
Deep on the new-shorn vagrant's heaving side,  
To stamp his master's cypher ready stand;  
Others the unwilling wether drag along;  
And, glorying in his might, the sturdy boy  
Holds by the twisted horns the indignant ram.  
Behold where bound, and of its robe bereft,  
By needy Man, that all-depending lord,  
How meek, how patient, the mild creature lies!  
What softness in its melancholy face,  
What dumb complaining innocence appears!  
Fear not, ye gentle tribes, 'tis not the knife  
Of horrid slaughter that is o'er you waved;  
No, 'tis the tender swain's well-guided shears,  
Who having now, to pay his annual care,  
Borrow'd your fleece, to you a cumbrous load,  
Will send you bounding to your hills again

A simple scene! yet hence Britannia sees  
Her solid grandeur rise: hence she commands  
Th' exalted stores of every brighter clime,  
The treasures of the Sun without his rage:  
Hence, fervent all, with culture, toil, and arts,  
Wide glows her land; her dreadful thunder hence  
Rides o'er the waves sublime, and now, even now,  
Impending hangs o'er Gallia's humbled coast;  
Hence rules the circling deep, and awes the world.

'Tis raging Noon, and, vertical, the Sun  
 Darts on the head direct his forceful rays.  
 O'er heaven and earth, far as the ranging eye  
 Can sweep, a dazzling deluge reigns ; and all  
 From pole to pole is undistinguish'd blaze.  
 In vain the sight, dejected to the ground,  
 Stoops for relief ; thence, hot ascending steams  
 And keen reflection pain. Deep to the root  
 Of vegetation parch'd, the cleaving fields  
 And slippery lawn an arid hue disclose ;  
 Blast Fancy's bloom, and wither even the soul.  
 Echo no more returns the cheerful sound  
 Of sharpening scythe : the mower sinking heaps  
 O'er him the humid hay, with flowers perfumed ;  
 And scarce a chirping grasshopper is heard  
 Through the dumb mead. Distressful Nature pants,  
 The very streams look languid from afar ;  
 Or through th' unshelter'd glade, impatient, seem  
 To hurl into the covert of the grove.

All-conquering Heat ! Oh, intermit thy wrath ;  
 And on my throbbing temples potent thus  
 Beam not so fierce. Incessant still you flow,  
 And still another fervent flood succeeds,  
 Pour'd on the head profuse. In vain I sigh,  
 And restless turn, and look around for Night ;  
 Night is far off, and hotter hours approach.  
 'Thrice happy he ! who on the sunless side  
 Of a romantic mountain, forest crown'd,  
 Beneath the whole collected shade reclines ;  
 Or in the gelid caverns, woodbine-wrought,  
 And fresh bedew'd with ever-spouting streams,  
 Sits coolly calm ; while all the world without,  
 Unsatisfied, and sick, tosses in Noon,  
 Emblem instructive of the virtuous Man  
 Who keeps his temper'd mind serene, and pure,  
 And every passion aptly harmonized,  
 Amid a jarring world with vice inflamed.

Welcome, ye shades ! ye bowery thickets, hail !  
 Ye lofty Pines ! ye venerable Oaks !  
 Ye Ashes wild, resounding o'er the steep !

Delicious is your shelter to the soul,  
As to the hunted hart the sallying spring,  
Or stream full-flowing, that his swelling sides  
Laves as he floats along the herbage brink.  
Cool, through the nerves, your pleasing comfort glides ;  
The heart beats glad ; the fresh, expanded eye  
And ear resume their watch ; the sinews knit ;  
And life shoots swift through all the lighten'd limbs.

Around the adjoining brook that purls along  
The vocal grove, now fretting o'er a rock,  
Now scarcely moving through a reedy pool,  
Now starting to a sudden stream, and now  
Gently diffused into a limpid plain ;  
A various groupe the herds and flocks compose,  
Rural confusion ! On the grassy bank  
Some ruminating lie : while others stand  
Half in the flood, and often bending, sip  
The circling surface. In the middle droops  
The strong laborious ox, of honest front,  
Which incomposed he shakes ; and from his sides  
The troublous insects lashes with his tail,  
Returning still. Amid his subjects safe,  
Slumbers the monarch swain ; his careless arm  
Thrown around his head, on downy moss sustain'd ;  
Here laid his scrip, with wholesome viands fill'd  
There, listening every noise, his watchful dog.

Light fly his slumbers, if perchance a flight  
Of angry gad-flies fasten on the herd ;  
That startling scatters from the shallow brook,  
In search of lavish stream. Tossing the foam,  
They scorn the keeper's voice, and scour the plain,  
Through all the bright severity of noon ;  
While from their labouring breast a hollow moan  
Proceeding, runs low-bellowing round the hills.

Oft in this season too, the horse, provoked,  
While his big sinews full of spirits swell,  
Trembling with vigour, in the heat of blood,  
Springs the high fente ; and o'er the field effused,  
Darts on the gloomy flood with steadfast eye,  
And heart estranged to fear : his nervous chest,



Luxuriant, and erect, the seat of strength,  
 Bears down the opposing stream; quenchless his thirst;  
 He takes the river at redoubled draughts;  
 And with wide nostrils, snorting, skims the wave.

Still let me pierce into the midnight depth  
 Of yonder grove, of wildest, largest growth:  
 That, forming high in air a woodland quire,  
 Nods o'er the mount beneath At every step,  
 Solemn and slow, the shadows blacker fall,  
 And all is awful listening gloom around.

These are the haunts of Meditation, these  
 The scenes where ancient bards th' inspiring breath,  
 Ecstatic, felt; and from this world retired,  
 Conversed with angels, and immortal forms,  
 On gracious errands bent: to save the fall  
 Of virtue, struggling on the brink of vice;  
 In waking whispers, and repeated dreams,  
 To hint pure thought, and warn the favour'd soul  
 For future trials fated to prepare;  
 To prompt the poet, who devoted gives  
 His muse to better themes; to soothe the pangs  
 Of dying worth, and from the patriot's breast  
 (Backward to mingle in detested war,  
 But foremost when engaged) to turn the death;  
 And numberless such offices of love,  
 Daily, and nightly, zealous to perform.

Shook sudden from the bosom of the sky,  
 A thousand shapes or glide athwart the dusk,  
 Or stalk majestic on. Deep-roused, I feel  
 A sacred terror, a severe delight,  
 Creep through my mortal frame; and thus, methinks,  
 A voice, than human more, th' abstracted ear  
 Or fancy strikes: "Be not of us afraid,  
 "Poor kindred Man! thy fellow-creatures, we  
 "From the same Parent-Power our beings drew,  
 "The same our Lord, and laws, and great pursuit.  
 "Once some of us, like thee, through stormy life,  
 "Toil'd, tempest-beaten, ere we could attain  
 "This holy calm, this harmony of mind,  
 "Where purity and peace in mingle charms.

" Then fear not us ; but with responsive song,  
 " Amid these dim recesses, undisturb'd  
 " By noisy folly and discordant vice,  
 " Of Nature sing with us, and Nature's God.  
 " Here frequent, at the visionary hour,  
 " When musing midnight reigns, or silent noon,  
 " Angelic harps are in full concert heard,  
 " And voices chanting from the wood-crown'd hill,  
 " The deepening dale, or inmost sylvan glade :  
 " A privilege bestow'd by us alone,  
 " On Contemplation, or the hallow'd ear  
 " Of Poet, swelling to seraphic strain."

And art thou, Stanley,\* of that sacred band ?  
 Alas, for us too soon ! Though raised above  
 The reach of human pain, above the flight  
 Of human joy ; yet, with a mingled ray  
 Of sadly-pleased remembrance, must thou feel  
 A mother's love, a mother's tender wo :  
 Who seeks thee still in many a former scene ;  
 Seeks thy fair form, thy lovely-beaming eyes,  
 Thy pleasing converse, by gay lively sense  
 Inspired : where moral wisdom mildly shone,  
 Without the toil of art ; and virtue glow'd  
 In all her smiles, without forbidding pride.  
 But, O thou best of parents ! wipe thy tears ;  
 Or rather to Parental Nature pay  
 The tears of grateful joy, who for a while  
 Lent thee this younger self, this opening bloom  
 Of thy enlightened mind and gentle worth.  
 Believe the Muse : the wint'ry blast of death  
 Kills not the buds of virtue : no, they spread,  
 Beneath the heavenly beam of brighter suns,  
 Through endless ages, into higher powers.

Thus up the mount, in airy vision wrapt,  
 I stray, regardless whither ; till the sound  
 Of a near fall of water every sense

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\* A young lady, well known to the author, who died at  
 the age of eighteen, in the year 1738.

Wakes from the charm of thought : swift-shrinking back,  
I check my steps, and view the broken scene.

Smooth to the shelving brink a copious flood  
Rolls fair, and placid ; where collected all,  
In one impetuous torrent, down the steep  
It thundering shoots, and shakes the country round.  
At first, an azure sheet it rushes broad ;  
Then whitening by degrees, as prone it falls,  
And from the loud-resounding rocks below  
Dash'd in a cloud of foam, it sends aloft  
A hoary mist, and forms a ceaseless shower.  
Nor can the tortured wave here find repose ;  
But raging still amid the shaggy rocks,  
Now flashes o'er the scatter'd fragments, now  
Aslant the hollow channel rapid darts ;  
And falling fast from gradual slope to slope,  
With wild infracted course, and lessen'd roar,  
It gains a safer bed ; and steals, at last,  
Along the mazes of the quiet vale.

Invited from the cliff, to whose dark brow  
He clings, the steep-ascending eagle soars,  
With upward pinions through the flood of day ;  
And, giving full his bosom to the blaze,  
Gains on the sun ; while all the tuneful race,  
Smit by the afflictive noon, disorder'd droop,  
Deep in the thicket ; or, from bower to bower  
Responsive, force an interrupted strain.  
The stock-dove only through the forest coos,  
Mournfully hoarse ; oft ceasing from his plaint,  
Short interval of weary wo ! again  
The sad idea of his murder'd mate,  
Struck from his side by savage fowler's guile,  
Across his fancy comes ; and then resounds  
A louder song of sorrow through the grove.

Beside the dewy border let me sit,  
All in the freshness of the humid air ;  
There in that hollowed rock, grotesque and wild,  
An ample chair, moss-lined, and over head  
By flowering umbrage shaded ; where the bee  
Strays diligent, and with the extracted baln

Of fragrant woodbine loads his little thigh.  
Now, while I taste the sweetness of the shade,  
While Nature lies around deep-lull'd in Noon,  
Now come, bold Fancy, spread a daring flight,  
And view the wonders of the torrid Zone :  
Climes unrelenting ! with whose rage compared,  
Yon blaze is feeble, and yon skles are cool.

See, how at once the bright-effulgent sun,  
Rising direct, swift chases from the sky  
The short-lived twilight ; and with ardent blaze  
Looks gaily fierce through all the dazzling air :  
He mounts his throne ; but kind before him sends,  
Issuing from out the portals of the morn,  
The general Breeze,\* to mitigate his fire,  
And breathe refreshment on a fainting world.  
Great are the scenes, with dreadful beauty crown'd  
And barbarous wealth, that see, each circling year,  
Returning suns and double seasons† pass :  
Rocks rich in gems, and mountains big with mines,  
That on the high equator ridgy rise,  
Whence many a bursting stream auriferous plays :  
Majestic woods, of ever vigorous green,  
Stage above stage, high-waving o'er the hills ;  
Or to the far horizon wide diffused,  
A boundless deep immensity of shade.

Here lofty trees, to ancient song unknown,  
The noble sons of potent heat and floods,  
Prone-rushing from the clouds, rear high to Heaven  
Their thorny stems ; and broad around them throw  
Meridian gloom. Here, in eternal prime,  
Unnumber'd fruits, of keen delicious taste

---

\* Which blows constantly between the tropics from the east, or the collateral points, the north-east and south-east : caused by the pressure of the rarefied air on that before it, according to the diurnal motion of the sun from east to west.

† In all climates between the tropics, the sun, as he passes and repasses in his annual motion, is twice a year vertical, which produces this effect.

And vital spirit, drink amid the cliffs,  
And burning sands that bank the shrubby vales,  
Redoubled day; yet in their rugged coats  
A friendly juice to cool its rage contain.

Bear me, Pomona! to thy citron groves;  
To where the lemon and the piercing lime,  
With the deep orange, glowing through the green,  
Their lighter glories blend. Lay me reclined  
Beneath the spreading tamarind that shakes,  
Fann'd by the breeze, its fever-cooling fruit.  
Deep in the night the massy locust sheds,  
Quench my hot limbs; or lead me through the maze,  
Embowering endless, of the Indian fig;  
Or thrown at gayer ease, on some fair brow,  
Let me behold, by breezy murmurs cool'd,  
Broad o'er my head the verdant cedar wave,  
And high palmetos lift their graceful shade.  
Or stretch'd amid these orchards of the sun,  
Give me to drain the cocoa's milky bowl,  
And from the palm to draw its freshening wine;  
More bounteous far than all the frantic juice  
Which Bacchus pours. Nor, on its slender twigs  
Low-bending, be the full pomegranate scorn'd;  
Nor, creeping through the woods, the gelid race  
Of berries. Oft in humble station dwells  
Unboastful worth, above fastidious pomp.  
Witness, thou best Anana! thou the pride  
Of vegetable life, beyond whate'er  
The poets imaged in the golden age:  
Quick let me strip thee of thy tufty coat,  
Spread thy ambrosial stores, and feast with Jove!

From these the prospect varies. Plains immense  
Lie stretch'd below, interminable meads,  
And vast savannas, where the wandering eye,  
Unfix'd, is in a verdant ocean lost.  
Another Flora there, of bolder hues,  
And richer sweets, beyond our garden's pride,  
Plays o'er the fields, and showers with sudden hand  
Exuberant spring: for oft these valleys shift  
Their green-embroider'd robe to fiery brown,

And swift to green again, as scorching suns,  
Or streaming dews and torrent rains, prevail.

Along these lonely regions, where, retired  
From little scenes of art, great Nature dwells  
In awful solitude ; and nought is seen  
But the wild herds that own no master's stall ;  
Prodigious rivers roll their fatt'ning seas ;  
On whose luxuriant herbage, half-conceal'd,  
Like a fallen cedar, far diffused his train,  
Cased in green scales, the crocodile extends.  
The flood disparts : behold ! in plaited mail,  
Behemoth\* rears his head. Glanced from his side,  
The darted steel in idle shivers flies :  
He fearless walks the plain, or seeks the hills ;  
Where, as he crops his varied fare, the herds,  
In widening circle round, forget their food,  
And at the harmless stranger wondering gaze.

Peaceful, beneath primeval trees, that cast  
Their ample shade o'er Niger's yellow stream,  
And where the Ganges rolls his sacred wave ;  
Or mid the central depth of blackening woods,  
High-raised in solemn theatre around,  
Leans the huge elephant : wisest of brutes !  
O truly wise ! with gentle might endow'd,  
Though powerful, not destructive ! Here he sees  
Revolving ages sweep the changeful earth,  
And empires rise and fall ; regardless he  
Of what the never-resting race of Men  
Project : thrice happy ! could he 'scape their guile,  
Who mine, from cruel avarice, his steps ;  
Or with his towery grandeur swell their state,  
The pride of kings ! or else his strength pervert,  
And bid him rage amid the mortal fray,  
Astonish'd at the madness of mankind.

Wide o'er the winding umbrage of the floods,  
Like vivid blossoms glowing from afar,  
Thick swarm the brighter birds. For Nature's hand,  
That with a sportive vanity has deck'd

---

\* *The Hippopotamus, or river-horse.*

The plummy nations, there her gayest hues  
Profusely pours. But, if she bids them shine,  
Array'd in all the beauteous beams of day,  
Yet frugal still, she humbles them in song.\*  
Nor envy we the gaudy robes they lent  
Proud Montezuma's realm, whose legions cast  
A boundless radiance waving on the sun,  
While Philomel is ours; while in our shades,  
Through the soft silence of the listening night,  
The sober-suited songstress trills her lay.

But come, my Muse, the desert-barrier burst,  
A wild expanse of lifeless sand and sky:  
And, swifter than the toiling caravan,  
Shoot o'er the vale of Sennar; ardent climb  
The Nubian mountains, and the secret bounds  
Of jealous Abyssinia boldly pierce.  
Thou art no ruffian, who beneath the mask  
Of social commerce comest to rob their wealth;  
No holy Fury thou, blaspheming Heaven,  
With consecrated steel to stab their peace,  
And through the land, yet red from civil wounds,  
To spread the purple tyranny of Rome.

Thou, like the harmless bee, may'st freely range,  
From mead to mead, bright with exalted flowers,  
From jasmine grove to grove, may'st wander gay,  
Through palmy shades and aromatic woods,  
That grace the plains, invest the peopled hills,  
And up the more than Alpine mountains wave.  
There on the breezy summit, spreading fair,  
For many a league; or on stupendous rocks,  
That from the sup<sup>er</sup>-redoubling valley lift,  
Cool to the middle air, their lawnly tops;  
Where palaces, and fanes, and villas rise;  
And gardens smile around, and cultured fields;  
And fountains gush; and careless herds and flocks  
Securely stray; a world within itself,

---

\* In all the regions of the torrid zone, the birds, though more beautiful in their plumage, are observed to be less melodious than ours.

*Disdaining all assault: there let me draw  
Ethereal soul, there drink reviving gales,  
Profusely breathing from the spicy groves,  
And vales of fragrance; there at distance hear  
The roaring floods, and cataracts, that sweep  
From disembowel'd earth the virgin gold;  
And o'er the varied landscape, restless, rove,  
Fervent with life of every fairer kind;  
A land of wonders! which the sun still eyes  
With ray direct, as of the lovely realm  
Enamour'd, and delighting there to dwell.*

How changed the scene! In blazing height of noon,  
The sun, oppress'd, is plunged in thickest gloom.  
Still Horror reigns! a dreary twilight round,  
Of struggling night and day malignant mix'd!  
For to the hot equator crowding fast,  
Where, highly rarefied, the yielding air  
Admits their stream, incessant vapours roll,  
Amazing clouds on clouds continual heap'd;  
Or whirl'd tempestuous by the gusty wind,  
Or silent borne along, heavy, and slow,  
With the big stores of steaming oceans charged.  
Meantime, amid these upper seas, condensed  
Around the cold aerial mountain's brow,  
And by conflicting winds together dash'd,  
The Thunder holds his black tremendous throne:  
From cloud to cloud the rending lightnings rage;  
Till, in the furious elemental war  
Dissolved, the whole precipitated mass  
Unbroken floods and solid torrents pours.

The treasures these, hid from the bounded search  
Of ancient knowledge; whence, with annual pomp,  
Rich king of floods! o'erflows the swelling Nile.  
From his two springs, in Gojam's sunny realm,  
Pure-welling out, he through the lucid lake  
Of fair Dambea rolls his infant stream.  
There, by the Naiads nursed, he sports away  
His playful youth, amid the fragrant isles,  
That with unfading verdure smile around.  
Ambitious, thence the manly river breaks;



And gathering many a flood, and copious fed  
With all the mellow'd treasures of the sky,  
Winds in progressive majesty along ;  
Through splendid kingdoms now devolves his maze,  
Now wanders wild o'er solitary tracts  
Of life-deserted sand ; till, glad to quit  
The joyless desert, down the Nubian rocks  
From thundering steep to steep, he pours his urn,  
And Egypt joys beneath the spreading wave.

His brother Niger too, and all the floods  
In which the full-form'd maids of Afric lave  
Their jetty limbs ; and all that from the tract  
Of woody mountains stretch'd through gorgeous Ind  
Fall on Cormandel's coast, or Malabar ;  
From Menam's\* orient stream, that nightly shines  
With insect lamps, to where Aurora sheds  
On Indus' smiling banks the rosy shower :  
All, at this bounteous season, ope their urns,  
And pour untailing harvest o'er the land.

Nor less thy world, Columbus, drinks, refresh'd,  
The lavish moisture of the melting year.  
Wide o'er his isles, the branching Oronoke  
Rolls a brown deluge ; and the native drives  
To dwell aloft on life-sufficing trees ;  
At once his dome, his robe, his food, and arms.

Swell'd by a thousand streams, impetuous hurl'd  
From all the roaring Andes, huge descends  
The mighty Orellana.† Scarce the Muse  
Dares stretch her wing o'er this enormous mass  
Of rushing water ; scarce she dares attempt  
The sea-like Plata ; to whose dread expanse,  
Continuous depth, and wondrous length of course,  
Our floods are rills. With unabated force,  
In silent dignity they sweep along,  
And traverse realms unknown, and blooming wilds,

---

\* The river that runs through Siam ; on whose banks  
a vast multitude of those insects called Fire-flies make a  
beautiful appearance in the night.

† The river of the Amazons.

And fruitful deserts, worlds of solitude,  
Where the sun smiles, and seasons teem in vain,  
Unseen, and unenjoy'd. Forsaking these,  
O'er peopled plains they fair-diffusive flow,  
And many a nation feed, and circle safe,  
In their soft bosom, many a happy isle;  
The seat of blameless Pan, yet undisturb'd  
By Christian crimes and Europe's cruel sons.  
Thus pouring on they proudly seek the deep,  
Whose vanquish'd tide, recoiling from the shock,  
Yields to this liquid weight of half the globe;  
And Ocean trembles for his green domain.

But what avails this wondrous waste of wealth?  
This gay profusion of luxurious bliss?  
This pomp of Nature? what their balmy meads,  
Their powerful herbs, and Ceres void of pain?  
By vagrant birds dispersed, and wafting winds,  
What their unplanted fruits? What the cool draughts,  
Th' ambrosial food, rich gums, and spicy health,  
Their forests yield? Their toiling insects what?  
Their silky pride, and vegetable robes?  
Ah! what avail their fatal treasures, hid  
Deep in the bowels of the pitying earth,  
Golconda's gems, and sad Potosi's mines;  
Where dwelt the gentlest children of the sun?  
What all that Afric's golden rivers roll,  
Her odorous woods, and shining ivory stores?  
Ill-fated race! the softening arts of Peace;  
Whate'er the humanizing Muses teach;  
The godlike wisdom of the temper'd breast;  
Progressive truth, the patient force of thought;  
Investigation calm, whose silent powers  
Command the world; the Light that leads to Heaven  
Kind equal rule; the government of laws,  
And all-protecting Freedom, which alone  
Sustains the name and dignity of Man;  
These are not theirs. The parent-sun himself  
Seems o'er this world of slaves to tyrannize;  
And, with oppressive ray, the roseate bloom  
Of beauty blasting, gives the gloomy hue,  
And feature gross: or worse to ruthless deeds,

Mad jealousy, blind rage, and fell revenge,  
Their fervid spirit fires. Love dwells not there,  
The soft regards, the tenderness of life,  
The heart shed tear, th' ineffable delight  
Of sweet humanity; these court the beam  
Of milder climes; in selfish fierce desire,  
And the wild fury of voluptuous sense,  
There lost. The very brute creation there  
This rage partakes, and burns with horrid fire.

Lo! the green serpent, from his dark abode,  
Which even Imagination fears to tread,  
At noon forth-issuing, gathers up his train  
In orbs immense, then, darting out anew,  
Seeks the refreshing fount; by which diffused,  
He throws his folds: and while with threat'ning tongue,  
And deathful jaws erect, the monster curls  
His flaming crest, all other thirst, appall'd,  
Or shivering flies, or check'd at distance stands,  
Nor dares approach. But still more direful he,  
The small close-lurking minister of Fate,  
Whose high-concocted venom through the veins  
A rapid lightning darts, arresting swift  
The vital current. Form'd to humble Man,  
This child of vengeful Nature! There, sublimed  
To fearless lust of blood, the savage race  
Roam, licensed by the shading hour of guilt,  
And foul misdeed, when the pure day has shut  
His sacred eye. The tiger darting fierce  
Impetuous on the prey his glance has doom'd;  
The lively-shining leopard, speckled o'er  
With many a spot, the beauty of the waste;  
And, scorning all the taming arts of Man,  
The keen hyæna, fellest of the fell:  
These rushing from th' inhospitable woods  
Of Mauritania, or the tufted isles,  
That verdant rise amid the Lybian wild,  
Innumerable glare around their shaggy king,  
Majestic stalking o'er the printed sand;  
And, with imperious and repeated roars,  
Demand their fated food. The fearful flocks

Crowd near the guardian swain ; the nobler herds,  
Where round their lordly bull, in rural ease,  
They ruminating lie, with horror hear  
The coming rage. Th' awaken'd village starts ;  
And to her fluttering breast the mother strains  
Her thoughtless infant. From the pirate's den,  
Or stern Morocco's tyrant fang escaped,  
The wretch half-wishes for his bonds again :  
While, uproar all, the wilderness resounds,  
From Atlas eastward to the frightened Nile.

Unhappy he ! who from the first of joys,  
Society, cut off, is left alone  
Amid this world of death. Day after day,  
Sad on the jutting eminence he sits,  
And views the main that ever toils below ;  
Still fondly forming in the farthest verge,  
Where the round ether mixes with the wave,  
Ships dim-discover'd, dropping from the clouds ;  
At evening, to the setting sun he turns  
A mournful eye, and down his dying heart  
Sinks helpless ; while the wonted roar is up,  
And hiss continual through the tedious night.  
Yet here, even here, into these black abodes  
Of monsters, unappall'd, from stooping Rome,  
And guilty Cæsar, Liberty retired,  
Her Catō following through Numidian wilds :  
Disdainful of Campania's gentle plains,  
And all the green delights Ausonia pours ;  
When for them she must bend the servile knee,  
And fawning take the splendid robber's boon.

Nor stop the terrors of these regions here.  
Commission'd demons oft, angels of wrath !  
Let loose the raging elements. Breath'd hot,  
From all the boundless furnace of the sky,  
And the wide-glittering waste of burning sand,  
A suffocating wind the pilgrim smites  
With instant death, Patient of thirst and toil,  
Son of the desert ! even the camel feels,  
Shot through his wither'd heart, the fiery blast.  
Or from the black-red ether, bursting broad,

Sallies the sudden whirlwind. Strait the sands,  
 Commov'd around, in gathering eddies play ;  
 Nearer and nearer still they darkening come ;  
 Till with the general all-involving storm  
 Swept up the whole continuous wilds arise :  
 And by their noon-day fount dejected thrown,  
 Or sunk at night in sad disastrous sleep,  
 Beneath descending hills, the caravan  
 Is buried deep. In Cairo's crowded streets  
 Th' impatient merchant, wondering, waits in vain,  
 And Mecca saddens at the long delay.

But chief at sea, whose every flexile wave  
 Obeys the blast, the aerial tumult swells.  
 In the dread Ocean, undulating wide.  
 Beneath the radiant line that girts the globe,  
 The circling Typhon,\* whirl'd from point to point,  
 Exhausting all the rage of all the sky,  
 And dire \*Ecnephia reign. Amid the heavens,  
 Falsely serene, deep in a cloudy speck†  
 Compress'd, the mighty tempest brooding dwells ;  
 Of no regard, save to the skilful eye,  
 Fiery and foul, the small prognostic hangs  
 Aloft, or on the promontory's brow  
 Musters its force. A faint deceitful calm,  
 A fluttering gale, the demon sends before,  
 To tempt the spreading sail. Then down at once,  
 Precipitant, descends a mingled mass  
 Of roaring winds, and flame, and rushing floods.

In wild amazement fix'd the sailor stands,  
 Art is too slow : By rapid fate oppress'd,  
 His broad-wing'd vessel drinks the whelming tide,  
 Hid in the bosom of the black abyss.  
 With such mad seas the daring Gama‡ fought,

\* *Typhon and Ecnephia, names of particular storms or hurricanes, known only between the tropics.*

† *Called by sailors the Ox-eye, being in appearance, at first, no bigger.*

‡ *Vasco de Gama, the first who sailed round Africa by the Cape of Good-Hope, to the East-Indies.*

For many a day, and many a dreadful night,  
Incessant, lab'ring round the stormy Cape;  
By bold ambition led, and bolder thirst  
Of gold. For then from ancient gloom emerged  
The rising world of trade; the Genius, then,  
Of navigation, that, in hopeless sloth,  
Had slumber'd on the vast Atlantic deep,  
For idle ages, starting, heard at last  
The †Lusitanian Prince; who, Heaven inspired,  
To love of useful glory roused mankind,  
And in unbounded Commerce mix'd the world.

Increasing still the terrors of these storms,  
His jaws horrific arm'd with three-fold fate,  
Here dwells the direful shark. Lured by the scent  
Of streaming crowds, of rank disease, and death,  
Behold! he rushing cuts the briny flood,  
Swift as the gale can bear the ship along;  
And from the partners of that cruel trade,  
Which spoils unhappy Guinea of her sons,  
Demands his share of prey; demands themselves.  
The stormy fates descend: one death involves  
Tyrants and slaves; when strait, their mangled limbs  
Crashing at once, he dyes the purple seas  
With gore, and riots in the vengeful meal.

When o'er this world, by equinoctial rains  
Flooded immense, looks out the joyless sun,  
And draws the copious stream: from swampy fens,  
Where putrefaction into life ferments,  
And breathes destructive myriads; or from woods,  
Impenetrable shades, recesses foul,  
In vapours rank and blue corruption wrapt,  
Whose gloomy horrors yet no desperate foot  
Has ever dared to pierce; then, wasteful, forth  
Walks the dire Power of pestilent disease.

---

† *Don Henry, third son to John the First, King of Portugal. His strong genius to the discovery of new countries was the chief source of all the modern improvements in navigation.*

A thousand hideous finds her course attend;  
Sick Nature blasting, and to heartless wo,  
And feeble desolation, casting down  
The towering hopes, and all the pride of Man.  
Such as, of late, at Carthage quench'd  
The British fire. You, gallant Vernon, saw  
The miserable scene; you, pitying, saw  
To infant-weakness sunk the warrior's arm;  
Saw the deep-racking pang, the ghastly form,  
The lip pale-quivering, and the beamless eye  
No more with ardour bright: you heard the groans  
Of agonizing ships, from shore to shore;  
Heard, nightly plunged amid the sullen waves,  
The frequent corse; while on each other fix'd  
In sad presage the blank assistants seem'd,  
Silent, to ask, whom Fate would next demand.

What need I mention those inclement skies,  
Where, frequent o'er the sickening city, Plague,  
The fiercest child of Nemesis divine,  
Descends? From Ethiopia's poisoned woods,  
From stifled Cairo's filth, and fetid fields  
With locust-armies putrefying\* heap'd  
This great destroyer sprung. Her awful rage  
The brutes escape: Man is her destin'd prey;  
Intemperate Man! and o'er his guilty domes,  
She draws a close incumbent cloud of death;  
Uninterrupted by the living winds,  
Forbid to blow a wholesome breeze; and stain'd  
With many a mixture by the sun, suffused,  
Of angry aspect. Princely wisdom, then,  
Dejects his watchful eye; and from the hand  
Of feeble justice, ineffectual, drop  
The sword and balance; mute the voice of joy,  
And hush'd the clamour of the busy world.  
Empty the streets with uncouth verdure clad;  
Into the worst of deserts sudden turn'd

---

\* These are the causes supposed to be the first origin  
of the Plague, in Dr. Mead's elegant book on that sub-  
ject:

The cheerful haunt of Men : unless escaped  
 From the doom'd house, where matchless horror reigns,  
 Shut up by barbarous fear, the smitten wretch,  
 With frenzy wild, breaks loose ; and, loud to heaven  
 Screaming, the dreadful policy arraigns,  
 Inhuman and unwise. The sullen door,  
 Yet uninfected, on its cautious hinge  
 Fearing to turn, abhors society :  
 Dependents, friends, relations, Love himself,  
 Savaged by wo, forget the tender tie,  
 The sweet engagement of the feeling heart.

But vain their selfish care : the circling sky,  
 The wide enlivening air is full of fate ;  
 And, struck by turns, in solitary pangs  
 They fall, unblest, untended, and unmourn'd.  
 Thus o'er the prostrate city, black Despair  
 Extends her raven wing ; while, to complete  
 The scene of desolation, stretch'd around,  
 The grim guards stand, denying all retreat,  
 And give the flying wretch a better death.

Much yet remains unsung : the rage intense  
 Of brazen-vaulted skies, of iron fields,  
 Where drought and famine starve the blasted year :  
 Fired by the torch of noon to tenfold rage,  
 The infuriate hill that shoots the pillar'd flame ;  
 And, roused within the subterranean world,  
 Th' expanding earthquake, that resistless shakes  
 Aspiring cities from their solid base,  
 And buries mountains in the flaming gulph.  
 But 'tis enough ; return, my vagrant Muse ;  
 A nearer scene of horror calls thee home.

Behold, slow-settling o'er the lurid grove  
 Unusual darkness broods ; and growing, gains  
 The full possession of the sky, surcharged  
 With wrathful vapour, from the secret beds,  
 Where sleep the Mineral generations, drawn.  
 Thence Nitre, Sulphur, and the fiery spume  
 Of fat Bitumen, steaming on the day,  
 With various-tinctured trains of latent flame,  
 Pollute the sky ; and in yon baleful cloud,



A redd'ning gloom, a magazine of fate,  
Ferment; till, by the touch ethereal roused,  
The dash of clouds, or irritating war  
Of fighting winds, while all is calm below,  
They furious spring. A boding silence reigns,  
Dread through the dun expanse; save the dull sound  
That from the mountain, previous to the storm,  
Rolls o'er the muttering earth, disturbs the flood,  
And shakes the forest-leaf without a breath.  
Prone, to the lowest vale, th' aerial tribes  
Descend: the tempest-loving raven, scarce  
Dares wing the dubious dusk. In rueful gaze  
The cattle stand, and on the scowling heavens  
Cast a deploring eye; by Man forsook,  
Who to the crowded cottage hies him fast,  
Or seeks the shelter of the downward cave.

'Tis list'ning fear, and dumb amazement all:  
When to the startled eye the sudden glance  
Appears far south, eruptive through the cloud;  
And following slower, in explosion vast,  
The Thunder raises his tremendous voice.  
At first, heard solemn o'er the verge of heaven,  
The tempest growls; but as it nearer comes,  
And rolls its awful burden on the wind,  
The lightnings flash a larger curve, and more  
The noise astounds: till over head, a sheet  
Of livid flame discloses wide; then shuts,  
And opens wider; shuts and opens still  
Expansive, wrapping ether in a blaze,  
Follows the loosen'd aggravated roar,  
Enlarging, deep'ning, mingling; peal on peal  
Crush'd horrible, convulsing heaven and earth.

Down comes a deluge of sonorous hail,  
Or prone descending rain. Wide rent, the clouds  
Pour a whole flood; and yet, its flame unquench'd,  
Th' unconquerable lightning struggles through,  
Ragged and fierce, or in red whirling balls,  
And fires the mountains with redoubled rage.  
Black from the stroke, above, the smould'ring pine  
Stands a sad shatter'd trunk; and, stretch'd below,

A lifeless group the blasted cattle lie :  
 Here the soft flocks, with that same harmless look  
 They wore alive, and ruminating still  
 In fancy's eye ; and there the frowning bull,  
 And ox half-raised. Struck on the castled cliff,  
 The venerable tow'r and spiry fane  
 Resign their aged pride. The gloomy woods  
 Start at the flash, and from their deep recess,  
 Wide-flaming out, their trembling inmates shake.  
 Amid Carnarvon's mountains rages loud  
 'The repercursive roar : with mighty crush,  
 Into the flashing deep, from the rude rocks  
 Of Penmanmaur heap'd hideous to the sky,  
 Tumble the smitten cliffs ; and Snowden's peak,  
 Dissolving, instant yields his wint'ry load.  
 Far seen, the heights of heathy Cheviot blaze,  
 And Thule bellows through her utmost isles.

Guilt hears appall'd, with deeply-troubled thought.  
 And yet not always on the guilty head  
 Descends the fated flash. Young Celadon  
 And his Amelia were a matchless pair ;  
 With equal virtue form'd, and equal grace,  
 The same, distinguish'd by their sex alone :  
 Her's the mild lustre of the blooming morn,  
 And his the radiance of the risen day.

They loved : but such their guileless passion was,  
 As in the dawn of time inform'd the heart  
 Of innocence, and undissembling truth.  
 'Twas friendship heightened by the mutual wish,  
 Th' enchanting hope, and sympathetic glow,  
 Beam'd from the mutual eye. Devoting all  
 To love, each was to each a dearer self ;  
 Supremely happy in th' awaken'd power  
 Of giving joy. Alone, amid the shades,  
 Still in harmonious intercourse they lived  
 The rural day, and talked the flowing heart,  
 Or sigh'd and look'd unutterable things.

So pass'd their life, a clear united stream,  
 By care unruffled ; till, in evil hour,  
 The tempest caught them on the tender walk,

Heedless how far, and where its mazes stray'd ;  
While, with each other blest, creative love  
Still bade eternal Eden smile around.  
Presaging instant fate, her bosom heaved  
Unwonted sighs, and stealing oft a look  
Of the big gloom on Celadon, her eye  
Fell tearful, wetting her disorder'd cheek.  
In vain assuring love, and confidence  
In Heaven, repress'd her fear ; it grew, and shook  
Her frame near dissolution. He perceived  
'Th' unequal conflict, and as angels look  
On dying saints, his eyes compassion shed,  
With love illumined high. " Fear not," he said,  
" Sweet innocence ! thou stranger to offence,  
" And inward storm ! He, who yon skies involves  
" In frowns of darkness, ever smiles on thee  
" With kind regard. O'er thee, the secret shaft  
" That wastes at midnight, or th' undreaded hour  
" Of noon, flies harmless ; and that very voice,  
" Which thunders terror through the guilty heart,  
" With tongues of seraphs whispers peace to thine.  
" 'Tis safety to be near thee sure, and thus  
" To clasp perfection !" From his void embrace,  
Mysterious Heaven ! that moment, to the ground,  
A blackened corse, was struck the beauteous maid.  
But who can paint the lover, as he stood,  
Pierced by severe amazement, hating life,  
Speechless, and fix'd in all the death of wo !  
So, faint resemblance ! on the marble tomb,  
'The well-dissembled mourner stooping stands,  
For ever silent, and for ever sad.

As from the face of heaven the shatter'd clouds  
'Tumultuous rove, th' interminable sky  
Sublimely swells, and o'er the world expands  
A purer azure. Through the lightened air  
A higher lustre and a clearer calm,  
Diffusive, tremble ; while, as if in sign  
Of danger past, a glitt'ring robe of joy,  
Set off abundant by the yellow ray,  
Invests the fields ; and Nature smiles revived.

'Tis beauty all, and grateful song around,  
 Join'd to the low of kine, and numerous bleat  
 Of flocks thick-nibbling through the clover'd vale.  
 And shall the hymn be marr'd by thankless Man,  
 Most favour'd; who with voice articulate  
 Should lead the chorus of this lower world?  
 Shall he, so soon forgetful of the hand  
 That hush'd the thunder, and serenest the sky,  
 Extinguish'd feel that spark the tempest waked,  
 That sense of powers exceeding far his own,  
 Ere yet his feeble heart has lost its fears!

Cheer'd by the milder beam, the sprightly youth  
 Speeds to the well-known pool, whose crystal depth  
 A sandy bottom shows. A while he stands  
 Gazing th' inverted landscape, half afraid  
 'To meditate the blue profound below;  
 Then plunges headlong down the circling flood.  
 His ebon tresses, and his rosy cheek  
 Instant emerge; and through th' obedient wave,  
 At each short breathing by his lip repell'd,  
 With arms and legs according well, he makes,  
 As humour leads, an easy-winding path;  
 While, from his polish'd sides, a dewy light  
 Effuses on the pleased spectators round.

This is the purest exercise of health,  
 The kind refresher of the summer heats:  
 Nor, when cold Winter keens the bright'ning flood,  
 Would I weak-shivering linger on the brink.  
 Thus life redoubles, and is oft preserved,  
 By the bold swimmer, in the swift illapse  
 Of accident disastrous. Hence the limbs  
 Knit into force; and the same Roman arm,  
 That rose victorious o'er the conquer'd earth,  
 First learn'd, while tender, to subdue the wave.  
 Even, from the body's purity, the mind  
 Receives a secret sympathetic aid.

Close in the covert of an hazel copse,  
 Where winded into pleasing solitudes  
 Runs out the rumbling dale, young Damon sat,  
 Pensive, and pierced with love's delightful pangs.

There to the stream that down the distant rocks  
Hoarse murm'ring fell, and plaintive breeze that play'd  
Among the bending willows, falsely he  
Of Musidora's cruelty complain'd.  
She felt his flame; but deep within her breast,  
In bashful coyness, or in maiden pride,  
The soft return conceal'd; save when it stole  
In side-long glances from her downcast eye,  
Or from her swelling soul in stifled sighs.  
Touch'd by the scene, no stranger to his vows,  
He framed a melting lay, to try her heart;  
And, if an infant passion struggled there,  
'To call that passion forth. Thrice happy swain!  
A lucky chance, that oft decides the fate  
Of mighty monarchs, then decided thine.  
For lo! conducted by the laughing Loves,  
'This cool retreat his Musidora sought:  
Warm'd in her cheek the sultry season glow'd;  
And, rob'd in loose array, she came to bathe  
Her servent limbs in the refreshing stream.  
What shall he do? In sweet confusion lost,  
And dubious flutterings, he a while remain'd:  
A pure ingenuous elegance of soul,  
A delicate refinement, known to few,  
Perplex'd his breast, and urged him to retire:  
But love forbade. Ye prudes in virtue, say,  
Say ye severest, what would you have done?  
Meantime this fairer nymph than ever blest  
Arcadian stream, with timid eye around  
The bank surveying, stripp'd her beauteous limbs,  
To taste the lucid coolness of the flood.  
Ah then! not Paris on the piny top  
Of Ida panted stronger, when aside  
The rival-goddesses the veil divine  
Cast unconfined, and gave him all their charms,  
Than, Damon, thou; as from the snowy leg,  
And slender foot, th' inverted silk she drew;  
As the soft touch dissolved the virgin zone  
And through the parting robe, th' alternate breast,  
With youth wild-throbbing, on thy lawless gaze

In full luxuriance rose. But, desperate youth,  
How durst thou risk the soul-distracting view;  
As from her naked limbs, of glowing white,  
Harmonious swell'd by Nature's finest hand,  
In folds loose-floating fell the fainter lawn;  
And fair exposed she stood, shrunk from herself,  
With fancy blushing, at the doubtful breeze  
Alarm'd, and starting like the fearful fawn?  
Then to the flood she rush'd; the parted flood  
Its lovely guest with closing waves received;  
And every beauty softening, every grace  
Flushing anew, a mellow lustre shed;  
As shines the lily through the crystal mild;  
Or as the rose amid the morning dew,  
Fresh from Aurora's hand, more sweetly glows.

While thus she wanton'd, now beneath the wave  
But ill-conceal'd; and now with streaming locks,  
That half-embraced her in a humid veil:  
Rising again, the latent Damon drew  
Such maddening draughts of beauty to the soul,  
As for a while o'erwhelm'd his raptur'd thought  
With luxury too daring. Check'd, at last,  
By love's respectful modesty, he deem'd  
The theft profane, if aught profane to love  
Can e'er be deem'd; and, struggling from the shade,  
With headlong hurry fled: but first these lines,  
Traced by his ready pencil, on the bank  
With trembling hand he threw: "Bathe on, my fair,  
"Yet unbeheld, save by the sacred eye  
"Of faithful love: I go to guard thy haunt,  
"To keep from thy recess each vagrant foot,  
"And each licentious eye." With wild surprise,  
As if to marble struck, devoid of sense,  
A stupid moment motionless she stood:  
So stands the statue\* that enchants the world,  
So bending tries to veil the matchless boast,  
The mingled beauties of exulting Greece.

---

\* *The Venus of Medici.*

Recovering, swift she flew to find those roses  
 Which blissful Eden knew not; and, array'd  
 In careless haste, the alarming paper snatch'd.  
 But, when her Damon's well-known hand she saw,  
 Her terrors vanish'd, and a softer train  
 Of mixt emotions, hard to be described,  
 Her sudden bosom seized : shame, void of guilt,  
 The charming blush of innocence, esteem  
 And admiration of her lover's flame,  
 By modesty exalted : even a sense  
 Of self-approving beauty stole across .  
 Her busy thought. At length, a tender calm  
 Hush'd by degrees the tumult of her soul;  
 And on the spreading beech, that o'er the stream  
 Incumbent hung, she with the sylvan pen  
 Of rural lovers this confession carved,  
 Which soon her Damon kiss'd with weeping joy :  
 " Dear youth ! sole judge of what these verses mean,  
 " By fortune too much favour'd, but by love,  
 " Alas ! not favour'd less, be still as now  
 " Discreet; the time may come you need not fly."

The sun has lost his rage : his downward orb  
 Shoots nothing now but animating warmth,  
 And vital lustre; that, with various ray,  
 Lights up the clouds, those beauteous robes of heaven,  
 Incessant roll'd into romantic shapes,  
 'The dream of waking fancy ! Broad below,  
 Cover'd with ripening fruits, and swelling fast  
 Into the perfect year, the pregnant earth  
 And all her tribes rejoice. Now the soft hour  
 Of walking comes : for him who lonely loves  
 To seek the distant hills, and there converse  
 With Nature; there to harmonize his heart,  
 And in pathetic song to breathe around  
 The harmony to others. Social friends,  
 Attuned to happy unison of soul,  
 To whose exalting eye a fairer world,  
 Of which the vulgar never had a glimpse,  
 Displays its charms ; whose minds are richly fraught  
 With philosophic stores, superior light

And in whose breast, enthusiastic, burns  
 Virtue, the sons of interest deem romance ;  
 Now call'd abroad enjoy the falling day,  
 Now to the verdant portico of woods,  
 To Nature's vast Lyceum, forth they walk ;  
 By that kind School where no proud master reigns,  
 The full free converse of the friendly heart,  
 Improving, and improved. Now from the world,  
 Sacred to sweet retirement, lovers steal,  
 And pour their souls in transport, which the Sire  
 Of love approving hears, and calls it good.

Which way, Amanda, shall we bend our course ?  
 The choice perplexes. Wherefore should we choose ?  
 All is the same with thee. Say, shall we wind  
 Along the streams ? or walk the smiling mead ?  
 Or court the forest-glades ? or wander wild  
 Among the waving harvests ? or ascend,  
 While radiant Summer opens all its pride,  
 Thy hill, delightful Shene ?\* Here let us sweep  
 The boundless landscape : now the raptur'd eye,  
 Exulting swift, to huge Augusta send,  
 Now to the Sister Hills† that skirt her plain,  
 To lofty Harrow now, and now to where  
 Majestic Windsor lifts his princely brow.

In lovely contrast to this glorious view,  
 Calmly magnificent, then will we turn  
 To where the silver Thames first rural grows.  
 There let the feasted eye unwearied stray :  
 Luxurious, there, rove through the pendant woods  
 That nodding hang o'er Harrington's retreat ;  
 And, stooping thence to Ham's embowering walks,  
 Beneath whose shades, in spotless peace retired,  
 With her the pleasing partner of his heart,  
 The worthy Queensbury yet laments his Gay,  
 And polish'd Cornbury woos the willing Muse.  
 Slow let us trace the matchless Vale of Thames ;

---

\* The old name of Richmond, signifying in Saxon Shining or Splendour.

† Highgate and Hampstead.



Fair-winding up to where the Muses haunt  
 In Twit'nam's bowers, and for their Pope implore  
 The healing God;\* to royal Hampton's pile,  
 To Clermont's terraced height, and Esher's groves,  
 Where in the sweetest solitude, embraced  
 By the soft windings of the silent Mole,  
 From courts and senates Pelham finds repose.  
 Enchanting vale! beyond whate'er the Muse  
 Has of Achaia or Hesperia sung! -  
 O vale of bliss! O softly-swelling hills!  
 On which the Power of Cultivation lies,  
 And joys to see the wonders of his toil.

Heavens! what a goodly prospect spreads around,  
 Of hills, and dales, and woods, and lawns, and spires,  
 And glittering towns, and gilded streams, till all  
 The stretching landscape into smoke decays!  
 Happy Britannia! where the Queen of Arts,  
 Inspiring vigour, Liberty abroad  
 Walks, unconfined, even to thy farthest cots,  
 And scatters plenty with unsparing hand.

Rich is thy soil, and merciful thy clime;  
 Thy streams unfailing in the Summer's drought;  
 Unmatch'd thy guardian oaks; thy vallies float  
 With golden waves; and on thy mountains, flocks  
 Bleat numberless; while, roving round their sides,  
 Bellow the blackening herds in lusty droves.  
 Beneath, thy meadows glow, and rise unquell'd  
 Against the mower's scythe. On every hand  
 Thy villas shine. Thy country teems with wealth;  
 And property assures it to the swain,  
 Pleased, and unwearied, in his guarded toll.  
 Full are thy cities with the sons of art;  
 And trade, and joy, in every busy street,  
 Mingling are heard: even Drudgery himself,  
 As at the car he sweats, or dusty hews  
 The palace-stone, looks gay. Thy crowded ports,  
 Where rising masts an endless prospect yield,  
 With labour burn, and echo to the shouts

---

\* In his last sickness.

Of hurried sailor, as he hearty waves  
His last adieu, and loosening every sheet,  
Resigns the spreading vessel to the wind.

Bold, firm, and graceful, are thy generous youth,  
By hardship sinew'd, and by danger fired,  
Scattering the nations where they go ; and first  
Or on the listed plain, or stormy seas.  
Mild are thy glories too, as o'er the plans  
Of thriving peace thy thoughtful sires preside ;  
In genius, and substantial learning, high ;  
For every virtue, every worth renown'd ;  
Sincere, plain-hearted, hospitable, kind ;  
Yet, like the mustering thunder when provoked,  
The dread of tyrants, and the sole resource  
Of those that under grim oppression groan.

Thy Sons of Glory many ! Alfred thine,  
In whom the splendour of heroic war,  
And more heroic peace, when govern'd well,  
Combine ; whose hallow'd name the virtues saint,  
And his own Muses love ; the best of Kings !  
With him thy Edwards and thy Henrys shine,  
Names dear to Fame ; the first who deep impress'd  
On haughty Gaul the terror of thy arms,  
That awes her genius still. In Statesmen thou,  
And Patriots, fertile. Thine a steady More,  
Who, with a generous though mistaken zeal,  
Withstood a brutal tyrant's useful rage,  
Like Cato firm, like Aristides just,  
Like rigid Cincinnatus nobly poor ;  
A dauntless soul erect, who smiled on death.  
Frugal, and wise, a Walsingham is thine ;  
A Drake, who made thee mistress of the deep,  
And bore thy name in thunder round the world.  
Then flamed thy spirit high : but who can speak  
The numerous worthies of the Maiden Reign ?  
In Raleigh mark their every glory mix'd ;  
Raleigh, the scourge of Spain ! whose breast with all  
The sage, the patriot, and the hero burn'd.  
Nor sunk his vigour when a coward reign.  
The warrior fetter'd, and at last resign'd,

To glut the vengeance of a vanquish'd foe.  
Then, active still, and unrestrain'd, his mind  
Explored the vast extent of ages past,  
And with his prison-hours enrich'd the world;  
Yet found no times, in all the long research,  
So glorious, or so base, as those he proved,  
In which he conquer'd, and in which he bled.  
Nor can the Muse the gallant Sidney pass,  
The plume of war! with early laurels crown'd,  
The Lover's myrtle, and the Poet's bay.  
A Hamden too is thine, illustrious land,  
Wise, strenuous, firm, of unsubmitting soul,  
Who stemm'd the torrent of a downward age,  
To slavery prone, and bade thee rise again,  
In all thy native pomp of freedom bold.  
Bright, at his call, the Age of Men effulged,  
Of Men on whom late time a kindling eye  
Shall turn, and tyrants tremble while they read.  
Bring every sweetest flower, and let me strew  
The grave where Russel lies; whose temper'd blood,  
With calmest cheerfulness for thee resign'd,  
Stain'd the sad annals of a giddy reign;  
Aiming at lawless power, though meanly sunk  
In loose inglorious luxury. With him,  
His friend, the British Cassius,\* fearless bled;  
Of high determined spirit, roughly brave,  
By ancient learning to th' enlightened love  
Of ancient freedom warm'd. Fair thy renown  
In awful Sages and in noble Bards;  
Soon as the light of dawning Science spread  
Her orient ray, and waked the Muses' song.  
Thine is a Bacon; hapless in his choice,  
Unfit to stand the civil storm of state,  
And through the smooth barbarity of courts,  
With firm, but pliant virtue, forward still  
To urge his course: him for the studious shade  
Kind Nature form'd, deep, comprehensive, clear,  
Exact, and elegant; in one rich soul,

---

\* *Algernon Sidney.*

Plato, the Stagyræite, and Tully join'd.  
 The great deliverer he! who from the gloom  
 Of cloister'd monks, and jargon-teaching schools,  
 Led forth the true Philosophy, there long  
 Held in the magic chain of words and forms,  
 And definitions void: he led her forth,  
 Daughter of Heaven! that slow-ascending still,  
 Investigating sure the chain of things,  
 With radiant finger points to Heaven again.  
 The generous Ashley\* thine, the friend of Man;  
 Who scann'd his Nature with a brother's eye,  
 His weakness prompt to shade, to raise his aim,  
 To touch the finer movements of the mind,  
 And with the moral beauty charm the heart.  
 Why need I name thy Boyle, whose pious search  
 Amid the dark recesses of his works,  
 The great Creator sought? And why thy Locke,  
 Who made the whole internal world his own?  
 Let Newton, pure Intelligence, whom God  
 To mortals lent, to trace his boundless works  
 From laws sublimely simple, speak thy fame  
 In all philosophy. For lofty sense,  
 Creative fancy, and inspection keen,  
 Through the deep windings of the human heart,  
 Is not wild Shakspeare thine and Nature's boast?  
 Is not each great, each amiable Muse  
 Of classic ages, in thy Milton met?  
 A genius universal as his theme;  
 Astonishing as Chaos, as the bloom  
 Of blowing Eden fair, as Heaven sublime.  
 Nor shall my verse that elder bard forget,  
 The gentle Spencer, Fancy's pleasing son;  
 Who, like a copious river, pour'd his song  
 O'er all the mazes of enchanted ground:  
 Nor thee, his ancient master, laughing sage,  
 Chaucer, whose native manners-painting verse,  
 Well-moralized, shines through the Gothic cloud  
 Of time and language o'er thy genius thrown.

---

\* Antony Ashley Cooper, Earl of Shaftsbury.

May my song soften, as thy Daughters I,  
Britannia, hail ; for beauty is their own,  
The feeling heart, simplicity of life,  
And elegance and taste; the faultless form,  
Shaped by the hand of harmony; the cheek,  
Where the live crimson, through the native white  
Soft-shooting, o'er the face diffuses bloom,  
And every nameless grace ; the parted lip,  
Like the red-rose-bud, moist with morning dew,  
Bathing delight ; and, under flowing jet,  
Or sunny ringlets, or of circling brown,  
The neck slight-shaded, and the swelling breast ;  
The look resistless, piercing to the soul,  
And by the soul inform'd, when drest in love  
She sits high-smiling in the conscious eye.

Island of bliss ! amid the subject seas,  
That thunder round thy rocky coasts, set up,  
At once the wonder, terror, and delight,  
Of distant nations ; whose remotest shores  
Can soon be shaken by thy naval arm ;  
Not to be shook thyself, but all assaults  
Baffling, as thy hoar cliffs the loud sea-wave.

O Thou ! by whose almighty Nod the scale  
Of empire rises, or alternate falls,  
Send forth the saving Virtues round the land,  
In bright patrol : white-Peace, and social love ;  
The tender-looking Charity, intent  
On gentle deeds, and shedding tears through smiles ;  
Undaunted Truth, and dignity of mind ;  
Courage composed, and keen ; sound Temperance,  
Healthful in heart, and look ; clear Chastity,  
With blushes reddening as she moves along,  
Disorder'd at the deep regard she draws ;  
Rough Industry ; Activity untired,  
With copious life inform'd, and all awake :  
While in the radiant front superior shines  
That first paternal virtue, Public Zeal ;  
Who throws o'er all an equal wide survey,  
And ever musing on the common weal,  
Still labours glorious with some great design.

Low walks the sun, and broadens by degrees,  
Just o'er the verge of day. The shifting clouds,  
Assembled gay, a richly-gorgeous train,  
In all their pomp attend his sitting throne.  
Air, earth, and ocean, smile immense. And now,  
As if his weary chariot sought the bowers  
Of Amphitrite, and her tending nymphs,  
(So Grecian fable sung) he dips his orb  
Now half-immersed; and now a golden curve  
Gives one bright glance, then total disappears

For ever running an enchanted round,  
Passes the day, deceitful, vain, and void:  
As fleets the vision o'er the formful brain,  
This moment hurrying wild th' impassion'd soul,  
The next, in nothing lost. 'Tis so to him,  
The dreamer of this earth, an idle blank:  
A sight of horror to the cruel wretch,  
Who all day long in sordid pleasure roll'd,  
Himself an useless load, has squander'd vile  
Upon his scoundrel train, what might have cheer'd  
A drooping family of modest worth.  
But to the generous still-improving mind,  
That gives the hopeless heart to sing for joy,  
Diffusing kind beneficence around,  
Boastless, as now descends the silent dew;  
To him the long review of order'd life  
Is inward rapture only to be felt.

Confess'd from yonder slow-extinguish'd clouds,  
All ether softening, sober Evening takes  
Her wonted station in the middle air;  
A thousand shadows at her beck. First this  
She sends on earth; then that of deeper dye  
Steals soft behind; and then a deeper still,  
In circle following circle, gathers round,  
To close the face of things. A fresher gale  
Begins to wave the wood, and stir the stream,  
Sweeping with shadowy gusts the fields of corn;  
While the quail clamours for his running mate.  
Wide o'er the thistly lawn, as swells the breeze,  
A whitening shower of vegetable down

Amusive floats. The kind impartial care  
Of Nature nought disdain : thoughtful to feed  
Her lowest sons, and clothe the coming year,  
From field to field the feather'd seeds she wings.

His folded flock secure, the shepherd home  
Hies, merry-hearted ; and by turns relieves  
The ruddy milk-maid of her brimming pail ;  
The beauty whom perhaps his witless heart,  
Unknowing what the joy-mixt anguish means,  
Sincerely loves, by that best language shown  
Of cordial glances, and obliging deeds.  
Onward they pass, o'er many a panting height,  
And valley sunk, and unfrequented ; where  
At fall of eve the fairy people throng,  
In various game and revelry to pass  
The summer-night, as village stories tell.  
But far about they wander from the grave  
Of him, whom his ungentle fortune urged  
Against his own sad breast to lift the hand  
Of impious violence. The lonely tower  
Is also shunn'd ; whose mournful chambers hold,  
So night-struck Fancy dreams, the yelling ghost.

Among the crooked lanes, on every hedge,  
The glow-worm lights his gem ; and, through the dark  
A moving radiance twinkles. Evening yields  
The world to Night ; not in her winter-robe  
Of massy Stygian woof, but loose array'd  
In mantle dun. A faint erroneous ray,  
Glanc'd from the imperfect surfaces of things,  
Flings half an image on the straining eye ;  
While wavering woods, and villages and streams,  
And rocks and mountain-tops, that long retain'd  
The ascending gleam, are all one swimming scene,  
Uncertain if beheld. Sudden to heaven  
Thence weary vision turns ; where, leading soft  
The silent hours of love, with purest ray  
Sweet Venus shines ; and from her genial rise,  
When day-light sickens till it springs afresh,  
Unrivall'd reigns, the fairest lamp of night.

## SUMMER.

97

As thus th' effulgence tremulous I drink,  
With cherish'd gaze the lambent lightnings shoot  
Across the sky; or horizontal dart,  
In wondrous shapes; by fearful murm'ring crowds  
Portentous deem'd. Amid the radiant orbs,  
That more than deck, that animate the sky,  
The life-infusing suns of other worlds;  
Lo from the dread immensity of space  
Returning, with accelerated course,  
The rushing Comet to the sun descends;  
And as he sinks below the shading earth,  
With awful train projected o'er the heavens,  
The guilty nations tremble. But above  
Those superstitious horrors that enslave  
The fond sequacious herd, to mystic faith  
And blind amazement prone, the enlighten'd few,  
Whose godlike minds philosophy exalts,  
The glorious stranger hail. They feel a joy  
Divinely great; they in their powers exult,  
That wondrous force of thought, which mounting spurs  
This dusky spot, and measures all the sky;  
While, from his far excursion through the wilds  
Of barren ether, faithful to his time,  
They see the blazing wonder rise anew,  
In seeming terror clad, but kindly bent  
To work the will of all-sustaining Love:  
From his huge vapoury train perhaps to shake  
Reviving moisture on the numerous orbs,  
Through which his long ellipsis winds; perhaps  
To lend new fuel to declining suns,  
To light up worlds, and feed the eternal fire.

With thee, serene Philosophy, with thee,  
And thy bright garland, let me crown my song!  
Effusive source of evidence, and truth!  
A lustre shedding o'er the ennobled mind,  
Stronger than summer-noon; and pure as that,  
Whose mild vibrations soothe the parted soul,  
New to the dawning of celestial day.  
Hence through her nourish'd powers, enlarged by thee,  
She springs aloft, with elevated pride,



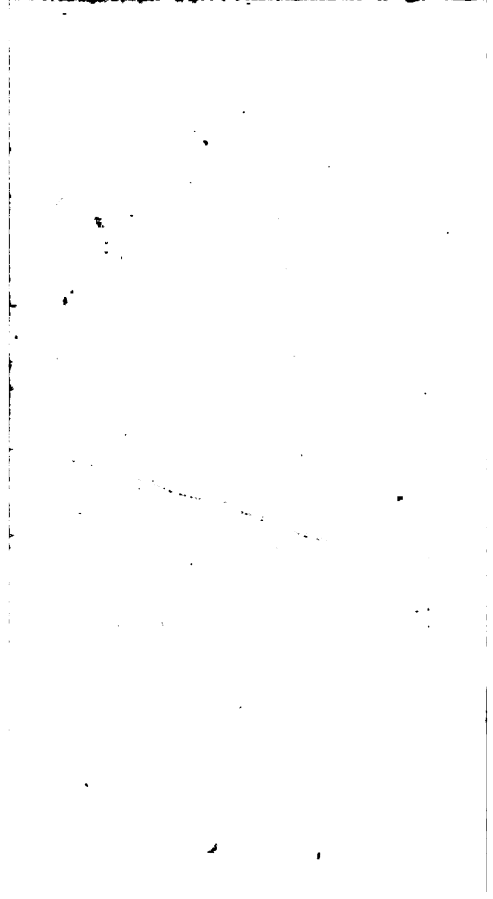
Above the tangling mass of low desires,  
 That bind the fluttering crowd; and, angel-wing'd,  
 The heights of science and of virtue gains,  
 Where all is calm and clear; with Nature round,  
 Or in the starry regions, or the abyss,  
 To Reason's and to Fancy's eye display'd:  
 The first up-tracing, from the dreary void,  
 The chain of causes and effects to Him,  
 The world-producing Essence, who alone  
 Possesses being; while the last receives  
 The whole magnificence of heaven and earth,  
 And every beauty, delicate or bold,  
 Obvious or more remote, with livelier sense,  
 Diffusive, painted on the rapid mind.

Tutor'd by thee, hence Poetry exalts  
 Her voice to ages; and informs the page  
 With music, image, sentiment, and thought,  
 Never to die! the treasure of mankind!  
 Their highest honour, and their truest joy!

Without thee, what were unenlighten'd man?  
 A savage, roaming through the woods and wilds  
 In quest of prey; and with the unfashion'd fur  
 Rough-clad; devoid of every finer art,  
 And elegance of life. Nor happiness  
 Domestic, mix'd of tenderness and care,  
 Nor moral excellence, nor social bliss,  
 Nor guardian law were his; nor various skill  
 To turn the furrow, or to guide the tool  
 Mechanic; nor the heaven-conducted prow  
 Of navigation bold, that fearless braves  
 The burning line, or dares the wintry pole;  
 Mother severe of infinite delights!  
 Nothing, save rapine, indolence, and guile,  
 And woes on woes, a still-revolving train,  
 Whose horrid circle had made human life  
 Than non-existence worse: but, taught by thee.  
 Ours are the plans of policy and peace;  
 To live like brothers, and conjunctive all  
 Embellish life. While thus laborious crowds  
 Ply the tough oar, Philosophy directs

The ruling helm ; or like the liberal breath  
Of potent Heaven, invisible, the sail  
Swells out, and bears th' inferior world along.

Nor to this evanescent speck of earth  
Poorly confined, the radiant tracks on high  
Are her exalted range ; intent to gaze  
Creation through ; and from that full complex  
Of never-ending wonders, to conceive  
Of the Sole Being right, who spoke the Word,  
And Nature moved complete With inward view,  
Thence on th' ideal kingdom swift she turns  
Her eye ; and instant, at her powerful glance,  
Th' obedient phantoms vanish or appear ;  
Compound, divide, and into order shift,  
Each to his rank, from plain perception, up  
To the fair forms of Fancy's fleeting train :  
To Reason then, deducing truth from truth ;  
And notion quite abstract ; where first begins  
The world of spirits, action all, and life  
Unfetter'd and unmix'd. But here the cloud,  
So wills Eternal Providence, sits deep.  
Enough for us to know that this dark state,  
In wayward passions lost, and vain pursuits,  
This Infancy of Being, cannot prove  
The final issue of the works of God ;  
By boundless Love and perfect Wisdom form'd.  
And ever rising with the rising mind.



**AUTUMN.**

## ARGUMENT.

The subject proposed.—Addressed to Mr. Onslow.—

A prospect of the fields ready for harvest.—Reflections in praise of industry raised by that view.—Reaping.—A tale relative to it.—A harvest storm.—Shooting and hunting ; their barbarity.—A ludicrous account of fox-hunting.—A view of an orchard.—Wall-fruit.—A vineyard.—A description of fogs, frequent in the latter part of Autumn : whence a digression, inquiring into the rise of fountains and rivers.—Birds of season considered, that now shift their habitation : The prodigious number of them that cover the northern and western isles of Scotland.—Hence a view of the country.—A prospect of the discoloured, fading woods.—After a gentle dusky day, moon-light.—Autumnal meteors.—Morning : to which succeeds a calm, pure, sun-shiny day, such as usually shuts up the season.—The harvest being gathered in, the country dissolved in joy.—The whole concludes with a panegyric on a philosophical country life.

# AUTUMN.

---

Crown'd with the sickle and the wheaten sheaf,  
While Autumn, nodding o'er the yellow plain,  
Comes jovial on; the Doric reed once more,  
Well-pleased I tune. Whate'er the Wintry frost  
Nitrous prepared; the various blossom'd Spring  
Put in white promise forth; and Summer suns  
Concocted strong, rush boundless now to view,  
Full, perfect all, and swell my glorious theme.

Onslow! the Muse, ambitious of thy name,  
To grace, inspire, and dignify her song,  
Would from the Public Voice thy gentle ear  
A while engage. Thy noble cares she knows,  
The patriot virtues that distend thy thought,  
Spread on thy front, and in thy bosom glow;  
While listening senates hang upon thy tongue,  
Devolving through the maze of eloquence  
A roll of periods, sweeter than her song.  
But she too pants for public virtue, she,  
Though weak of power, yet strong in ardent will,  
Where'er her country rushes on her heart,  
Assumes a bolder note, and fondly tries  
To mix the patriot's with the poet's flame.

When the bright virgin gives the beauteous days,  
And Libra weighs in equal scales the year;  
From heaven's high cope the fierce effulgence shook  
Of parting Summer, a serener blue,  
- With golden light enliven'd, wide invests  
The happy world. Attemper'd suns arise,  
Sweet-beam'd, and shedding oft through lucid clouds  
A pleasing calm; while broad, and brown, below  
Extensive harvests hang the heavy head.  
Rich, silent, deep, they stand; for not a gale

Rolls its light billows o'er the bending plain :  
A calm of plenty ! till the ruffled air  
Falls from its poise, and gives the breeze to blow.  
Rent is the fleecy mantle of the sky ;  
The clouds fly different ; and the sudden sun  
By fits effulgent gilds th' illumined field,  
And black by fits the shadows sweep along,  
A gaily-checker'd heart-expanding view,  
Far as the circling eye can shoot around,  
Unbounded tossing in a flood of corn.

These are thy blessings, Industry ! rough power !  
Whom labour still attends, and sweat, and pain ;  
Yet the kind source of every gentle art,  
And all the soft civility of life :  
Raiser of human kind ! by Nature cast,  
Naked, and helpless, out amid the woods  
And wilds, to rude inclement elements ;  
With various seeds of art deep in the mind  
Implanted, and profusely pour'd around  
Materials infinite : but idle all.  
Still unexerted, in th' unconscious breast,  
Slept the lethargic powers ; corruption still,  
Voracious, swallow'd what the liberal hand  
Of bounty scatter'd o'er the savage year :  
And still the sad barbarian, roving, mix'd  
With beasts of prey ; or for his acorn meal  
Fought the fierce tusky boar ; a shivering wretch !  
Aghast, and comfortless, when the bleak north,  
With Winter charged, let the mixt tempest fly,  
Hail, rain, and show, and bitter-breathing frost :  
Then to the shelter of the hut he fled ;  
And the wild season, sordid, pined away.  
For home he had not ; home is the resort  
Of love, of joy, of peace and plenty, where,  
Supporting and supported, polish'd friends  
And dear relations mingle into bliss.  
But this the rugged savage never felt,  
Even desolate in crowds ; and thus his days  
Roll'd heavy, dark, and unenjoy'd along :  
A waste of time ; till Industry approach'd,  
And roused him from his miserable sloth :

His faculties unfolded ; pointed out,  
Where lavish nature the directing hand  
Of Art demanded ; show'd him how to raise  
His feeble force by the mechanic powers,  
To dig the mineral from the vaulted earth,  
On what to turn the piercing rage of fire,  
On what the torrent, and the gather'd blast ;  
Gave the tall ancient forest to his ax ;  
Taught him to chip the wood, and hew the stone,  
Till by degrees the finish'd fabric rose ;  
Tore from his limbs the blood-polluted fur,  
And wrapt them in the woolly-vestment warm,  
Or bright in glossy silk, and flowing lawn :  
With wholesome viands fill'd his table, pour'd  
The generous glass around, inspired to wake  
The life-refining soul of decent wit :  
Nor stopp'd at barren bare necessity ;  
But still advancing bolder, led him on  
To pomp, to pleasure, elegance, and grace ;  
And, breathing high ambition through his soul,  
Set science, wisdom, glory in his view,  
And bade him be the Lord of all below.

Then gathering men their natural powers combined,  
And form'd a Public ; to the general good  
Submitting, aiming, and conducting all.  
For this the Patriot-Council met, the full,  
The free, and fairly represented Whole ;  
For this they plann'd the holy guardian laws,  
Distinguish'd orders, animated arts,  
And with joint force Oppression chaining, set  
Imperial Justice at the helm ; yet still  
To them accountable : nor slavish dream'd  
That toiling millions must resign their weal,  
And all the honey of their search to such  
As for themselves alone themselves have raised.

Hence every form of cultivated life  
In order, set protected, and inspired,  
Into perfection wrought. Uniting all,  
Society grew numerous high, polite,  
And happy. Nurse of art ! the city rear'd



In beauteous pride her tower-encircled head ;  
And stretching street on street, by thousands drew,  
From twining woody haunts, or the tough yew  
To bows strong-straining, her aspiring sons.

Then Commerce brought into the public walk  
The busy merchant ; the big warehouse built ;  
Raised the strong crane ; choak'd up the loaded street  
With foreign plenty ; and thy stream, O Thames,  
Large, gentle, deep, majestic, king of floods !  
Chose for his grand resort. On either hand,  
Like a long wintry forest, groves of masts  
Shot up their spires ; the bellying sheet between  
Possess'd the breezy void ; the sooty hulk  
Steer'd sluggish on ; the splendid barge along  
Row'd regular, to harmony ; around,  
The boat, light-skimming, stretch'd his oary wings ;  
While deep the various voice of fervent toil  
From bank to bank increased ; whence ribb'd with oak,  
To bear the British Thunder, black, and bold,  
The roaring vessel rush'd into the main.

Then to the pillar'd dome, magnific, heaved  
Its ample roof, and Luxury within  
Pour'd out her glittering stores : the canvas smooth,  
With glowing life protuberant, to the view  
Embodied rose ; the statue seem'd to breathe,  
And soften into flesh, beneath the touch  
Of forming art, imagination flush'd.

All is the gift of industry ; whate'er  
Exalts, embellishes, and renders life  
Delightful. Pensive Winter cheer'd by him  
Sits at the social fire, and happy bears  
Th' excluded tempest idly rave along ;  
His harden'd fingers deck the gaudy Spring ;  
Without him Summer were an arid waste ;  
Nor to th' Autumnal months could thus transmit  
Those full, mature, immeasurable stores,  
'That, waving round, recal my wandering song.

Soon as the morning trembles o'er the sky,  
And unperceiv'd, unfolds the spreading day :  
Before the ripen'd field the reapers stand,  
In fair array ; each by the lass he loves,

To bear the rougher part, and mitigate  
By nameless gentle offices her toil.  
At once they stoop and swell the lusty sheaves ;  
While through their cheerful band the rural talk,  
The rural scandal, and the rural jest,  
Fly harmless; to deceive the tedious time,  
And steal unfelt the sultry hours away.  
Behind the master walks, builds up the shocks;  
And, conscious, glancing oft on every side  
His sated eye, feels his heart heave with joy.  
The gleaners spread around, and here and there  
Spike after spike, their scanty harvest pick.  
Be not too narrow, husbandmen ! but fling  
From the full sheaf, with charitable stealth,  
The liberal handful. Think, oh grateful think !  
How good the God of Harvest is to you ;  
Who pours abundance o'er your flowing fields ;  
While these unhappy partners of your kind  
Wide-hover round you, like the fowls of heaven,  
And ask their humble dole. The various turns  
Of fortune ponder ; that your sons may want  
What now, with hard reluctance, faint, ye give.

The lovely young Lavinia once had friends ;  
And Fortune smiled, deceitful, on her birth.  
For, in her helpless years, deprived of all,  
Of every stay, save Innocence and Heaven,  
She, with her widow'd mother, feeble, old,  
And poor, lived in a cottage, far retired  
Among the windings of a woody vale ;  
By solitude and deep surrounding shades,  
But more by bashful modesty, conceal'd.  
Together thus they shunn'd the cruel scorn  
Which virtue, sunk to poverty, would meet  
From giddy passion and low-minded pride :  
Almost on Nature's common bounty fed ;  
Like the gay birds that sung them to repose,  
Content and careless of to-morrow's fare.  
Her form was fresher than the morning rose,  
When the dew wets its leaves ; unstain'd and pure,  
As is the lily, or the mountain snow.  
The modest virtues mingled in her eyes,

Still on the ground dejected, darting all  
Their humid beams into the blooming flowers :  
Or when the mournful tale her mother told,  
Or what her faithless fortune promised once,  
Thrill'd in her thought, they, like the dewy star  
Of evening, shone in tears. A native grace  
Sat fair-proportioned on her polish'd limbs,  
Veil'd in a simple robe, their best attire,  
Beyond the pomp of dress ; for loveliness  
Needs not the foreign aid of ornament,  
But is when unadorn'd adorn'd the most.  
Thoughtless of beauty, she was beauty's self,  
Recluse amid the close-embowering woods.  
As in the hollow breast of Appenine,  
Beneath the shelter of encircling hills,  
A myrtle rises, far from human eye,  
And breathes its balmy fragrance o'er the wild :  
So flourish'd blooming, and unseen by all,  
The sweet Lavinia ; till, at length, compell'd  
By strong Necessity's supreme command,  
With smiling patience in her looks, she went  
To glean Palemon's fields. The pride of swains  
Palemon was, the generous, and the rich ;  
Who led the rural life in all its joy  
And elegance, such as Arcadian song  
Transmits from ancient uncorrupted times ;  
When tyrant custom had not shackled Man,  
But free to follow Nature was the mode.  
He then, his fancy with autumnal scenes  
Amusing, chanced beside his reaper-train  
To walk, when poor Lavinia drew his eye ;  
Unconscious of her power, and turning quick  
With unaffected blushes from his gaze :  
He saw her charming, but he saw not half  
The charms her downcast modesty conceal'd.  
That very moment love and chaste desire  
Sprung in his bosom, to himself unknown ;  
For still the world prevail'd, and its dread laugh,  
Which scarce the firm philosopher can scorn,  
Should his heart own a gleaner in the field :  
And thus in secret to his soul he sigh'd :

" What pity ! that so delicate a form,  
 " By beauty kindled, where enlivening sense,  
 " And more than vulgar goodness seem to dwell,  
 " Should be devoted to the rude embrace  
 " Of some indecent clown ! She looks, methinks,  
 " Of old Acasto's line ; and to my mind  
 " Recalls that patron of my happy life,  
 " From whom my liberal fortune took its rise ;  
 " Now to the dust gone down ; his houses, lands,  
 " And once fair spreading family dissolved.  
 " 'Tis said that in some lone obscure retreat,  
 " Urged by remembrance sad, and decent pride,  
 " Far from those scenes which knew their better days  
 " His aged widow and his daughter live,  
 " Whom yet my fruitless search could never find.  
 " Romantic wish ! would this the daughter were !"

When, strict inquiring, from herself he found  
 She was the same, the daughter of his friend,  
 Of bountiful Acasto ; who can speak  
 The mingled passions that surprised his heart,  
 And through his nerves in shivering transport ran ?  
 Then blazed his smother'd flame, avow'd, and bold ;  
 And as he view'd her, ardent, o'er and o'er,  
 Love, gratitude, and pity, wept at once.  
 Confused, and frighten'd at his sudden tears,  
 Her rising beauties flush'd a higher bloom,  
 As thus Palemon, passionate and just,  
 Pour'd out the pious rapture of his soul :

" And art thou then Acasto's dear remains,  
 " She whom my restless gratitude has sought  
 " So long in vain ! O heavens ! the very same,  
 " The softened image of my noble friend,  
 " Alive his every look, his every feature,  
 " More elegantly touch'd. Sweeter than Spring !  
 " Thou sole surviving blossom from the root  
 " That nourish'd up my fortune ! Say, ah where,  
 " In what sequester'd desert, hast thou drawn  
 " The kindest aspect of delighted Heaven ?  
 " Into such beauty spread, and blown so fair ;  
 " Though poverty's cold wind, and crushing rain,  
 " Beat keen, and heavy, on thy tender years ?

" O let me now, into a richer soil,  
 " Transplant thee safe ! where vernal suns and showers  
 " Diffuse their warmest, largest influence ;  
 " And of my garden be the pride, and joy !  
 " Ill it befits thee, oh it ill befits  
 " Acasto's daughter, his whose open stores,  
 " Though vast, were little to his ampler heart,  
 " The father of a country, thus to pick  
 " The very refuse of those harvest-fields,  
 " Which from his bounteous friendship I enjoy.  
 " Then throw that shameful pittance from thy hand,  
 " But i'll apply'd to such a rugged task ;  
 " The fields, the master, all, my fair, are thine ;  
 " If to the various blessings which thy house  
 " Has on me lavish'd, thou wilt add that bliss,  
 " That dearest bliss, the power of blessing thee !

Here ceased the youth : yet still his speaking eye  
 Express'd the sacred triumph of his soul,  
 With conscious virtue, gratitude, and love,  
 Above the vulgar joy divinely raised.  
 Nor wanted he reply. Won by the charm  
 Of goodness irresistible, and all  
 In sweet disorder lost, she blush'd consent.  
 The news immediate to her mother brought,  
 While, pierced with anxious thought, she pined away  
 The lonely moments for Lavina's fate ;  
 Amazed, and scarce believing what she heard,  
 Joy seized her wither'd veins, and one bright gleam  
 Of setting life shone on her evening-hours :  
 Not less enraptured than the happy pair ;  
 Who flourish'd long in tender bliss, and rear'd  
 A numerous offspring, lovely like themselves,  
 And good, the grace of all the country round.

Defeating oft the labours of the year,  
 The sultry south collects a potent blast.  
 At first, the groves are scarcely seen to stir  
 Their trembling tops ; and a still murmur runs  
 Along the soft-inclining fields of corn.  
 But as the aerial tempest fuller swells,  
 And in one mighty stream, invisible,  
 Immense, the whole excited atmosphere,

Impetuous rushes o'er the sounding world ;  
Strain'd to the root, the stooping forest pours  
A rustling shower of yet untimely leaves :  
High-beat, the circling mountains eddy in,  
From the bare wild, the dissipated storm,  
And send it in a torrent down the vale.  
Exposed, and naked, to its utmost rage,  
Through all the sea of harvest rolling round,  
The billowy plain floats wide ; nor can evade,  
Though pliant to the blast, its seizing force ;  
Or whirl'd in air, or into vacapt chaff  
Shook waste. And sometime too a burst of rain,  
Swept from the black horizon, broad, descends  
In one continuous flood. Still over head  
The mingling tempest weaves its gloom, and still  
The deluge deepens ; till the fields around  
Lie sunk, and flatted, in the sordid wave.  
Sudden, the ditches swell ; the meadows swim.  
Red, from the hills, innumerable streams  
Tumultuous roar ; and high above its banks  
The river lift ; before whose rushing tide,  
Herds, flocks, and harvests, cottages, and swains,  
Roll mingled down ; all that the winds had spared,  
In one wild moment ruin'd ; the big hopes,  
And well-earn'd treasures of the painful year.

Fled to some eminence, the husbandman,  
Helpless, beholds the miserable wreck  
Driving along ; his drowning ox at once  
Descending, with his labours scatter'd round,  
He sees ; and instant o'er his shivering thought  
Comes Winter unprovided, and a train  
Of clamant children dear. Ye masters, then,  
Be mindful of the rough laborious hand,  
That sinks you soft in elegance and ease ;  
Be mindful of those limbs in russet clad,  
Whose toil to yours is warmth, and graceful pride ;  
And oh, be mindful of that sparing board,  
Which covers yours with luxury profuse,  
Makes your glass sparkle, and your sense rejoice  
Nor cruelly demand what the deep rains,  
And all-involving winds have swept away.

Here the rude clamour of the sportsman's joy,  
The gun fast thundering, and the winded horn,  
Would tempt the Muse to sing the rural Game :  
How, in his mid-career, the spaniel, struck,  
Stiff, by the tainted gale, with open nose,  
Outstretch'd, and finely sensible, draws full,  
Fearful, and cautious, on the latent prey ;  
As in the sun the circling covey bask  
Their varied plumes, and watchful every way,  
Through the rough stubble turn the secret eye.  
Caught in the meshy snare, in vain they beat  
Their idle wings, entangled more and more :  
Nor on the surges of the boundless air,  
Though borne triumphant, are they safe ; the gun,  
Glanced just, and sudden, from the fowler's eye,  
O'ertakes their sounding pinions ; and again,  
Immediate, brings them from the towering wing,  
Dead to the ground ; or drives them wide-dispersed,  
Wounded, and wheeling various, down the wind.

These are not subjects for the peaceful Muse,  
Nor will she stain with such her spotless song ;  
Then most delighted, when she social sees  
The whole mix'd animal creation round  
Alive and happy. 'Tis not joy to her,  
This falsely-cheerful barbarous game of death ;  
This rage of pleasure, which the restless youth  
Awakes, impatient, with the gleaming morn ;  
When beasts of prey retire, that all night long,  
Urged by necessity, had ranged the dark,  
As if their conscious ravage shunn'd the light,  
Ashamed. Not so the steady tyrant Man,  
Who with the thoughtless insolence of power  
Inflamed, beyond the most infuriate wrath  
Of the worst monster that e'er roam'd the waste,  
For sport alone pursues the cruel chase,  
Amid the beamings of the gentle days.  
Upbraid, ye ravening tribes, our wanton rage,  
For hunger kindles you, and lawless want ;  
But lavish fed, in Nature's bounty roll'd,  
To joy at anguish, and delight in blood,  
Is what your horrid bosoms never knew.

**Fear is the triumph o'er the timid hare !**

Scared from the corn, and now to some lone seat  
Retired: the rushy fen; the ragged furze,  
Stretch'd o'er the stony heath; the stubble chapt;  
The thistly lawn; the thick entangled broom;  
Of the same friendly hue, the wither'd fern;  
The fallow ground laid open to the sun,  
Concoctive; and the nodding sandy bank,  
Hung o'er the mazes of the mountain brook.  
Vain is her best precaution; though she sits  
Conceal'd with folding ears; unsleeping eyes,  
By Nature raised to take the horizon in;  
And head couch'd close betwixt her hairy feet,  
In act to spring away. The scented dew  
Betrays her early labyrinth; and deep,  
In scatter'd sullen openings, far behind,  
With every breeze she hears the coming storm.  
But nearer, and more frequent, as it loads  
The sighing gale, she springs amazed, and all  
The savage soul of game is up at once:  
The pack full-opening, various; the shrill horn  
Resounded from the hills; the neighing steed  
Wild for the chase; and the loud hunter's shout,  
O'er a weak, harmless, flying creature, all  
Mix'd in mad tumult, and discordant joy.

The stag, too, singled from the herd, where long  
He ranged the branching monarch of the shades,  
Before the tempest drives. At first, in speed  
He, sprightly, puts his faith; and, roused by fear,  
Gives all his swift aerial soul to flight;  
Against the breeze he darts, that way the more  
To leave the lessening murderous cry behind:  
Deception short! though fleetier than the winds  
Blown o'er the keen-air'd mountain by the north,  
He bursts the thickets, glances through the glades,  
And plunges deep into the wildest wood;  
If slow, yet sure, adhesive to the track  
Hot-steaming, up behind him come again  
Th' inhuman rout, and from the shady depth  
Expel him, circling through his every shift.  
He sweeps the forest oft; and sobbing sees



The glades, mild opening to the golden day ;  
Where, in kind contest, with his butting friends  
He wont to struggle, or his loves enjoy.  
Oft, in the full-descending flood he tries  
To lose the scent, and lave his burning sides :  
Oft seeks the herd : the watchful herd, alarm'd,  
With selfish care avoid a brother's wo.  
What shall he do ? His once so vivid nerves,  
So full of buoyant spirit, now no more  
Inspire the course ; but fainting breathless toil,  
Sick, seizes on his heart : he stands at bay ;  
And puts his last weak refuge in despair.  
The big round tears run down his dappled face ;  
He groans in anguish ; while the growling pack,  
Blood-happy, hang at his fair jutting chest,  
And mark his beauteous checker'd sides with gore.

Of this enough. But if the Sylvan youth,  
Whose fervent blood boils into violence,  
Must have the chase ; behold, despising flight,  
The roused-up lion, resolute, and slow,  
Advancing full on the portended spear,  
And coward-band, that circling wheel aloof.  
Slunk from the cavern, and the troubled wood,  
See the grim wolf ; on him his shaggy foe  
Vindictive fix, and let the ruffian die :  
Or, growling horrid, as the brindled boar  
Grins fell destruction, to the monster's heart  
Let the dart lighten from the nervous arm.

These Britain knows not ; give, ye Britons, then,  
Your sportive fury, pityless, to pour  
Loose on the nightly robber of the fold :  
Him, from his craggy winding haunts unearth'd,  
Let all the thunder of the chase pursue.  
Throw the broad ditch behind you ; o'er the hedge  
High-bound, resistless ; nor the deep morass  
Refuse, but through the shaking wilderness  
Pick your nice way ; into the perilous flood  
Bear fearless, of the raging instinct full ;  
And as you ride the torrent, to the banks  
Your triumph sound sonorous, running round,  
From rock to rock, in circling echoes tost ;

Then scale the mountains to their woody tops,  
Rush down the dangerous steep; and o'er the lawn,  
In fancy swallowing up the space between,  
Pour all your speed into the rapid game  
For happy he! who tops the wheeling chase;  
Has every maze evolved, and every guile  
Disclosed; who knows the merits of the pack;  
Who saw the villain seized, and dying hard,  
Without complaint, though by an hundred mouths  
Relentless torn: O glorious he, beyond  
His daring peers! when the retreating horn  
Calls them to ghostly halls of grey renown,  
With woodland honours graced; the fox's fur,  
Depending decent from the roof; and spread  
Round the drear walls, with antic figures fierce,  
The stag's large front; he then is loudest heard,  
When the night staggers with severer toils,  
With feats Thessalian Centaurs never knew,  
And their repeated wonders shake the dome.

But first the fuel'd chimney blazes wide;  
The tankards foam; and the strong table groans  
Beneath the smoaking sirloin, stretch'd immense  
From side to side; in which, with desperate knife,  
They deep incision make, and talk the while  
Of England's glory, ne'er to be defaced  
While hence they borrow vigour: or a main  
Into the pasty plunged, at intervals,  
If stomach keen can intervals allow,  
Relating all the glories of the chase.  
Then sated hunger bids his brother thirst  
Produce the mighty bowl; the mighty bowl,  
Swell'd high with fiery juice, steams liberal round  
A potent gale, delicious, as the breath  
Of Maia to the love-sick shepherdess,  
On violets diffused, while soft she hears  
Her panting shepherd stealing to her arms.  
Nor wanting is the brown October, drawn,  
Mature and perfect, from his dark retreat  
Of thirty years; and now his honest front  
Flames in the light refulgent, not afraid  
Even with the vineyard's best produce to vie.

To cheat the thirsty moments, Whist a while  
 Walks his dull round, beneath a cloud of smoke,  
 Wreath'd, fragrant, from the pipe; or the quick dice,  
 In thunder leaping from the box, awake  
 The sounding gammon: while romping-loving miss  
 Is haul'd about, in gallantry robust.

At last these puling idlenesses laid  
 Aside, frequent and full, the dry divan  
 Close in firm circle; and set, ardent, in  
 For serious drinking. Nor evasion sly,  
 Nor sober shift, is to the puking wretch  
 Indulged apart; but earnest, brimming bowls  
 Lave every soul, the table floating round,  
 And pavement, faithless to the fuddled foot.  
 Thus as they swim in mutual swill, the talk,  
 Vociferous at once from twenty tongues,  
 Reels fast from theme to theme; from horses, hounds,  
 To church or mistress, politics or ghost,  
 In endless mazes, intricate, perplex'd.

Meantime, with sudden interruption, loud,  
 Th' impatient catch bursts from the joyous heart,  
 That moment touch'd is every kindred soul;  
 And, opening in a full-mouth'd cry of joy,  
 The laugh, the slap, the jocund curse go round;  
 While, from their slumbers shook, the kennell'd hounds  
 Mix in the music of the day again.

As when the tempest that has vex'd the deep  
 The dark long night, with fainter murmurs falls:  
 So gradual sinks their mirth. Their feeble tongues,  
 Unable to take up the cumbrous word,  
 Lie quite dissolved. Before their maudlin eyes,  
 Seen dim, and blue, the double tapers dance,  
 Like the sun wading through the misty sky,  
 Then, sliding soft, they drop. Confused above,  
 Glasses and bottles, pipes and gazetteers,  
 As if the table even itself was drunk,  
 Lie a wet broken scene; and wide, below,  
 Is heap'd the social slaughter: where astride  
 The lubber Power in filthy triumph sits,  
 Slumbrous, inclining still from side to side,  
 And steeps them drench'd in potent sleep till morn.

Perhaps some doctor, of tremendous paunch,  
 Awful and deep, a black abyss of drink,  
 Out-lives them all ; and from his bury'd flock  
 Retiring, full of rumination sad,  
 Laments the weakness of these latter times.

But if the rougher sex by this fierce sport  
 Is hurried wild, let not such horrid joy  
 E'er stain the bosom of the British Fair.  
 Far be the spirit of the chase from them !  
 Uncomely courage, unbeseeming skill ;  
 To spring the fence, to rein the prancing steed ;  
 The cap, the whip, the masculine attire ;  
 In which they roughen to the sense, and all  
 The winning softness of their sex is lost.  
 In them 'tis graceful to dissolve at wo ;  
 With every motion, every word, to wave  
 Quick o'er the kindling cheek the ready blush ;  
 And from the smallest violence to shrink  
 Unequal, then the loveliest in their fears ;  
 And by this silent adulation, soft,  
 To their protection more engaging Man.

O may their eyes no miserable sight,  
 Save weeping lovers, see ! a nobler game,  
 Through Love's enchanting wiles pursued, yet fled,  
 In chase ambiguous. May their tender limbs  
 Float in the loose simplicity of dress !  
 And, fashion'd all to harmony, alone  
 Know they to seize the captivated soul,  
 In rapture warbled from love-breathing lips ;  
 To teach the lute to languish ; with smooth step,  
 Disclosing motion in its every charm,  
 To swim along, and swell the mazy dance ;  
 To train the foliage o'er the snowy lawn ;  
 To guide the pencil, turn the tuneful page ;  
 To lend new flavour to the fruitful year,  
 And heighten Nature's dainties ; in their race  
 To rear their graces into second life ;  
 To give Society its highest taste ;  
 Well-order'd home Man's best delight to make ;  
 And by submissive wisdom, modest skill,  
 With every gentle care eluding art,

To raise the virtues, animate the bliss,  
And sweeten all the toils of human life :  
This be the female dignity, and praise.

Ye swains, now hasten to the hazel bank ;  
Where down yon dale, the wildly winding brook  
Falls hoarse from steep to steep. In close array,  
Fit for the thickets and the tangling shrub,  
Ye virgins come. For you their latest song  
The woodlands raise ; the clustering nuts for you  
The lover finds amid the secret shade ;  
And where they burnish on the topmost bough,  
With active vigour crushes down the tree ;  
Or shakes them ripe from the resigning husk,  
A glossy shower, and of an ardent brown,  
As are the ringlets of Melinda's hair ;  
Melinda ! form'd with every grace complete,  
Yet these neglecting, above beauty wise,  
And far transcending such a vulgar praise.

Hence from the busy joy-resounding fields,  
In cheerful error, let us tread the maze  
Of Autumn, unconfined ; and taste, revived,  
The breath of orchard big with bending fruit.  
Obedient to the breeze and beating ray,  
From the deep-loaded bough a mellow shower  
Incessant melts away. The juicy pear  
Lies, in a soft profusion, scatter'd round.  
A various sweetness swells the gentle race  
By Nature's all-refining hand prepared ;  
Of temper'd sun, and water, earth, and air,  
In ever-changing composition mixt.  
Such, falling frequent through the chiller night,  
The fragrant stores, the wide-projected heaps  
Of apples, which the lusty-handed year,  
Innumerable, o'er the blushing orchard shakes.  
A various spirit, fresh, delicious, keen,  
Dwells in their gelid pores ; and, active, points  
The piercing cider for the thirsty tongue :  
Thy native theme, and boon inspirer too,  
Phillips, Pomona's bard, the second thou  
Who nobly durst, in rhyme-unfetter'd verse,  
With British freedom sing the British song ;

Flow from Silurian vats, high-sparkling wines  
Foam in transparent floods; some strong, to cheer  
The wintry revels of the labouring hind;  
And tasteful some, to cool the summer-hours.

In this glad season while his sweetest beams  
The sun sheds equal o'er the meeken'd day;  
Oh loose me in the green delightful walks  
Of, Doddington, thy seat serene and plain;  
Where simple Nature reigns; and every view,  
Diffusive, spreads the pure Dorsetian downs,  
In boundless prospect; yonder shagg'd with wood,  
Here rich with harvest, and there white with flocks!  
Meantime the grandeur of thy lofty dome,  
Far-splendid, seizes on the ravish'd eye.  
New beauties rise with each revolving day;  
New columns swell; and still the fresh Spring finds  
New plants to quicken, and new groves to green,  
Full of thy genius all! the Muses' seat:  
Where in the secret bower, and winding walk,  
For virtuous Young and thee they twine the bay.  
Here wandering oft, fired with the restless thirst  
Of thy applause, I solitary court  
Th' inspiring breeze; and meditate the book  
Of Nature, ever open: aiming thence,  
Warm from the heart to learn the moral song.  
Here, as I steal along the sunny wall,  
Where Autumn basks, with fruit empurpled deep,  
My pleasing theme continual prompts my thought:  
Presents the downy peach; the shining plum:  
The ruddy, fragrant nectarine; and dark,  
Beneath his ample leaf, the luscious fig.  
The vine too here her curling tendrils shoots;  
Hangs out her clusters, glowing to the south;  
And scarcely wishes for a warmer sky.

Turn we a moment Fancy's rapid flight  
To vigorous soils, and climes of fair extent;  
Where, by the potent sun elated high,  
The vineyard swells refulgent on the day;  
Spreads o'er the vale; or up the mountain climbs,  
Profuse; and drinks amid the sunny rocks,  
From cliff to cliff increased, the heightened blaze.

Low bend the weighty boughs. The clusters clear,  
Half through the foliage seen, or ardent flame,  
Or shine transparent; while perfection breathes  
White o'er the turgent film the living dew.  
As thus they brighten with exalted juice,  
Touch'd into flavour by the mingling ray;  
The rural youth and virgins o'er the field,  
Each fond for each to cull the autumnal prime,  
Exulting rove, and speak the vintage nigh.  
Then comes the crushing swain; the country floats,  
And foams unbounded with the masby flood;  
That by degrees fermented, and refined,  
Round the raised nations pours the cup of joy.  
'The claret smooth, red as the lip we press  
In sparkling fancy, while we drain the bowl;  
'The mellow-tasted burgundy; and quick,  
As is the wit it gives, the gay champaign.

Now by the cool declining year condensed,  
Descend the copious exhalations, check'd  
As up the middle sky unseen they stole;  
And roll the doubling fogs around the hill.  
No more the mountain, horrid, vast, sublime,  
Who pours a sweep of rivers from his sides,  
And high between contending kingdoms rears  
The rocky long division, fills the view  
With great variety; but in a night  
Of gathering vapour, from the baffled sense  
Sinks dark and dreary. Thence expanding far,  
The huge dusk, gradual, swallows up the plain:  
Vanish the woods; the dim-seen river seems  
Sullen and slow, to roll the misty wave.  
Even in the height of noon oppress, the sun  
Sheds weak, and blunt, his wide-refracted ray;  
Whence glaring oft with many a broadened orb,  
He frights the nations. Indistinct on earth,  
Seen through the turbid air, beyond the life  
Objects appear; and wildered, o'er the waste  
The shepherd stalks gigantic. Till at last  
Wreath'd dun around, in deeper circles still  
Successive closing, sits the general fog  
Unbounded o'er the world; and, mingling thick,

A formless gray confusion covers all.  
As when of old (so sung the Hebrew Bard)  
Light, uncollected, through the chaos urged  
Its infant way; nor Order yet had drawn  
His lovely train from out the dubious gloom.

These roving mists, that constant now begin  
To smoke along the hilly country, these,  
With weighty rains, and melted Alpine snows,  
The mountain-cisterns fill, those ample stores  
Of water, scoop'd among the hollow rocks;  
Whence gush the streams, the ceaseless fountains play,  
And their unfailing wealth the rivers draw.  
Some sages say, that, where the numerous wave  
For ever lashes the resounding shore,  
Drill'd through the sandy stratum, every way,  
The waters with the sandy stratum rise;  
Amid whose angles infinitely strain'd,  
They joyful leave their jaggy salts behind,  
And clear and sweeten, as they soak along.  
Nor stops the restless fluid, mounting still,  
Though oft amidst the irriguous vale it springs;  
But to the mountain courted by the sand,  
That leads it darkling on in faithful maze,  
Far from the parent-main, it boils again  
Fresh into day; and all the glittering hill  
Is bright with spouting rills. But hence this vain  
Amusive dream! Why should the waters love  
'To take so far a journey to the hills,  
When the sweet vallies offer to their toil  
Inviting quiet, and a nearer bed?  
Or if, by blind ambition led astray,  
They must aspire; why should they sudden stop  
Among the broken mountain's rushy dells,  
And, ere they gain its highest peak, desert  
Th' attractive sand that charm'd their course so long?  
Besides, the hard agglomerating salts,  
The spoil of ages, would impervious choak  
Their secret channels; or, by slow degrees,  
High as the hills protrude the swelling vales;  
Old Ocean too, suck'd through the porous globe,



Had long ere now forsook his horrid bed,  
And brought Deucalion's wat'ry times again.

Say, then, where lurk the vast æternal springs,  
That, like Creating Nature, lie conceal'd  
From mortal eye, yet with their lavish stores  
Refresh the globe, and all its joyous tribes ?  
O thou pervading Genius, given to man,  
To trace the secrets of the dark abyss,  
O lay the mountains bare ! and wide display  
Their hidden structure to th' astonish'd view !  
Strip from the branching Alps their piny load ;  
The huge incumbrance of horrific woods  
From Asian-Taurus, from Imaus stretch'd  
Athwart the roving Tartar's sullen bounds !  
Give opening Hemus to my searching eye,  
And high Olympus pouring many a stream !  
O, from the sounding summits of the north,  
The Dofrine Hills, through Scandinavia roll'd  
To farthest Lapland and the frozen main ;  
From lofty Caucasus, far-seen by those  
Who in the Caspian and black Euxine toil ;  
From cold Riphean Rocks, which the wild Russ  
Believes the stony Girdle\* of the world ;  
And all the dreadful mountains, wrapt in storm,  
Whence wide Siberia draws her lonely floods ;  
O sweep th' eternal snows ! Hung o'er the deep,  
That ever works beneath his sounding base,  
Bid Atlas, propping heaven, as Poets feign,  
His subterranean wonders spread ! unveil  
The miny caverns, blazing on the day,  
Of Abyssinia's cloud-compelling cliffs,  
And of the bending Mountains of the Moon †  
O'ertopping all these giant-sons of earth,  
Let the dire Andes, from the radiant Line

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\* *The Muscovites call the Riphean mountains Weliki Camenpoys, that is, the great stony Girdle; because they suppose them to encompass the whole earth.*

† *A range of mountains in Africa, that surround almost all Monomotapa.*

Stretch'd to the stormy seas that thunder round  
The southern pole, their hideous deeps unfold !

Amazing scene ! Behold ! the glooms disclose,  
I see the rivers in their infant beds !  
Deep, deep I hear them, lab'ring to get free !  
I see the leaning strata, artful ranged ;  
The gaping fissures to receive the rains,  
The melting snows, and ever-dripping fogs.  
Strew'd bibulous above I see the sands,  
The pebbly gravel next, the layers then  
Of mingled moulds, of more retentive earths,  
The gutter'd rocks, and mazy-running clefts ;  
That, while the stealing moisture they transmit,  
Retard its motion, and forbid its waste.  
Beneath th' incessant weeping of these drains,  
I see the rocky syphons stretch'd immense,  
The mighty reservoirs of harden'd chalk,  
Or stiff compacted clay, capacious form'd.  
O'erflowing thence, the congregated stores,  
The crystal treasures of the liquid world,  
Through the stirr'd sands a bubbling passage burst ;  
And welling out, around the middle steep,  
Or from the bottoms of the bosom'd hills,  
In pure effusion flow. United, thus,  
Th' exhaling sun, the vapour-burden'd air,  
The gelid mountains, that to rain condensed  
These vapours in continual current draw,  
And send them o'er the fair-divided earth,  
In bounteous rivers to the deep again,  
A social commerce hold, and, firm support  
The full adjusted harmony of things.

When Autumn scatters his departing gleams,  
Warn'd of approaching Winter, gather'd, play  
The swallow-people ; and toss'd wide around,  
O'er the calm sky, in convolution swift,  
The feathered eddy floats ; rejoicing once,  
Ere to their wintry slumbers they retire ;  
In clusters clung, beneath the mould'ring bank,  
And where, unpierced by frost, the cavern sweats,  
Or rather into warmer climes convey'd,  
With other kindred birds of season, there

They twitter cheerful, till the vernal months  
Invite them welcome back : for thronging, now  
Innumerable wings are in commotion all.

Where the Rhine loses his majestic force  
In Belgian plains, won from the raging deep,  
By diligence amazing, and the strong  
Unconquerable hand of Liberty,  
The stork-assembly meets ; for many a day,  
Consulting deep, and various, ere they take  
Their arduous voyage through the liquid sky.  
And now their route design'd, their leaders chose,  
Their tribes adjusted; clean'd their vigorous wings ;  
And many a circle, many a short essay,  
Wheel'd round and round, in congregation full  
The figured flight ascends; and, riding high  
The aerial billows, mixes with the clouds.

Or where the Northern ocean, in vast whirls,  
Boils round the naked melancholy isles  
Of farthest Thule, and the Atlantic surge  
Pours in among the stormy Hebrides :  
Who can recount what transmigrations there  
Are annual made ? what nations come and go ?  
And how the living clouds on clouds arise ?  
Infinite wings ! till all the plume-dark air,  
And rude resounding shore are one wild cry.

Here the plain harmless native his small flock,  
And herd diminutive of many hues,  
Tends on the little island's verdant swell,  
The shepherd's sea-girt reign ; or, to the rocks  
Dire-clinging, gathers his various food ;  
Or sweeps the fishy shore ; or treasures up  
The plumage, rising full, to form the bed  
Of luxury. And here a while the Muse,  
High hovering o'er the broad cerulean scene,  
Sees Caledonia, in romantic view :  
Her airy mountains, from the waving main,  
Invested with a keen diffusive sky,  
Breathing the soul acute ; her forests huge,  
Incult, robust, and tall, by Nature's hand  
Planted of old ; her azure lakes between,  
Pour'd out extensive, and of wat'ry wealth.

Full ; winding deep, and green, her fertile vales ;  
 With many a cool, translucent brimming flood  
 Wash'd lovely, from the Tweed (pure parent stream,  
 Whose pastoral banks first heard my Doric reed,  
 With, silvan Jed, thy tributary brook)  
 To where the north-inflated tempest foams  
 O'er Oron's or Betubium's highest peak .  
 Nurse of a people, in misfortune's school  
 Train'd up to hardy deeds ; soon visited  
 By Learning, when before the Gothic rage  
 She took her western flight. A manly race,  
 Of unsubmitting spirit, wise, and brave ;  
 Who still through bleeding ages struggled hard,  
 (As well unhappy Wallace can attest,  
 Great patriot-hero ! ill-requited chief !)  
 To hold a generous undiminish'd state ;  
 Too much in vain ! Hence of unequal bound  
 Impatient, and by tempting glory borne  
 O'er every land, for every land their life  
 Has flow'd profuse, their piercing genius plann'd,  
 And swell'd the pomp of peace their faithful toil,  
 As from their own clear north, in radiant streams,  
 Bright over Europe bursts the Boreal Morn.

Oh, is there not some patriot, in whose power  
 That best, that godlike Luxury is placed,  
 Of blessing thousands, thousands yet unborn,  
 Through late posterity ? some, large of soul,  
 To cheer dejected industry ? to give  
 A double harvest to the pining swain ?  
 And teach the labouring-hand the sweets of toil ?  
 How, by the finest art, the native robe  
 To weave ; how, white as hyperborean snow,  
 To form the lucid lawn ; with venturous oar  
 How to dash wide the billow ; nor look on,  
 Shamefully passive, while Batavian fleets  
 Defraud us of the glittering finny swarms,  
 That heave our friths, and crowd upon our shores ;  
 How all-enlivening trade to rouse, and wing  
 The prosperous sail from every growing port,  
 Uninjured, round the sea-encircled globe ;

And thus, in soul united as in name,  
 Did Briton reign the mistress of the deep ?

Yes, there are such. And full on thee, Argyle,  
 Her hope, her stay, her darling, and her boast,  
 From her first patriots and her heroes sprung,  
 Thy fond-imploping country turns her eye ;  
 In thee, with all a mother's triumph, sees  
 Her every virtue, every grace combined,  
 Her genius, wisdom, her engaging turn,  
 Her pride of honour, and her courage tri'd,  
 Calm, and intrepid, in the very throat  
 Of sulphureous war, on 'Tenier's dreadful field.  
 Nor less the palm of peace inwreathes thy brow :  
 For, powerful as thy sword, from thy rich tongue  
 Persuasion flows, and wins the high debate ;  
 While mix'd in thee combine the charm of youth,  
 The force of manhood, and the depth of age.  
 Thee, Forbes, too, whom every worth attends,  
 As truth sincere, as weeping friendship kind,  
 Thee, truly generous, and in silence great,  
 Thy country feels through her reviving arts,  
 Plann'd by thy wisdom, by thy soul inform'd ;  
 And seldom has she known a friend like thee.

But see the fading many-colour'd woods,  
 Shade deepening over shade, the country round  
 Imbrown ; a crowded umbrage, dusk, and dun,  
 Of every hue from wan declining green  
 To sooty dark. These now the lonesome Muse,  
 Low-whispering, lead into their leaf-strown walks,  
 And give the season in its latest view.

Meantime, light shadowing all, a sober calm  
 Fleeces unbounded ether ; whose least wave  
 Stands tremulous, uncertain where to turn  
 The gentle current : while illumined wide,  
 The dewy-skirted clouds imbibe the sun,  
 And through their lucid veil, his softened force  
 Shed o'er the peaceful world. Then is the time,  
 For those whom wisdom and whom Nature charm,  
 To steal themselves from the degenerate crowd,  
 And soar above this little scene of things ;  
 To tread low-thoughted vice beneath their feet ;

To soothe the throbbing passions into peace ;  
And woo lone Quiet in her silent walks.

Thus solitary, and in pensive guise,  
Oft let me wander o'er the russet mead,  
And through the saddened grove, where scarce is heard  
One dying strain to cheer the woodman's toil.  
Haply some widowed songster pours his plaint,  
Far, in faint warblings, through the tawny copse :  
While congregated thrushes, linnets, larks,  
And each wild throat, whose artless strains so late  
Swell'd all the music of the swarming shades,  
Robb'd of their tuneful souls, now shivering sit  
On the dead tree, a dull despondent flock ;  
With not a brightness waving o'er their plumes,  
And nought save chattering discord in their note.  
O, let not, aim'd from some inhuman eye,  
The gun the music of the coming year  
Destroy ; and harmless, unsuspecting harm,  
Lay the weak tribes a miserable prey,  
In mingled murder, fluttering on the ground !

The pale descending year, yet pleasing still,  
A gentler mood inspires ; for now the leaf  
Incessant rustles from the mournful grove ;  
Oft startling such as, studious, walk below,  
And slowly circles through the waving air.  
But should a quicker breeze amid the boughs  
Sob, o'er the sky the leafy deluge streams ;  
Till choked, and matted with the dreary shower,  
The forest-walks, at every rising gale,  
Roll wide the wither'd waste, and whistle bleak.  
Fled is the blasted verdure of the fields ;  
And, shrunk into their beds, the flowery race  
Their sunny robes resign. Even what remain'd  
Of stronger fruits, falls from the naked tree ;  
And woods, fields, gardens, orchards, all around  
The desolated prospect thrills the soul.

He comes ! he comes ! in every breeze the Power  
Of Philosophic Melancholy comes !  
His near approach the sudden-starting tear,  
The glowing cheek, the mild dejected air,  
The softened feature, and the beating heart ;

Pierced deep with many a virtuous pang, declare.  
 O'er all the soul his sacred influence breathes ;  
 Inflames imagination ; through the breast  
 Infuses every tenderness ; and far  
 Beyond dim earth exalts the swelling thought.  
 Ten thousand thousand fleet ideas, such  
 As never mingled with the vulgar dream,  
 Crowd fast into the mind's creative eye.  
 As fast the correspondent passions rise,  
 As varied, and as high : Devotion raised  
 To rapture, and divine astonishment ;  
 The love of Nature unconfined, and, chief,  
 Of human race ; the large ambitious wish,  
 To make them blest ; the sigh for suffering worth  
 Lost in obscurity ; the noble scorn  
 Of tyrant pride ; the fearless great resolve ;  
 The wonder which the dying patriot draws,  
 Inspiring glory through remotest time ;  
 Th' awakened throb for virtue, and for fame ;  
 The sympathies of love, and friendship dear ;  
 With all the social Offspring of the heart.

O bear me then to vast embowering shades,  
 To twilight groves and visionary vales ;  
 To weeping grottos and prophetic glooms ;  
 Where angel forms athwart the solemn dusk,  
 Tremendous sweep, or seem to sweep along ;  
 And voices more than human, through the void  
 Deep-sounding, seize th' enthusiastic ear !

Or is this gloom too much ? Then lead, ye powers,  
 That o'er the garden and the rural seat  
 Preside, which shining through the cheerful land  
 In countless numbers blest Britannia sees :  
 O lead me to the wide-extended walks,  
 The fair majestic paradise of Stowe !  
 Not Persian Cyrus on Ionia's shore  
 E'er saw such Sylvan scenes : such various art  
 By genius fired ; such ardent genius tamed  
 By cool judicious art ; that, in the strife,  
 All-beauteous Nature fears to be outdone.

And there, O Pitt ! thy country's early boast,  
 There let me sit beneath the sheltered slopes,  
 Or in that Temple,\* where, in future times,  
 Thou well shalt merit a distinguish'd name :  
 And, with thy converse blest, catch the last smiles  
 Of Autumn beaming o'er the yellow woods.  
 While there with thee th' enchanted round I walk,  
 The regulated wild, gay Fancy then  
 Will tread in thought the groves of Attic Land ;  
 Will from thy standard taste refine her own,  
 Correct her pencil to the purest truth  
 Of Nature, or, the unimpassion'd shades  
 Forsaking, raise it to the human mind.  
 Or if hereafter she, with juster hand,  
 Shall draw the tragic scene, instruct her thou,  
 To mark the varied movements of the heart,  
 What every decent character requires,  
 And every passion speaks : O, through her strain  
 Breathe thy pathetic eloquence ! that moulds  
 Th' attentive senate, charms, persuades, exalts,  
 Of honest zeal, th' indignant lightning throws,  
 And shakes corruption on her venal throne.

While thus we talk, and through Elysian Vales  
 Delighted rove, perhaps a sigh escapes :  
 What pity, Cobham, thou thy verdant files  
 Of ordered trees should'st here inglorious range,  
 Instead of squadrons flaming o'er the field,  
 And long embattled hosts ! when the proud foe,  
 The faithless vain disturber of mankind,  
 Insulting Gaul, has roused the world to war ;  
 When keen, once more, within their bounds to press  
 Those polish'd robbers, those ambitious slaves,  
 The British Youth would hail thy wise command,  
 Thy temper'd ardour and thy veteran skill.

The western sun withdraws the shorten'd day ;  
 And humid evening, gliding o'er the sky,  
 In her chill progress, to the ground condensed  
 The vapours throws. Where creeping waters ooze,  
 Where marshes stagnate, and where rivers wind,

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\* *The Temple of Virtue in Stowe-Gardens*



Cluster the rolling fogs, and swim along  
 The dusky mantled lawn. Meanwhile the moon  
 Full-orb'd, and breaking through the scatter'd clouds,  
 Shows her broad visage in the crimson'd east.  
 Turn'd to the sun direct, her spotted disk,  
 Where mountains rise, umbrageous dales descend,  
 And caverns deep, as optic tube descends,  
 A smaller earth, gives us his blaze again,  
 Void of its flame, and sheds a softer day.  
 Now through the passing cloud she seems to stoop,  
 Now up the pure cerulean ride sublime.  
 Wide the pale deluge floats, and streaming mild  
 O'er the sky'd mountain to the shadowy vale,  
 While rocks and floods reflect the quivering gleam;  
 The whole air whitens with a boundless tide  
 Of silver radiance, trembling round the world.

But when half blotted from the sky her light,  
 Fainting, permits the starry fires to burn  
 With keener lustre through the depth of heaven;  
 Or near extinct her deaden'd orb appears,  
 And scarce appears, of sickly beamless white;  
 Oft in this season, silent from the north  
 A blaze of meteors shoots : ensweeping first  
 The lower skies, they all at once converge  
 High to the crown of heaven, and all at once  
 Relapsing quick, as quickly re-ascend,  
 And mix, and thwart, extinguish, and renew,  
 All ether coursing in a maze of light.

From look to look, contagious through the crowd,  
 The panic runs, and into wondrous shapes  
 The appearance throws : Armies in meet array,  
 Throng'd with aerial spears, and steeds of fire ;  
 Till the long lines of full-extended war  
 In bleeding fight commix'd, the sanguine flood  
 Rolls a broad slaughter o'er the plains of heaven.  
 As thus they scan the visionary scene,  
 On all sides swells the superstitious din,  
 Incontinent ; and busy frenzy talks  
 Of blood and battle ; cities overturn'd ;  
 And late at night in swallowing earthquakes wrapt,  
 Or hideous wrapt in fierce ascending flame :

Of sallow famine, inundation, storm ;  
 Of pestilence, and every great distress ;  
 Empires subvers'd, when ruling fate has struck  
 Th' unalterable hour : even Nature's self  
 Is deem'd to totter on the brink of time.  
 Not so the Man of philosophic eye,  
 And inspect sage ; the waving brightness he  
 Curious surveys, inquisitive to know  
 The causes, and materials, yet unfix'd,  
 Of this appearance, beautiful and new.

Now black, and deep the night begins to fall,  
 A shade immense. Sunk in the quenching gloom,  
 Magnificent and vast, are heaven and earth.  
 Order confounded lies ; all beauty void ;  
 Distinction lost ; and gay variety  
 One universal blot : such the fair power  
 Of light, to kindle and create the whole.  
 Drear is the state of the benighted wretch,  
 Who then, bewilder'd, wanders through the dark,  
 Full of pale fancies, and chimeras huge ;  
 Nor visited by one directive ray,  
 From cottage streaming, or from airy hall.  
 Perhaps, impatient as he stumbles on,  
 Struck from the root of slimy rushes, blue,  
 The wild-fire scatters round, or gather'd trails  
 A length of flame deceitful o'er the moss :  
 Whither decoy'd by the fantastic blaze,  
 Now lost and now renew'd, he sinks absorpt,  
 Rider and horse, amid the miry gulph :  
 While still, from day to day, his pining wife,  
 And plaintive children, his return await,  
 In wild conjecture lost. At other times,  
 Sent by the better Genius of the night,  
 Innocuous, gleaming on the horse's mane,  
 The meteor sits ; and shows the narrow path,  
 That winding leads through pits of death, or else  
 Instructs him how to take the dangerous ford.

The lengthened night elapsed, the morning shies  
 Serene in all her dewy beauty bright,  
 Unfolding fair the last autumnal day.  
 And now the mounting sun dispels the fog ;

The rigid hoar-frost melts before his beam;  
 And hung on every spray, on every blade  
 Of grass, the myriad dew-drops twinkle round.

Ah! see where robb'd, and murder'd, in that pit  
 Lies the still heaving hive! at evening snatch'd,  
 Beneath the cloud of guilt-concealing night,  
 And fix'd o'er sulphur: while, not dreaming ill,  
 The happy people, in their waxen cells,  
 Sat tending public cares, and planning schemes  
 Of temperance, for Winter poor; rejoiced  
 To mark, full flowing round, their copious stores.  
 Sudden the dark oppressive steam ascends;  
 And, used to milder scents, the tender race,  
 By thousands, tumble from their honey'd domes,  
 Convolved, and agonizing in the dust.

And was it then for this you roam'd the Spring,  
 Intent from flower to flower? for this you toil'd  
 Ceaseless the burning Summer-heats away?  
 For this in Autumn search'd the blooming waste,  
 Nor lost one sunny gleam? for this sad fate?  
 O man! tyrannic lord! how long, how long  
 Shall prostrate Nature groan beneath your rage,  
 Awaiting renovation? When obliged,  
 Must you destroy? Of their ambrosial food  
 Can you not borrow; and, in just return,  
 Afford them shelter from the wintry winds?  
 Or, as the sharp year pinches, with their own  
 Again regule them on some smiling day?  
 See where the stony bottom of their town  
 Looks desolate, and wild; with here and there  
 A helpless number, who the ruin'd state  
 Survive, lamenting weak, cast out to death.  
 Thus a proud city, populous and rich,  
 Full of the works of peace, and high in joy,  
 At theatre or feast, or sunk in sleep,  
 (As late, Palermo, was thy fate) is seized  
 By some dread earthquake, and convulsive hurl'd,  
 Sheer from the black foundation, stench-involved,  
 Into a gulph of blue sulphureous flame.

Hence every harsher sight! for now the day,  
 O'er heaven and earth diffused, grows warm, and high,

Infinite splendour ! wide investing all.  
How still the breeze ! save what the filmy threads  
Of dew evaporate brushes from the plain.  
How clear the cloudless sky ! how deeply tinged  
With a peculiar blue ! the ethereal arch  
How swell'd immense ! amid whose azure throned  
The radiant sun how gay ! how calm below  
The gilded earth ! the harvest treasures all  
Now gather'd in, beyond the rage of storms,  
Sure to the swain ; the circling fence shut up ;  
And instant Winter's utmost rage def'd.  
While, loose to festive joy, the country round  
Laughs with the loud sincerity of mirth,  
Shook to the wind their cares. The toil-strung youth,  
By the quick sense of music taught alone,  
Leaps wildly graceful in the lively dance.  
Her every charm abroad, the village-toast,  
Young, buxom, warm, in native beauty rich,  
Darts not unmeaning looks ; and, where her eye  
Points an approving smile, with double force,  
The cudgel rattles, and the wrestler twines.  
Age too shines out, and, garrulous, recounts  
The feats of youth. Thus they rejoice ; nor think  
That, with to-morrow's sun, their annual toil  
Begins again the never-coasting round.

Oh, knew he but his happiness, of men  
The happiest he ! who far from public rage,  
Deep in the vale, with a choice few retired,  
Drinks the pure pleasures of the Rural Life.  
What though the dome be wanting, whose proud gate  
Each morning, vomits out the sneaking crowd  
Of flatterers false, and in their turn abused ?  
Vile intercourse ! What though the glittering robe,  
Of every hue reflected light can give,  
Or floating loose, or stiff with mazy gold,  
The pride and gaze of fools ! oppress him not ?  
What though, from utmost land and sea purvey'd,  
For him each rarer tributary life  
Bleeds not, and his insatiate table heaps  
With luxury, and death ? What though his bowl  
Flames not with costly juice ; nor sunk in beds,

Oft of gay care, he tosses out the night,  
 Or melts the thoughtless hours in idle state ?  
 What though he knows not those fantastic joys,  
 That still amuse the wanton, still deceive ;  
 A face of pleasure, but a heart of pain ;  
 Their hollow moments undelighted all !  
 Sure peace is his ; a solid life estranged  
 To disappointment, and fallacious hope ;  
 Rich in content, in Nature's bounty rich,  
 In herbs and fruits, whatever greens the spring,  
 When heaven descends in showers ; or bends the bough  
 When Summer reddens, and when Autumn beams ;  
 Or in the wintry glebe whatever lies  
 Conceal'd, and fattens with the richest sap :  
 'These are not wanting ; nor the milky drove,  
 Luxuriant spread o'er all the lowing vale ;  
 Nor bleating mountains ; nor the chide of streams,  
 And hum of bees, inviting sleep sincere  
 Into the guiltless breast, beneath the shade.  
 Or thrown at large amid the fragrant hay ;  
 Nor aught besides of prospect, grove, or song,  
 Dim grottos, gleaming lakes, and fountain clear.  
 Here too dwells simple truth ; plain innocence ;  
 Unsullied beauty ; sound unbroken youth,  
 Patient of labour, with a little pleased ;  
 Health ever blooming ; unambitious toil ;  
 Calm contemplation, and poetic ease.

Let others brave the flood in quest of gain,  
 And beat, for joyless months, the gloomy wave.  
 Let such as deem it glory to destroy,  
 Rush into blood, the sack of cities seek ;  
 Unpierced, exulting in the widow's wail,  
 The virgin's shriek, and infant's trembling cry.  
 Let some, far-distant from their native soil,  
 Urged or by want or harden'd avarice,  
 Find other lands beneath another sun.  
 Let this through cities work his eager way,  
 By legal outrage and establish'd guile,  
 The social sense extinct ; and that ferment  
 Mad into tumult the seditious herd,  
 Or melt them down to slavery. Let these

Ensnare the wretched in the toils of law,  
Fomenting discord, and perplexing right,  
An iron race ! and those of fairer front,  
But equal inhumanity, in courts,  
Delusive pomp, and dark cabals, delight ;  
Wreathe the deep bow, diffuse the lying smile,  
And tread the weary labyrinth of state.  
While he, from all the stormy passions free  
That restless men involve, hears, and but hears,  
At distance safe, the human tempest roar,  
Wrapt close in conscious peace. The fall of kings,  
The rage of nations, and the crush of states,  
Move not the Man, who, from the world escaped,  
In still retreats, and flowery solitudes,  
To Nature's voice attends, from month to month,  
And day to day, through the revolving year ;  
Admiring, sees her in her every shape ;  
Feels all her sweet emotions at his heart ;  
Takes what she liberal gives, nor thinks of more.  
He, when young Spring protrudes the bursting gems,  
Marks the first bud, and sucks the healthful gale  
Into his freshen'd soul ; her genial hours  
He full enjoys ; and not a beauty blows,  
And not an opening blossom breathes in vain.  
In Summer he, beneath the living shade,  
Such as o'er frigid Tempe wont to wave,  
Or Hemus cool, reads what the Muse, of these  
Perhaps, has in immortal numbers sung ;  
Or what she dictates, writes ; and, oft an eye  
Shot round, rejoices in the vigorous year.

When Autumn's yellow lustre gilds the world,  
And tempts the sickled swain into the field,  
Seized by the gen'ral joy, his heart distends  
With gentle throes ; and through the tepid gleams  
Deep musing, then he best exerts his song.  
Even Winter wild to him is full of bliss,  
The mighty tempest, and the hoary waste,  
Abrupt, and deep, stretch'd o'er the buried earth,  
Awake to solemn thought. At night the skies,  
Disclosed, and kindled, by refining frost,  
Pour every lustre on th' exalted eye.

A friend, a book, the stealing hours secure,  
And mark them down for wisdom. With swift wing,  
O'er land and sea imagination roams ;  
Or truth, divinely breaking on his mind,  
Elates his being, and unfolds his powers ;  
Or in his breast heroic virtue burns.  
The touch of kindred too and love he feels ;  
The modest eye, whose beams on his alone  
Ecstatic shine ; the little strong embrace  
Of prattling children, twined around his neck,  
And emulous to please him, calling forth  
The fond parental soul. Nor purpose gay,  
Amusement, dance, or song, he sternly scorns ;  
For happiness and true philosophy  
Are of the social still, and smiling kind.  
This is the life which those who fret in guilt,  
And guilty cities, never knew ; the life,  
Led by primeval ages, uncorrupt,  
When angels dwelt, and God himself, with Man !  
Oh Nature ! all-sufficient ! over all !  
Enrich me with the knowledge of thy works !  
Snatch me to heaven ; thy rolling wonders there,  
World beyond world, in infinite extent,  
Profusely scatter'd o'er the blue immense,  
Show me ; their motions, periods, and their laws !  
Give me to scan ; through the disclosing deep  
Light my blind way ; the mineral strata there ;  
Thrust, blooming, thence the vegetable world ;  
O'er that the rising system, more complex,  
Of animals ; and higher still, the mind,  
The varied scene of quick compounded thought,  
And where the mixing passions endless shift ;  
These ever open to my ravish'd eye ;  
A search, the flight of time can ne'er exhaust !  
But if to that unequal ; if the blood,  
In sluggish streams about my heart, forbid  
That best ambition ; under closing shades,  
Inglorious, lay me by the lowly brook,  
And whisper to my dreams. From Thee begin,  
Dwell all on Thee, with Thee conclude my song ;  
And let me never, never stray from Thee !

# WINTER.

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## ARGUMENT.

The subject proposed.—Address to the Earl of Wilmington.—First approach of Winter.—According to the natural course of the season, various storms described.—Rain.—Wind.—Snow.—The driving of the Snows: a man perishing among them; whence reflections on the wants and miseries of human life.—The wolves descending from the Alps and Apennines.—A winter evening described: as spent by philosophers; by the country people; in the city.—Frost.—A view of Winter within the polar Circle.—A thaw.—The whole concluding with moral reflections on a future state.

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SEE Winter comes, to rule the varied year,  
Sullen and sad, with all his rising train;  
Vapours, and Clouds, and Storms. Be these my theme,  
These! that exalt the soul to solemn thought,  
And heavenly musing. Welcome, kindred glooms!  
Congenial horrors hail! with frequent foot,  
Pleased have I, in my cheerful morn of life,  
When nursed by careless solitude I lived,  
And sung of Nature with unceasing joy;  
Pleased have I wander'd through your rough domain;  
Trod the pure virgin-snows, myself as pure;  
Heard the winds roar, and the big torrent burst;  
Or seen the deep-fermenting tempest brew'd  
In the grim evening sky. Thus pass'd the time,  
'Till through the lucid chambers of the south  
Look'd out the joyous Spring, look'd out, and smiled.  
To thee, the patron of her first essay,  
The Muse, O Wilmington! renews her song.  
Since has she rounded the revolving year:



Skim'd the gay Spring ; on eagle pinions borne,  
Attempted through the Summer-blaze to rise ;  
Then swept o'er Autumn with a shadowy gale ;  
And now among the wintry clouds again  
Roll'd in the doubling storm she tries to soar ;  
To swell her note with all the rushing winds ;  
To suit her sounding cadence to the floods ;  
As is her theme, her numbers wildly great :  
Thrice happy ! could she fill thy judging ear  
With bold description and with manly thought.

Nor art thou skill'd in awful schemes alone,  
And how to make a mighty people thrive ;  
But equal goodness, sound integrity,  
A firm, unshaken, uncorrupted soul,  
Amid a sliding age, and burning strong,  
Not vainly blazing for thy country's weal,  
A steady spirit regularly free ;  
These, each exalting each, the statesman light  
Into the patriot ; these, the public hope  
And eye to thee converting, bid the Muse  
Record what envy dares not flattery call.

Now when the cheerless empire of the sky  
To Capricorn the Centaur Archer yields,  
And fierce Aquarius stains th' inverted year ;  
Hung o'er the farthest verge of heaven, the sun  
Scarce spreads through ether the dejected day.  
Faint are his gleams, and ineffectual shoot  
His struggling rays, in horizontal lines,  
Through the thick air ; as clothed in cloudy storm,  
Weak, wan, and broad, he skirts the southern sky ;  
And soon-descending, to the long dark night,  
Wide-shading all, the prostrate world resigns.  
Nor is the night unwish'd ; while vital heat,  
Light, life, and joy, the dubious day forsake.  
Meantime, in sable cincture, shadows vast,  
Deep-tinged and damp, and congregated clouds,  
And all the vapoury turbulence of heaven,  
Involve the face of things. Thus Winter falls,  
A heavy gloom oppressive o'er the world,  
Through nature shedding influence malign,  
And rouses up the seeds of dark disease.

The soul of man dies in him, loathing life,  
And black with more than melancholy views.  
The cattle droop ; and o'er the furrow'd land,  
Fresh from the plough, the dun-discolour'd flocks,  
Untended spreading, crop the wholesome root.  
Along the woods, along the moorish fens,  
Sighs the sad Genius of the coming storm ;  
And up among the loose disjointed cliffs,  
And fractured mountains wild, the brawling brook  
And cave presageful, send a hollow moan,  
Resounding long in listening Fancy's ear.

Then comes the father of the tempest forth,  
Wrapt in black glooms. First joyless rains obscure  
Drive through the mingling skies with vapour foul :  
Dash'd on the mountain's brow, and shake the woods,  
That grumbling wave below. The unsightly plain  
Lies a brown deluge ; as the low-bent clouds  
Pour flood on flood, yet unexhausted still  
Combine, and deepening into night shut up  
The day's fair face. The wanderers of heaven,  
Each to his home, retire ; save those that love  
To take their pastime in the troubled air,  
Or skimming flutter round the dimply pool.  
The cattle from the untasted fields return,  
And ask, with meaning low, their wonted stalls,  
Or ruminate in the contiguous shade.  
Thither the household feathery people crowd,  
The crested cock, with all his female train,  
Pensive and dripping ; while the cottage-hind  
Hangs o'er th' enlivening blaze, and taleful there  
Recounts his simple frolick : much he talks,  
And much he laughs, nor recks the storm that blows  
Without, and rattles on his humble roof.

Wide o'er the brim, with many a torrent swell'd,  
And the mix'd ruin of its banks o'erspread,  
At last the roused-up river pours along :  
Resistless, roaring, dreadful, down it comes  
From the rude mountain and the mossy wild,  
Tumbling through rocks abrupt, and sounding far :  
Then o'er the sanded valley floating spreads,  
Calm, sluggish, silent ; ill again, constrain'd

Between two meeting-hills, it bursts away,  
Where rocks and woods o'erhang the turbid stream;  
There gathering triple force, rapid, and deep,  
It boils and wheels, and foams, and thunders through.

Nature ! great parent ! whose unceasing hand  
Rolls round the Seasons of the changeful year,  
How mighty, how majestic, are thy works !  
With what a pleasing dread they swell the soul !  
That sees astonish'd ! and astonish'd sings !  
Ye too, ye winds ! that now begin to blow,  
With boisterous sweep, I raise my voice to you.  
Where are your stores, ye powerful beings say,  
Where your aerial magazines reserved,  
To swell the brooding terrors of the storm ?  
In what far-distant region of the sky,  
Hush'd in deep silence, sleep ye when 'tis calm ?

When from the pallid sky the sun descends,  
With many a spot, that o'er his glaring orb  
Uncertain wanders, stain'd ; red fiery streaks  
Begin to flush around. The reeling clouds  
Stagger with dizzy poise, as doubting yet  
Which master to obey : while rising slow,  
Blank, in the leaden-colour'd east, the moon  
Wears a wan circle round her blunted horns.  
Seen through the turbid fluctuating air,  
The stars obtuse emit a shiver'd ray ;  
Or frequent seem to shoot athwart the gloom,  
And long behind them trail the whitening blaze.  
Snatch'd in short eddies, plays the wither'd leaf ;  
And on the flood the dancing feather floats.  
With broaden'd nostrils to the sky up-turn'd,  
The conscious heifer snuffs the stormy gale.  
Even as the matron, at her nightly task,  
With pensive labour draws the flaxen thread,  
The wasted taper and the crackling flame  
Fortel the blast. But chief the plummy race,  
The tenants of the sky, its changes speak.

Retiring from the downs, where all day long  
They pick'd their scanty fare, a blackening train  
Of clamorous rooks thick urge their weary flight,  
And seek the closing shelter of the grove ;

Assiduous, in his bower, the wailing owl  
Plies his sad song. The cormorant on high  
Wheels from the deep, and screams along the land.  
Loud shrieks the soaring hen; and with wild wing  
The circling sea-fowl cleave the flaky clouds.  
Ocean, unequal press'd, with broken tide  
And blind commotion heaves; while from the shore,  
Eat into caverns by the restless-wave,  
And forest-rustling mountains, comes a voice,  
That solemn sounding bids the world prepare.  
Then issues forth the storm with sudden burst,  
And hurls the whole precipitated air,  
Down, in a torrent. On the passive main  
Descends th' ethereal force, and with strong gust  
Turns from its bottom the discolour'd deep.  
Though the black night that sits immense around,  
Dash'd into foam, the fierce conflicting brine  
Seems o'er a thousand raging waves to burn:  
Meantime the mountain-billows, to the clouds  
In dreadful tumult swell'd, surge above surge,  
Burst into chaos with tremendous roar,  
And anchor'd navies from their stations drive,  
Wild as the winds, across the howling waste  
Of mighty waters: now th' inflated wave  
Straining they scale, and now impetuous shoot  
Into the secret chambers of the deep,  
The wintry Baltic thundering o'er their head.  
Emerging thence again, before the breath  
Of full exerted heaven they wing their course,  
And dart on distant coasts; if some sharp rock,  
Or shoal insidious break not their career,  
And in loose fragments fling them floating round.

Nor less at land the loosen'd tempest reigns.  
The mountain thunders; and its sturdy sons  
Stoop to the bottom of the rocks they shade.  
Lone on the midnight steep, and all aghast,  
The dark way-faring stranger breathless toils,  
And often falling, climbs against the blast.  
Low waves the rooted forest, vex'd, and sheds  
What of its tarnish'd honours yet remain;  
Dash'd down, and scatter'd, by the tearing winds

Assiduous fury, its gigantic limbs.

Thus struggling through the dissipated grove,  
The whirling tempest raves along the plain,  
And on the cottage thatch'd, or lordly roof,  
Keen-fastening, shakes them to the solid base.  
Sleep frightened flies; and round the rocking dome,  
For entrance eager, howls the savage blast.  
Then too, they say, through all the burden'd air,  
Long groans are heard, shrill sounds and distant sighs,  
That utter'd by the demon of the night,  
Warn'd the devoted wretch of wo and death.

Huge uproar lords it wide. The clouds commix'd  
With stars swift gliding, sweep along the sky.

All Nature reels. Till Nature's King, who oft  
Amid tempestuous darkness dwells alone,  
And on the wings of the careering wind  
Walks dreadfully serene, commands a calm:  
Then straight air, sea, and earth are hush'd at once

As yet 'tis midnight deep. The weary clouds,  
Slow-meeting, mingle into solid gloom.

Now, while the drowsy world lies lost in sleep,  
Let me associate with the serious Night,  
And Contemplation, her sedate compeer;  
Let me shake off th' intrusive cares of day,  
And lay the meddling senses all aside.

Where now, ye lying vanities of life;  
Ye ever-tempting, ever-cheating train!  
Where are you now? and what is your amount?  
Vexation, disappointment, and remorse:  
Sad, sickening thought! and yet deluded man,  
A scene of crude disjointed visions past,  
And broken slumbers, rises still resolved,  
With new-flush'd hopes to run the giddy round.

Father of light and life! thou Good Supreme!  
O, teach me what is good? teach me thyself!  
Save me from folly, vanity, and vice,  
From every low pursuit! and feed my soul  
With knowledge, conscious peace, and virtue pure:  
Sacred, substantial, never-fading bliss!

The keener tempests rise: and, fuming dun  
From all the livid east, or piercing north,

Thick clouds ascend : in whose capacious womb  
A vapoury deluge lies, to snow congeal'd.  
Heavy they roll their fleecy world along ;  
And the sky saddens with the gather'd storm.  
Through the hush'd air the whit'ning shower descends,  
At first thin wavering ; till at last the flakes  
Fall broad, and wide, and fast, dimming the day,  
With a continual flow. The cherish'd fields  
Put on their winter robe of purest white.  
'Tis brightness all ; save where the new snow melts  
Along the mazy current. Low the woods  
Bow their hoar head ; and ere the languid sun  
Faint from the west emits his evening ray,  
Earth's universal face, deep hid, and chill,  
Is one wild dazzling waste, that buries wide  
The works of man. Drooping, the labourer-ox  
Stands cover'd o'er with snow, and then demands  
The fruit of all his toil. The fowls of heaven,  
Tamed by the cruel season, crowd around  
The winnowing store, and claim the little boon  
Which Providence assigns them. One alone,  
The red-breast, sacred to the household gods,  
Wisely regardful of the embroiling sky,  
In joyless fields and thorny thickets, leaves  
His shivering mates, and pays to trusted man  
His annual visit. Half afraid, he first  
Against the window beats ; then, brisk, alights  
On the warm hearth ; then hopping o'er the floor,  
Eyes all the smiling family askance,  
And pecks, and starts, and wonders where he is :  
Fill more familiar grown, the table-crumbs  
Attract his slender feet. The foodless wilds  
Pour fourth their brown inhabitants. The hare,  
Though timorous of heart, and hard beset  
By death in various forms, dark snares, and dogs,  
And more un pitying men, the garden seeks,  
Urged on by fearless want. The bleating kine  
Eye the bleak heaven, and next the glist'ning earth,  
With looks of dumb despair ; then, sad dispersed,  
Dig for the wither'd herb through heaps of snow

Now, shepherds ! to your helpless charge be kind ;  
 Baffle the raging year, and fill their pens  
 With food at will ; lodge them below the storm,  
 And watch them strict ; for from the bellowing east,  
 In this dire season, oft the whirlwind's wing  
 Sweeps up the burthen of whole wintry plains  
 At one wide waft, and o'er the hapless flocks,  
 Hid in the hollow of two-neighbouring hills,  
 The billowy tempest whelms ; till upward urged,  
 The valley to a shining mountain swells,  
 Tipt with a wreath high-curling in the sky.

As thus the snows arise ; and foul, and fierce,  
 All Winter drives along the darken'd air ;  
 In his own loose-revolving fields, the swain  
 Disaster'd stands ; sees other hills ascend,  
 Of unknown joyless brow ; and other scenes,  
 Of horrid prospect, shag the trackless plain :  
 Nor finds the river, nor the forest, hid  
 Beneath the formless wild : but wanders on  
 From hill to dale, still more and more astray ;  
 Impatient flouncing through the drifted heaps,  
 Stung with the thoughts of home ; the thoughts of home  
 Rush on his nerves ; and call their vigour forth  
 In many a vain attempt. How sinks his soul !  
 What black despair, what horror fills his heart !  
 When for the dusky spot, which fancy feign'd  
 His tufted cottage rising through the snow,  
 He meets the roughness of the middle waste,  
 Far from the track, and blest abode of man ;  
 While round him night resistless closes fast,  
 And every tempest howling o'er his head,  
 Wonders the savage wilderness more wild.  
 Then throug the busy shapes into his mind,  
 Of cover'd pits, unfathomably deep,  
 A dire descent ! beyond the power of frost ;  
 Of faithless hogs ; of precipices huge  
 Smooth'd-up-with snow - and, what is land, unknown,  
 What water, of the still unfrozen spring,  
 In the loose marsh, or solitary lake,  
 Where the fresh fountain from the bottom boils.  
 These check his fearful steps ; and down he sinks

Beneath the shelter of the shapeless drift,  
Thinking o'er all the bitterness of death,  
Mix'd with the tender anguish Nature shoots  
Through the wrung bosom of the dying man,  
His wife, his children, and his friends unseen.

In vain for him th' officious wife prepares  
The fire fair-blazing, and the vestment warm;  
In vain his little children, peeping out  
Into the mingling storm, demand their sire  
With tears of artless innocence. Alas!  
Nor wife nor children more shall he behold,  
Nor friends, nor sacred home. On every nerve  
The deadly winter seizes, shuts up sense,  
And o'er his inmost vitals creeping cold,  
Lays him along the snows a stiffen'd corse,  
Stretch'd out, and bleaching in the northern blast.

Ah! little think the gay licentious proud,  
Whom pleasure, power, and affluence surround;  
They, who their thoughtless hours in giddy mirth,  
And wanton, often cruel, riot waste;  
Ah! little think they, while they dance along,  
How many feel, this very moment, death,  
And all the sad variety of pain!

How many sink in the devouring flood,  
Or more devouring flame! How many bleed,  
By shameful variance betwixt Man and Man!  
How many pine in want, and dungeon glooms,  
Shut from the common air, and common use  
Of their own limbs! How many drink the cup  
Of baleful grief, or eat the bitter bread  
Of misery! Sore pierced by wintry winds,  
How many shrink into the sordid hut  
Of cheerless poverty! How many shake  
With all the fiercer tortures of the mind,  
Unbounded passion, madness, guilt, remorse;  
Whence tumbled headlong from the height of life,  
They furnish matter for the tragic Muse!  
Even in the vale, where wisdom loves to dwell,  
With friendship, peace, and contemplation join'd,  
How many, rack'd with honest passions, droop



In deep retired distress ! How many stand  
 Around the death-bed of their dearest friends,  
 And point the parting anguish ! Thought fond man  
 Of these, and all the thousand nameless ills  
 That one incessant struggle render life,  
 One scene of toil, of suffering, and of fate ;  
 Vice in his high career would stand appall'd,  
 And heedless rambling Impulse learn to think ;  
 The conscious heart of Charity would warm,  
 And her wide wish benevolence dilate ;  
 The social tear would rise, the social sigh ;  
 And into clear perfection, gradual bliss,  
 Refining still, the social passions work.

And here can I forget the generous band,\*  
 Who, touch'd with human woe, redressive search'd  
 Into the horrors of the gloomy jail ?  
 Unpitied, and unheard, where misery moans ;  
 Where sickness pines ; where thirst and hunger burp,  
 And poor misfortune feels the lash of vice.  
 While in the land of liberty, the land  
 Whose every street and public meeting glow  
 With open freedom, little tyrants raged ;  
 Snatch'd the lean morsel from the starving mouth ;  
 Tore from cold wintry limbs the tatter'd weed ;  
 Even rob them of the last of comforts, sleep ;  
 The free-born Briton to the dungeon chain'd,  
 Or as the lust of cruelty prevail'd,  
 At pleasure mark'd him with inglorious stripes ;  
 And crush'd out lives, by secret barbarous ways,  
 That for their country would have toil'd, or bled.  
 Great design ! if executed well,  
 With patient care, and wisdom temper'd zeal.  
 Ye, sons of mercy ! yet resume the search ;  
 Drag forth the legal monsters into light,  
 Wrench from their hands oppression's iron rod,  
 And bid the cruel feel the pains they give.

Much still untouch'd remains ; in this rank age.  
 Much is the patriot's weeding hand required.  
 The toils of law, (what dark insidious Men

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\* *The Jail Committee, in the year 1729.*

Have cumbrous added to perplex the truth,  
And lengthen simple justice into trade)  
How glorious were the day ! that saw these broke,  
And every man within the reach of right.

By wintry famine roused, from all the tract  
Of horrid mountains which the shining Alps,  
And wavy Apennines, and Pyrenees,  
Branch out stupendous into distant lands ;  
Cruel as death, and hungry as the grave !  
Burning for blood ! bony, and gaunt, and grim !  
Assembling wolves in raging troops descend ;  
And, pouring o'er the country, bear along,  
Keen as the north-wind sweeps the glossy snow.  
All is their prize. They fasten on the steed,  
Press him to earth, and pierce his mighty heart.  
Nor can the bull his awful front defend,  
Or shake the murdering savages away.  
Rapacious, at the mother's throat they fly,  
And tear the screaming infant from her breast,  
The godlike face of Man avails him nought.  
Even beauty, force divine ! at whose bright glance  
The generous lion stands in soften'd gaze,  
Here bleeds, a hapless undistinguish'd prey.  
But if, apprized of the severe attack,  
The country be shut up, lured by the scent,  
On church-yards drear (inhuman to relate !)  
The disappointed prowlers fall, and dig  
The shrouded body from the grave ; o'er which,  
Mix'd with foul shades, and frighted ghosts, they howl

Among those hilly regions, where embraced  
In peaceful vales the happy Grisons dwell ;  
Oft, rushing sudden from the loaded cliffs,  
Mountains of snow their gathering terrors roll.  
From steep to steep, loud-thundering, down they come,  
A wintry waste in dire commotion all ;  
And herds, and flocks, and travellers, and swains,  
And sometimes whole brigades of marching troops,  
Or hamlets sleeping in the dead of night,  
Are deep beneath the smothering ruin whelm'd.

Now, all amid the rigours of the year,  
In the wild depth of Winter, while without

The ceaseless winds blow ice, be my retreat  
 Between the groaning forest and the shore  
 Beat by the boundless multitude of waves,  
 A rural, shelter'd, solitary scene;  
 Where ruddy fire and beaming tapers join  
 To cheer the gloom. There studious let me sit,  
 And hold high converse with the mighty dead;  
 Sages of ancient time, as gods revered,  
 As gods beneficent, who blest mankind  
 With arts, with arms, and humanized a world.  
 Roused at th' inspiring thought, I throw aside  
 The long-lived volume; and, deep-musing, hail  
 The sacred shades, that slowly rising pass  
 Before my wondering eyes. First Socrates,  
 Who, firmly good in a corrupted state,  
 Against the rage of tyrants single stood,  
 Invincible! calm reason's holy law,  
 That voice of God within th' attentive mind,  
 Obeying, fearless, or in life, or death:  
 Great moral teacher! Wisest of mankind!  
 Solon the next, who built his common-weal  
 On Equity's wide base; by tender laws  
 A lively people curbing, yet undamp'd,  
 Preserving still that quick peculiar fire,  
 Whence in the laurel'd field of finer arts,  
 And of bold freedom, they unequal'd shone;  
 The pride of smiling Greece, and human kind.  
 Lycurgus then, who bowed beneath the force  
 Of strictest discipline, severely wise,  
 All human passions. Following him, I see,  
 As at Thermopylæ he glorious fell,  
 The firm devoted Chief,\* who proved by deeds  
 The hardest lesson which the other taught.  
 Then Aristides lifts his honest front;  
 Spotless of heart, to whom the unflattering voice  
 Of freedom gave the noblest name of Just;  
 In pure majestic poverty revered;  
 Who, even his glory to his country's weal  
 Submitting, swell'd a haughty Rival's fame.†

\* *Leonidas.*† *Themistocles.*

Rear'd by his care, of softer ray appears  
 Cimon, sweet-soul'd; whose genius, rising strong,  
 Shook off the load of young debauch; abroad,  
 The scourge of Persian pride; at home, the friend  
 Of every worth and every splendid art;  
 Modest, and simple, in the pomp of wealth.  
 Then the last worthies of declining Greece,  
 Late call'd to glory, in unequal times,  
 Pensive, appear. The fair Corinthian boast,  
 Timoleon, happy temper! mild, and firm,  
 Who wept the brother, while the tyrant bled.  
 And, equal to the best, the Theban pair,\*  
 Whose virtues, in heroic concord join'd,  
 Their country raised to freedom, empire, fame.  
 He too, with whom Athenian honour sunk,  
 And left a mass of sordid lees behind,  
 Phocion the Good; in public life severe,  
 To virtue still inexorably firm;  
 But when, beneath his low illustrious roof,  
 Sweet peace and happy wisdom smooth'd his brow  
 Not friendship softer was, nor love more kind.  
 And he, the last of old Lycurgus's sons,  
 The generous victim to that vain attempt,  
 To save a rotten state, Agis, who saw  
 Even Sparta's self to servile avarice sunk.  
 The two Achaian heroes close the train.  
 Aratus, who a while relumed the soul  
 Of fondly-lingering liberty in Greece:  
 And he her darling, as her latest hope,  
 The gallant Philopæmen; who to arms  
 Turn'd the luxurious pomp he could not cure;  
 Or toiling in his farm, a simple swain;  
 Or, bold and skilful, thundering in the field.  
 Of rougher front, a mighty people come!  
 A race of heroes! in those virtuous times  
 Which knew no stain, save that with partial flame,  
 Their dearest country they too fondly loved:  
 Her better Founder first, the light of Rome,  
 Numa, who soften'd her rapacious sons:

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\* Pelopidas and Epaminondas.

Servius the King, who laid the solid base  
 On which o'er earth the vast republic spread.  
 Then the great consuls venerable rise.  
 The Public Father\* who the Private quell'd,  
 As on the dread tribunal sternly sad.  
 He, whom his thankless country could not lose,  
 Camillus, only vengeful to her foes.  
 Fabricius, scorner of all-conquering gold;  
 And Cincinnatus, awful from the plough.  
 Thy willing Victim,† Carthage, bursting loose  
 From all that pleading Nature could oppose;  
 From a whole city's tears, by rigid faith  
 Imperous call'd, and honour's dire command.  
 Scipio, the gentle chief, humanely brave,  
 Who soon the race of spotless glory ran,  
 And, warm in youth, to the Poetic shade,  
 With Friendship and Philosophy retired.  
 Tully, whose powerful eloquence a while  
 Restrain'd the rapid fate of rushing Rome.  
 Unconquer'd Cato, virtuous in extreme;  
 And thou, unhappy Brutus, kind of heart,  
 Whose steady arm, by awful virtue urged,  
 Lifted the Roman steel against thy friend.  
 Thousands besides the tribute of a verse  
 Demand; but who can count the stars of heaven?  
 Who sing their influence on this lower world?

Behold, who yonder comes! in sober state,  
 Fair, mild, and strong, as is a vernal sun:  
 'Tis Phœbus' self, or else the Mantuan Swain!  
 Great Homer too appears, of daring wing,  
 Parent of song! and equal by his side,  
 The British Muse; join'd hand in hand they walk,  
 Darkling, full up the middle steep to fame.  
 Nor absent are those shades, whose skilful touch  
 Pathetic drew th' impassion'd heart, and charm'd  
 Transported Athens with the moral scene;  
 Nor those who, tuneful, waked th' enchanting Lyre.  
 First of your kind! society divine!  
 Still visit thus my nights, for you reserved,

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\* *Marcus Junius Brutus.*

† *Regular.*

And mount my soaring soul to thoughts like yours.  
Silence, thou lonely power ! the door be thine ;  
See on the hallow'd hour that none intrude,  
Save a few chosen friends, who sometimes deign  
To bless my humble roof, with sense refined,  
Learning digested well, exalted faith,  
Unstudied wit, and humour ever gay.  
Or from the Muses' hill will Pope descend,  
To raise the sacred hour, to bid it smile,  
And with the social spirit warm the heart :  
For though not sweeter his own Homer sings,  
Yet is his life the more endearing song.

Where art thou, Hammond ? thou the darling pride,  
The friend and lover of the tuneful throng !  
Ah ! why, dear youth, in all the blooming prime  
Of vernal genius, where disclosing fast  
Each active worth, each manly virtue lay,  
Why wert thou ravish'd from our hope so soon ?  
What now avails that noble thirst of fame,  
Which stung thy fervent breast ? that treasured store  
Of knowledge, early gain'd ? that eager zeal  
To serve thy country, glowing in the band  
Of youthful Patriots, who sustain'd her name ?  
What now, alas ! that life-diffusing charm  
Of sprightly wit ? that rapture for the Muse,  
That heart of friendship, and that soul of joy,  
Which bade with softest light thy virtues smile ?  
Ah ! only show'd to check our fond pursuits,  
And teach our humbled hopes that life is vain !

Thus in some deep retirement would I pass  
The winter-glooms, with friends of pliant soul,  
Or blithe, or solemn, as the theme inspired :  
With them would search, if Nature's boundless frame  
Was call'd, late rising from the void of night,  
Or sprung eternal from the eternal Mind :  
Its life, its laws, its progress, and its end.  
Hence larger prospects of the beauteous whole  
Would, gradual, open on our opening minds ;  
And each diffusive harmony unite,  
In full perfection to the astonish'd eye.  
Then would we try to scan the moral world ;

Which, though to us it seems embroil'd, moves on  
In higher order ; fitted, and impell'd  
By Wisdom's finest hand, and issuing all  
In general Good The sage Historic Muse  
Should next conduct us through the deeps of time ;  
Show us how empire grew, declined, and fell.  
In scatter'd states ; what makes the nations smile,  
Improves their soil, and gives them double suns ;  
And why they pine beneath the brightest skies,  
In Nature's richest lap. As thus we talk'd,  
Our hearts would burn within us, would inhale  
That portion of divinity, that ray  
Of purest heaven, which lights the public soul  
Of patriots and of heroes. But if doom'd,  
In powerless humble fortune, to repress  
These ardent risings of the kindling soul ;  
Then even superior to ambition, we  
Would learn the private virtues ; how to glide  
Through shades and plains, along the smoothest stream  
Of rural life ; or snatch'd away by hope,  
Through the dim spaces of futurity,  
With earnest eye anticipate those scenes  
Of happiness and wonder ; where the mind,  
In endless growth and infinite ascent,  
Rises from state to state, and world to world.  
But when with these the serious thought is foil'd,  
We, shifting for relief, would play the shapes  
Of frolick fancy ; and incessant form  
Those rapid pictures, that assembled train  
Of fleet ideas, never join'd before ;  
Whence lively wit excites to gay surprise ;  
Or folly-painting humour, grave himself,  
Calls laughter forth, deep-shaking every nerve.  
Meantime the village rouses up the fire ;  
While well-attested, and as well believed,  
Heard solemn, goes the goblin-story round,  
Till superstitious horror creeps o'er all :  
Or, frequent in the sounding hall they wake  
The rural gambol. Rustic mirth goes round ;  
The simple joke that takes the shepherd's heart,  
Easily pleased ; the long loud laugh sincere ;

The kiss, snatch'd hasty from the side-long maid,  
On purpose guardless, or pretending sleep :  
The leap, the slap, the haul ; and, shook to notes  
Of native music, the respondent dance.  
Thus jocund fleets with them the winter night.

The city swarms intense. The public haunt,  
Full of each theme, and warm with mix'd discourse,  
Hums indistinct. The sons of riot flow  
Down the loose stream of false enchanted joy,  
To swift destruction. On the rankled soul  
The gaming fury falls ; and in one gulph  
Of total ruin, honour, virtue, peace,  
Friends, families, and fortune, headlong sink.  
Up springs the dance along the lighted dome.  
Mix'd and evolved a thousand sprightly ways.  
The glittering court effuses every pomp ;  
The circle deepens : beam'd from gaudy robes,  
Tapers, and sparkling gems, and radiant eyes,  
A soft effulgence o'er the palace waves :  
While a gay insect in his summer shine,  
The fop, light fluttering, spreads his mealy wings.

Dread o'er the scene the ghost of Hamlet stalks ;  
Othello rages ; poor Monimia mourns ;  
And Belvidera pours her soul in love.  
Terror alarms the breast ; the comely tear  
Steals o'er the cheek : or else the Comic Muse  
Holds to the world a picture of itself,  
And raises sly the fair impartial laugh.  
Sometimes she lifts her strain, and paints the scenes  
Of beauteous life ; whate'er can deck mankind,  
Or charm'd the heart, in generous Bevil\* show'd.

O thou, whose wisdom, solid, yet refined,  
Whose patriot virtues, and consummate skill  
To touch the finer springs that move the world,  
Join'd to whate'er the Graces can bestow,  
And all Apollo's animating fire,  
Give thee with pleasing dignity to shine,  
At once the guardian, ornament, and joy

---

\* *A character in the Conscious Lovers, written by Sir Richard Steele.*



Of polish'd life ; permit the rural Muse,  
O Chesterfield, to grace with thee her song !  
Ere to the shades again she humbly flies,  
Indulge her fond ambition in thy train,  
(For every muse has in thy train a place)  
To mark thy various full-accomplish'd mind :  
To mark that spirit, which, with British scorn,  
Rejects th' allurements of corrupted power ;  
That elegant politeness, which excels,  
Even in the judgment of presumptuous France,  
The boasted manners of her shining court ;  
That wit, the vivid energy of sense,  
The truth of Nature, which, with Attic point,  
And kind well-temper'd satire, smoothly keen,  
Steals through the soul, and without pain corrects.  
Or, rising thence, with yet a brighter flame,  
O, let me hail thee on some glorious day,  
When to the listening Senate, ardent, crowd  
Brittania's sons to hear her pleaded cause.  
'Then drest by thee, more amiably fair,  
'Truth the soft robe of mild persuasion wears :  
'Thou to assenting reason giv'st again  
Her own enlighten'd thoughts : call'd from the heart,  
'Th' obedient passions on thy voice attend ;  
And even reluctant party feels a while  
Thy gracious power ; as through the varied maze  
Of eloquence, now smooth, now quick, now strong,  
Profound and clear, you roll the copious flood.

To thy loved haunt return, my happy Muse !

For now, behold, the joyous winter days  
Frosty succeed, and through the blue serene,  
For sight too fine, the ethereal nitre flies ;  
Killing infectious damps, and the spent air,  
Storing afresh with elemental life.  
Close crowds the shining atmosphere, and binds  
Our strengthen'd bodies in its cold embrace,  
Constringent ; feeds, and animates our blood ;  
Refines our spirits, through the new-strung nerves,  
In swifter sallies darting to the brain ;  
Where sits the soul, intense, collected, cool,  
Bright as the skies, and as the season keen.  
All Nature feels the renovating force

Of Winter, only to the thoughtless eye  
In ruin seen. The frost-concocted glebe  
Draws in abundant vegetable soul,  
And gathers vigour for the coming year.  
A stronger glow sits on the lively cheek  
Of ruddy fire; and luculent along  
The purer river flows; their sullen deeps,  
Transparent open to the shepherd's gaze,  
And murmur hoarser at the fixing frost.

What art thou, Frost! and whence are thy keen stores  
Derived, thou secret all-invading power!  
Whom even th' illusive fluid cannot fly?  
Is not thy potent energy, unseen,  
Myriads of little salts, or hook'd, or shaped  
Like double wedges, and diffused immense  
Through water, earth, and ether? Hence at eve,  
Steam'd eager from the red horizon round,  
With the fierce rage of Winter deep suffused,  
An icy gale, oft shifting, o'er the pool  
Breathes a blue film, and in its mid career  
Arrests the bickering stream. The loosen'd ice,  
Let down the flood, and half dissolved by day,  
Rustles no more, but to the sedgy bank,  
Fast grows, or gathers round the pointed stone,  
A crystal pavement by the breath of heaven  
Cemented firm; till, seized from shore to shore,  
The whole imprison'd river grows below.  
Loud rings the frozen earth, and hard reflects  
A double noise; while at his evening watch  
The village-dog deters the nightly thief;  
The heifer lows; the distant water-fall  
Swells in the breeze; and with the hasty tread  
Of traveller, the hollow-sounding plain  
Shakes from afar. The full ethereal round,  
Infinite worlds disclosing to the view,  
Shines out intensely keen; and all one cope  
Of starry glitter, glows from pole to pole.

From pole to pole the rigid influence falls,  
Through the still night, incessant, heavy, strong,  
And seizes Nature fast. It freezes on;  
Till morn, late rising o'er the drooping world,

Lifts her pale eye unjoyous. Then appears  
The various labour of the silent night :  
Prone from the dripping cave and dumb cascade.  
Whose idle torrents only seem to roar,  
The pendant icicle ; the frost-work fair,  
Where transient hues and fancied figures rise ;  
Wide-spouted o'er the hill, the frozen brook  
A livid tract, cold gleaming on the morn ;  
The forest bent beneath the plumy wave ;  
And by the frost refined the whiter snow,  
Incrusted hard, and sounding to the tread  
Of early shepherd, as he pensive seeks  
His pining flock, or from the mountain top,  
Pleased with the slippery surface, swift descends

On blithsome frolics bent, the youthful swains .  
While every work of man is laid at rest,  
Fond o'er the river crowd, in various sport  
And revelry dissolved ; where mixing glad,  
Happiest of all the train ! the raptured boy  
Lashes the whirling top. Or where the Rhine  
Branch'd out in many a long canal extends,  
From every province swarming, void of care,  
Batavia rushes forth ; and as they sweep,  
On sounding skates, a thousand different ways,  
In'circling poise, swift as the winds, along,  
The then gay land is madden'd all to joy.  
Nor less the northern courts wide o'er the snow  
Pour a new pomp. Eager, on rapid sleds,  
Their vigorous youth in bold contention wheel  
The long resounding course. Meantime, to raise  
The manly strife with highly blooming charms,  
Flush'd by the season, Scandinavia's dames,  
Or Russia's buxom daughters, glow around.

Pure, quick, and sportful, is the wholesome day :  
But soon elapsed. The horizontal sun,  
Broad o'er the south, hangs at his utmost noon ;  
And ineffectual, strikes the gelid cliff ;  
His azure gloss the mountain still maintains,  
Nor feels the feeble touch. Perhaps the vale  
Relents a while to the reflected ray ;  
Or from the forest falls the cluster'd snow,

Myriads of gems, that in the waving gleam  
 Gay-twinkle as they scatter. Thick around  
 Thunders the sport of those, who with the gun,  
 And dog impatient, bounding at the shot,  
 Worse than the season, desolate the fields ;  
 And adding to the ruins of the year,  
 Distress the footed or the feather'd game.

But what is this ? Our infant Winter sinks,  
 Divested of his grandeur, should our eye.  
 Astonish'd shoot into the Frigid Zone ;  
 Where, for relentless months, continual Night  
 Holds o'er the glittering waste her starry reign.

There through the prison of unbounded wilds,  
 Barr'd by the hand of Nature from escape,  
 Wide roams the Russian exile. Fought around  
 Strikes his sad eye, but deserts lost in snow ;  
 And heavy-loaded groves ; and solid floods,  
 That stretch athwart the solitary vast  
 Their icy horrors to the frozen main ;  
 And cheerless towns far distant, never bless'd,  
 Save when its annual course the caravan  
 Bends to the golden coast of rich Cathay,\*  
 With news of human kind. Yet there life glows ;  
 Yet, cherish'd there, beneath the shining waste  
 The furry nations harbour : tipt with jet,  
 Fair Ermines, spotless as the snows they press ;  
 Sables, of glossy black ; and dark embrown'd,  
 Or beauteous freak'd with many a mingled hue,  
 Thousands besides, the costly pride of courts.  
 There, warm together press'd, the trooping deer  
 Sleep on the new-fall'n snows ; and scarce his head  
 Rais'd o'er the the heapy wreath, the branching elk  
 Lies slumbering sullen in the white abyss.  
 The ruthless hunter wants nor dogs nor toils,  
 Nor with the dread of sounding bows he drives  
 The fearful flying race ; with ponderous clubs.  
 As weak against the mountain-heaps they push  
 Their beating breast in vain, and piteous bray,  
 He lays them quivering on th' ensanguined snows ;

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\* The old name for China.

And with loud shouts rejoicing bears them home.  
 There, through the piny forest half-absorpt  
 Rough tenant of these shades, the shapeless bear,  
 With dangling ice all horrid stalks forlorn;  
 Slow-paced, and sourer as the storms increase,  
 He makes his bed beneath th' inclement drift,  
 And, with stern patience, scorning weak complaint,  
 Hardens his heart against assailing want,

Wide o'er the spacious regions of the north,  
 That see Bootes urge his tardy wain,  
 A boisterous race, by frosty Caurus\* pierced,  
 Who little pleasure know, and fear no pain,  
 Prolific swarm. They once relumed the flame  
 Of lost mankind in polish'd slavery sunk,  
 Drove martial horde on horde,† with dreadful sweep  
 Resistless, rushing o'er th' enfeebled south,  
 And gave the vanquish'd world another form.

Not such the sons of Lapland; wisely they  
 Despise th' insensate barbarous trade of war;  
 They ask no more than simple Nature gives,  
 They love their mountains and enjoy their storms.  
 No false desires, no pride-created wants,  
 Disturb the peaceful current of their time;  
 And through the restless ever-tortured maze  
 Of pleasure or ambition, bid it rage.  
 Their rein-deer form their riches. These their tents;  
 Their robes, their beds, and all their homely wealth  
 Supply, their wholesome fare, and cheerful cups.  
 Obsequious at their call, the docile tribe  
 Yield to the sled their necks, and whirl them swift  
 O'er hill and dale, heap'd into one expanse  
 Of marbled snow, as far as eye can sweep,  
 With a blue crust of ice unbounded glazed.  
 By dancing meteors then, that ceaseless shake  
 A waving blaze refracted o'er the heavens,  
 And vivid moons, and stars that keener play  
 With double lustre from the glossy waste,  
 Even in the depth of Polar Night, they find

---

\* The north-west wind.

† The wandering Scythian Clan.

A wondrous day : enough to light the chase,  
Or guide their daring steps to Finland-fairs.

Wish'd Spring returns ; and from the hazy south,  
While dim Aurora slowly moves before,  
The welcome sun, just verging up at first,  
By small degrees extends the swelling curve !  
Till seen at last for gay rejoicing months,  
Still round and round, his spiral course he winds,  
And as he nearly dips his flaming orb,  
Wheels up again, and re-ascends the sky.  
In that glad season, from the lakes and floods,  
Where pure Niemi's\* fairy mountains rise,  
And, fringed with roses, Tenglio† rolls his stream,  
They draw the copious fry. With these, at eve,  
They cheerful loaded to their tents repair ;  
Where, all day long in useful cares employ'd  
Their kind unblemish'd wives the fire prepare.  
Thrice happy race ! by poverty secured  
From legal plunder, and rapacious power :  
In whom self interest never yet has sown  
The seeds of vice : whose spotless swains ne'er knew  
Injurious deed ; nor, blasted by the breath  
Of faithless love, their blooming daughters, wo.

Still pressing on, beyond Tornea's lake,  
And Hecla flaming through a waste of snow,  
And farthest Greenland, to the pole itself,  
Where, failing gradual, life at length goes out,  
The Muse expands her solitary flight ;

\* *M. de Mairpertius, in his book on the Figure of the Earth, after having described the beautiful lake and mountain of Niemi, in Lapland, says—" From this height we had opportunity several times to see those vapours rise from the lake, which the people of the country call Haltios, and which they deem to be the guardian spirits of the mountains. We had been frightened with stories of bears that haunted this place, but saw none. It seemed rather a place of resort for Fairies and Genii than bears."*

† *The same author observes, " I was surprised to see upon the banks of this river, (the Tenglio) roses of as lively a red as any that are in our gardens."*

And, hovering o'er the wild, stupendous scene,  
Beholds new seas beneath another sky.\*  
Throned in his palace of cerulean ice,  
Here Winter holds his unrejoicing court;  
And through his airy hall, the loud misrule  
Of driving tempests is for ever heard:  
Here the grim tyrant meditates his wrath;  
Here arms his winds with all-subduing frost;  
Moulds his fierce hail, and treasures up his snows,  
With which he now oppresses half the globe.

Thence winding eastward to the Tartar's coast;  
She sweeps the howling margin of the main;  
Where undissolving, from the first of time,  
Snows swell on snows amazing to the sky;  
And icy mountains high on mountains piled,  
Seem to the shivering sailor from afar,  
Shapeless and white, an atmosphere of clouds.  
Projected huge, and horrid, o'er the surge,  
Alps frown on Alps; or rushing hideous down,  
As if old Chaos was again return'd,  
Wide rend the deep, and shake the solid pole,  
Ocean itself no longer can resist  
The binding fury; but, in all its rage  
Of tempest, taken by the boundless frost,  
Is many a fathom to the bottom chain'd,  
And bid to roar no more: a bleak expanse,  
Shagg'd o'er with wavy rocks, cheerless, and void  
Of every life, that from the dreary months  
Flies conscious southward. Miserable they!  
Who, here entangled in the gathering ice,  
Take their last look of the descending sun;  
While, full of death, and fierce with tenfold frost,  
The long long night, incumbent o'er their heads,  
Falls horrible. Such was the Briten's† fate,  
As with first prow, (what have not Britons dared!)  
He for the passage sought, attempted since  
So much in vain, and seeming to be shut

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\* The other hemisphere.

† Sir Hugh Willoughby, sent by Queen Elizabeth to  
discover the north-east passage.

By jealous Nature with eternal bars.  
 In these fell regions, in Arzina caught,  
 And to the stony deep his idle ship  
 Immediate seal'd, he with his hapless crew,  
 Each full exerted at his several task,  
 Froze into statues ; to the cordage glued  
 The sailor, and the pilot to the helm.

Hard by these shores, where scarce his freezing  
 stream  
 Rolls the wild Oby, live the last of Men ;  
 And half enlivened by the distant sun,  
 That rears and ripens Man, as well as plants ;  
 Here human Nature wears its rudest form.  
 Deep from the piercing season sunk in caves,  
 Here by dull fires, and with unjoyous cheer,  
 They waste the tedious gloom. Immersed in furs,  
 Doze the gross race. Nor sprightly jest, nor song,  
 Nor tenderness they know ; nor aught of life,  
 Beyond the kindred bears that stalk without.  
 Till morn at length, her roses drooping all,  
 Sheds a long twilight brightening o'er their fields,  
 And calls the quivered savage to the chase.

What cannot active government perform,  
 New-moulding Man ! Wide stretching from these  
 shores,

A people savage from remotest time,  
 A huge neglected empire, one vast Mind,  
 By Heaven inspired, from Gothic darkness call'd.  
 Immortal Peter ! first of monarchs ! He  
 His stubborn country tamed, her rocks, her fens,  
 Her floods, her seas, her ill-submitting sons ;  
 And while the fierce barbarian he subdued,  
 To more exalted soul he raised the Man.

Ye shades of ancient heroes, ye who toll'd  
 Through long successive ages to build up  
 A labouring plan of state, behold at once  
 The wonder done ! behold the matchless prince !  
 Who left his native throne, where reign'd till then  
 A mighty shadow of unreal power ;  
 Who greatly spurn'd the slothful pomp of courts ;  
 And roaming every land, in every port



His sceptre laid aside, with glorious hand  
 Unwearied plying the mechanic tool,  
 Gather'd the seeds of trade, of useful arts,  
 Of civil wisdom, and of martial skill.  
 Charged with the stores of Europe, home he goes !  
 Then cities rise amid the illumined waste ;  
 O'er joyless deserts smiles the rural reign ;  
 Far distant flood to flood is social join'd ;  
 Th' astonish'd Euxine hears the Baltic roar ;  
 Proud navies ride on seas that never foam'd  
 With daring keel before ; and armies stretch  
 Each way their dazzling files, repressing here  
 The ~~Antic~~ <sup>Antic</sup> Alexander of the north,  
 And awing there stern Othman's shrinking sons.  
 Sloth flies the land, and ignorance, and vice,  
 Of old dishonour' proud : it glows around,  
 Taught by the Royal Hand that roused the whole,  
 One scene of arts, of arms, of rising trade :  
 For what his wisdom plann'd, and power enforced,  
 More potent still, his great example show'd.

Muttering, the winds at eve, with blunted point,  
 Blow hollow-blustering from the south. Subdued,  
 The frost resolves into a trickling thaw.  
 Spotted the mountains shine ; loose sleet descends,  
 And floods the country round. The rivers swell,  
 Of bonds impatient. Sudden from the hills,  
 O'er rocks and woods, in broad brown cataracts,  
 A thousand snow-fed torrents shoot at once ;  
 And, where they rush, the wide resounding plain  
 Is left one slimy waste. These sullen seas,  
 That wash the ungenial pole, will rest no more  
 Beneath the shackles of the mighty north ;  
 But rousing all their waves, resistless heave.  
 And hark ! the lengthening roar continuous runs  
 Athwart the rifted deep : at once it bursts,  
 And piles a thousand mountains to the clouds.—  
 Ill fares the bark with trembling wretches charged,  
 That, toss'd amid the floating fragments, moors  
 Beneath the shelter of an icy isle,  
 While night o'erwhelms the sea, and horror looks  
 More horrible. Can human force endure

Th' assembled mischiefs that besiege them round?  
Heart-gnawing hunger, fainting weariness,  
The roar of winds and waves, the crush of ice,  
Now ceasing, now renew'd with louder rage,  
And in dire echoes bellowing round the main.  
More to embroil the deep, Leviathan,  
And his unwieldy train, in dreadful sport,  
Tempest the loosen'd brine; while through the gloom,  
Far from the bleak inhospitable shore,  
Loading the winds, is heard the hungry howl  
Of famish'd monsters, there awaiting wrecks.  
Yet Providence, that ever-waking eye,  
Looks down with pity on the feeble toil  
Of mortals lost to hope; and lights them safe,  
Through all this dreary labyrinth of Fate.

'Tis done! dread Winter spreads his latest glooms,  
And reigns tremendous o'er the conquer'd year.  
How dead the vegetable kingdom lies!  
How dumb the tuneful! Horror wide extends  
His desolate domain. Behold, fond man!  
See here thy pictured life!—Pass some few years,  
Thy flowering Spring, thy Summer's ardent strength;  
Thy sober Autumn fading into age—  
And pale concluding Winter comes at last,  
And shuts the scene. Ah! whither now are fled  
Those dreams of greatness? those unsolid hopes  
Of happiness? those longings after fame?  
Those restless cares? those busy bustling days?  
Those gay-spent festive nights? those veering thoughts  
Lost between good and ill, that shared thy life?  
All now are vanish'd! Virtue sole survives,  
Immortal, never-failing friend of man,  
His guide to happiness on high. And see!  
'Tis come, the glorious morn! the second birth  
Of heaven and earth! awakening nature hears  
The new-creating word, and starts to life,  
In every heightened form, from pain and death  
For ever free. The great eternal scheme,  
Involving all, and in a perfect whole  
Uniting, as the prospect wider spreads,  
To reason's eye refin'd clears up apace.

Ye vainly wise ! ye blind presumptuous ! now,  
Confounded in the dust, adore that Power,  
And Wisdom oft arraign'd : see now the cause,  
Why unassuming worth in secret lived,  
And died, neglected : why the good man's share  
In life was gall and bitterness of soul :  
Why the lone widow and her orphans pined  
In starving solitude ; while luxury,  
In palaces, lay straining her low thought,  
To form unreal wants : why heaven-born truth,  
And moderation fair, wore the red marks  
Of prostitution's scourge : why licensed pain,  
That cruel spoiler, that embosom'd foe,  
Imbitters all our bliss.—Ye good distress'd !  
Ye noble few ! who here unbending stand  
Beneath life's pressure, yet bear up a while ;  
And what your bounded view, which only saw  
A little part, deem'd evil, is no more :  
The storms of Wintry time will quickly pass,  
And one unbounded Spring encircle all.

## A HYMN.

---

THESE, as they change, Almighty Father ! these,  
Are but the varied God. The rolling year  
Is full of Thee. Forth in the pleasing Spring  
Thy beauty walks, Thy tenderness and love.  
Wide flush the fields; the softening air is balm;  
Echo the mountains : the forest smiles ;  
And every sense, and every heart is joy.  
Then comes Thy glory in the Summer-months,  
With light and heat refulgent. Then Thy sun  
Shoots full perfection through the swelling year :  
And oft Thy voice in dreadful thunder speaks ;  
And oft at dawn, deep noon, or falling eve,  
By brooks and groves, in hollow-whispering gales.  
Thy bounty shines in Autumn unconfined,  
And spreads a common feast for all that lives.  
In Winter awful Thou ! with clouds and storms  
Around Thee thrown, tempest o'er tempest roll'd,  
Majestic darkness ! on the whirlwind's wing,  
Riding sublime, Thou bidst the world adore,  
And humblest Nature with thy northern blast.  
Mysterious round ! what skill, what force divine,  
Deep felt, in these appear ! a simple train,  
Yet so delightful mix'd, with such kind art,  
Such beauty and beneficence combined ;  
Shade, unperceived, so softening into shade ;  
And all so forming an harmonious whole ;  
That, as they still succeed, they ravish still.  
But wandering of, with brute unconscious gaze,  
Man marks not Thee, marks not the mighty hand,  
That, ever busy, wheels the silent spheres ;  
Works in the secret deep ; shoots, steaming, thence  
The fair profusion that o'erspreads the Spring :

Flings from the sun direct the flaming day;  
 Feeds every creature; hurls the tempest forth;  
 And, as on earth this grateful change revolves,  
 With transport touches all the springs of life.

Nature, attend! join every living soul,  
 Beneath the spacious temple of the sky,  
 In adoration join; and, ardent, raise  
 One general song! To him, ye vocal gales,  
 Breathe soft; whose Spirit in your freshness breathes:  
 Oh! talk of him in solitary glooms!

Where, o'er the rock, the scarcely-waving pine  
 In the brown shade with a religious awe.

Thou, whose bolder note is heard afar,  
 Who shake the astonish'd world, lift high to heaven  
 Th' impetuous song, and say from whom you rage.  
 His praise, ye brooks, attune, ye trembling rills;  
 And let me catch it as I muse along.

Ye headlong torrents, rapid, and profound;  
 Ye softer floods, that lead the humid maze  
 Along the vale; and thou, majestic main,  
 A secret world of wonders in thyself,  
 Sound His stupendous praise; whose greater voice  
 Or bids you roar, or bids your roarings fall.

Soft roll your incense, herbs, and fruits, and flowers,  
 In mingled clouds to Him; whose sun exalts,  
 Whose breath perfumes you, and whose pencil paints.  
 Ye forests bend, ye harvests wave, to Him;  
 Breathe your still song into the reaper's heart,  
 As home he goes beneath the joyous moon.

Ye that keep watch in heaven, as earth asleep  
 Unconscious lies, effuse your mildest beams,  
 Ye constellations, while your angels strike,  
 Amid the spangled sky, the silver lyre.

Great source of day! best image here below  
 Of thy Creator, ever pouring wide,  
 From world to world, the vital ocean round;  
 On Nature write with every beam His praise.  
 The thunder rolls: be hush'd the prostrate world;  
 While cloud to cloud returns the solemn hymn.  
 Bleat out afresh: ye hills, ye mossy rocks,

Retain the sound : the broad responsive low,  
 Ye vallies, raise : for the Great Shepherd reigns ;  
 And his unsuffering kingdom yet will come.

Ye woodlands all, awake : a boundless song  
 Bursts from the groves ! and when the restless day,  
 Expiring, lays the warbling world asleep,  
 Sweetest of birds ! sweet Philomela ! charm  
 The listening shades, and teach the night His praise.  
 Ye chief, for whom the whole creation smiles,  
 At once the head, the heart, and tongue of all,  
 Crown the great hymn ! in swarming cities vast,  
 Assembled men, to the deep organ join  
 The long resounding voice, oft-breaking clear,  
 At solemn pauses, through the swelling bass ;  
 And, as each mingling flame increases each,  
 In one united ardour rise to heaven.

Or if you rather choose the rural shade,  
 And find a fane in every sacred grove ;  
 There let the shepherd's flute, the virgin's lay,  
 The prompting seraph, and the poet's lyre,  
 Still sing the GOD OF SEASONS, as they roll !  
 For me, when I forget the darling theme,  
 Whether the blossom blows, the Summer ray  
 Russets the plain, inspiring Autumn gleams,  
 Or Winter rises in the blackening east ;  
 Be my tongue mute, may Fancy paint no more,  
 And, dead to joy, forget my heart to beat !

Should Fate command me to the farthest verge  
 Of the green earth, to distant barb'rous climes,  
 Rivers unknown to song, where first the sun  
 Gilds Indian mountains, or his setting beam  
 Flames on th' Atlantic isles ; 'tis nought to me :  
 Since God is ever present, ever felt,  
 In the void waste, as in the city full ;  
 And where He vital breathes, there must be joy.  
 When even at last the solemn hour shall come,  
 And wing my mystic flight to future worlds,  
 I cheerful will obey ; there, with new powers,  
 Will rising wonders sing : I cannot go  
 Where Universal Love not smiles around,

Sustaining all yon orbs and all their sons;

From *seeming evil* still educing good,

And *better* thence again, and *better* still,

In infinite progression. But I lose

Myself in Him, in Light ineffable !

Come then, expressive Silence, muse His praise.

THE END.





